**Situation Update**

- The UN-backed Government of National Accord (GNA), first proposed on 19 January 2016, has not yet been ratified formally by Libyan institutions. Presently, there is a debate as to the procedure for endorsing the GNA.
- A Temporary Security Committee (TSC) has been established. It was formed through the collaboration of a delegation of the Presidency Council and the UN Support Mission in Libya (UNSMIL). The European Union Liaison Planning Cell (EULPC) is also participating. The TSC is tasked with planning security inside Libya, with an initial focus on Tripoli, as the designated seat of the GNA.
- According to the latest Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP) published in November 2015, there are approximately 435,000 internally displaced people in Libya. According to the HRP, 1.28 million people at risk of food insecurity in Libya, of which 210,000 are in need of food assistance.
- The conflict and lack of security within Libya and along its borders has led to a greater number of refugees and migrants using the country as an exit point to reach Europe. Libya currently hosts an estimated 250,000 vulnerable refugees, asylum seekers and migrants from North and sub-Saharan Africa.
- In March, the International Organisation for Migration released the January to February 2016 Displacement Tracking Matrix 5 (DTM). The DTM revealed that the majority of the displacement during this period originated from Benghazi, Tawergha, Tripoli and Sirte areas.
- Collaborating with UNHCR, WFP plans to provide food assistance to up to 40,000 refugees and asylum seekers, registered through UNHCR, in addition to the 170,000 IDPs and vulnerable members of host communities.

**In Numbers**

- **6.2 million** total population (World Bank)
- **2.4 million** people affected (HRP)
- **435,000** people displaced (HRP)
- **210,000** people targeted for WFP food assistance. (WFP)

**Highlights**

- During February, WFP reached close to 49,000 beneficiaries through its cooperating partner (CP) for eastern Libya, LibAid. In March, due to funding shortfalls, WFP was only able to distribute just over 112 mt of food, reaching 10,205 beneficiaries.

**Beneficiaries**

- 58% women
- 42% men

**Funding Update**

**Requirements EMOP 200925**

USD 29.5 million (January 2016-December 2016)

**Net Funding Shortfall**

USD 5.6 million (until end of September 2016)
WFP Response

- WFP’s CP LibAid distributed food assistance to beneficiaries in eastern Libya during the first quarter of 2016. As part of this assistance, LibAid distributed 773 mt of food assistance to 48,870 beneficiaries in and around Benghazi in February.

- WFP was planning to reach 110,000 beneficiaries in March. However, due to funding shortfalls WFP was unable to support that number of beneficiaries. WFP reached 10,205 beneficiaries in and around Benghazi with 122 mt of food, some 9 percent of the planned number for the month.

Food Assistance

- The beneficiaries receive a food basket that includes rice, pasta, chickpeas, wheat flour, vegetable oil, tomato paste and sugar. The food basket represents 75 percent of a person’s daily nutritional requirement (1,560 kcal per person per day). The monthly entitlement is packaged for a household of five people in two parcels.

- As a follow up to the June-July 2015 Multi-Sector Needs Assessment (MSNA), in February 2016, REACH released an update of the MNSA. This update included findings on food security for eastern Libya. It indicated a deterioration of the food security in eastern Libya.

Logistics

- WFP Logistics has successfully coordinated the transportation and delivery of a number of food consignments, primarily from Turkey and Egypt, into the east and west of Libya. STACO deliveries to the west and south of Libya from 21 December to the end of February amounted to 1,303 mt. LibAid distributions to eastern Libya from 27 January until mid-March amounted to 997 mt.

- A delivery of 470.6 mt of food commodities reached Sfax Port, Tunisia on 29 March and is currently being prepared for dispatch into Libya, for distributions in western and southern Libya.

Partnerships

- WFP works with two CP inside Libya: STACO, who distribute food assistance in the west and south and LibAid, who distribute in the east.

- WFP is working with a third-party monitor, Voluntas (formerly known as JMW Consulting), to provide updated information on CP distributions inside Libya. The monitors oversee planned distributions and collect in-country food security data in eastern, western and southern Libya.

Resourcing Update

- WFP Libya has a net funding shortfall of USD 5.6 million until the end of September 2016 and a shortfall of USD 15.5 million for the year. As of 21 March, WFP had received 11.5 percent of its gross needs for 2016. WFP is processing these funds in order to procure food for upcoming distributions.

- WFP experienced a shortfall in resourcing for February, and again faced a shortfall in March, with a food pipeline break occurring.

Contacts

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### WFP Operation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EMOP</th>
<th>Total Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>Total Received (in USD)</th>
<th>6 Months Net Funding Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>People Reached (current distribution cycle)</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assistance to People Affected by the Crisis in Libya (01 Jan 2016 — 31 Dec 2016)</td>
<td>29.5 m</td>
<td>8 m</td>
<td>5.6 m</td>
<td>59,075</td>
<td>34,263</td>
<td>24,811</td>
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