

## SITUATION OVERVIEW

More than 2.1 million people have fled their homes since fighting broke out in December 2013, with over 1.54 million displaced inside South Sudan. Nearly 137,000 people are currently sheltering in Protection of Civilians (PoC) sites. This is an increase of nearly 34,000 people since January 2015.

The conflict and economic stress have dramatically deepened existing vulnerabilities. An estimated 4.6 million people will face severe food insecurity by July 2015. This is the highest number of people at crisis or emergency levels of food insecurity since the start of the conflict. Also, the nutrition situation is worsening and one in three children under 5 suffers acute malnutrition in the worst-hit areas of Greater Upper Nile, Warrap & Northern Bahr el Ghazal.

The Humanitarian Response Plan for 2015 aims to reach some 4.6 million people with humanitarian assistance. As of 15 June, some US\$663 million had been secured, equivalent to 41 per cent of the total requirement of \$1.63 billion.

The objectives of the aid operation are to save lives and alleviate suffering; protect the rights of the most vulnerable, including their freedom of movement; and protect, restore and promote livelihoods

## KEY FIGURES

People to be assisted

**4.6 million** people by Dec 2015



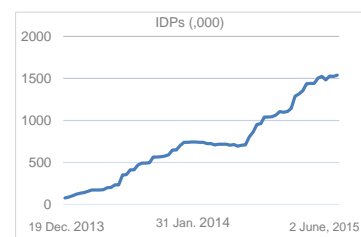
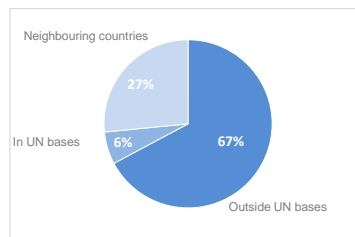
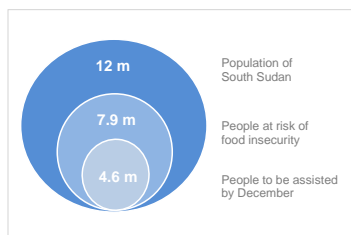
Displaced people

**2.1 million** people as of 02 June



Internal displacement

**1.54 million** people as of 02 June



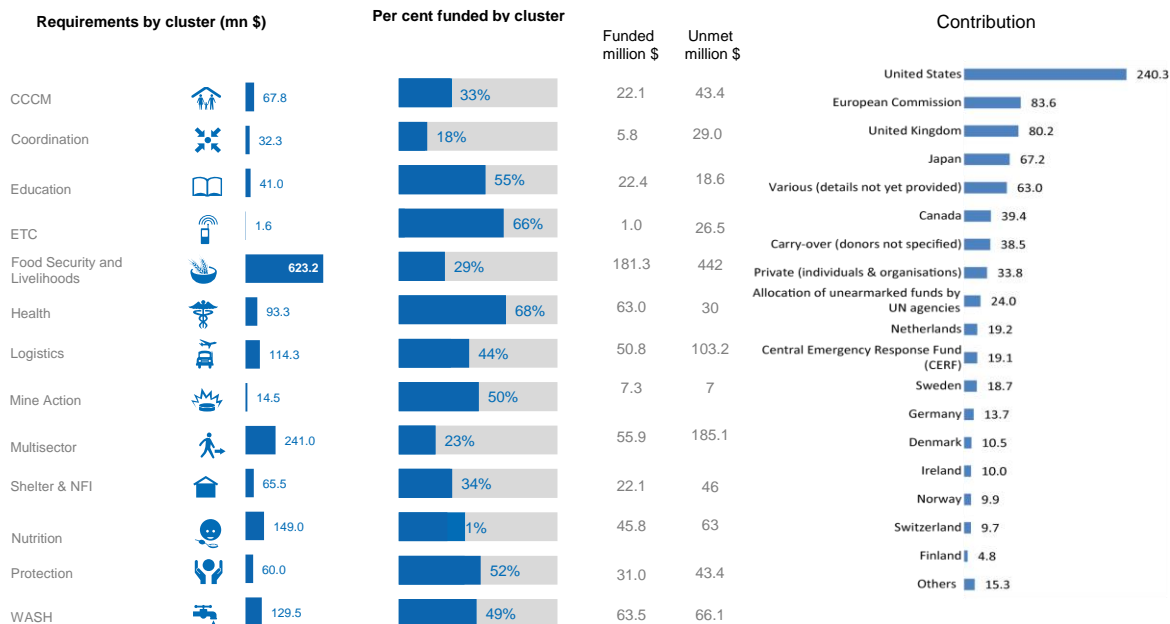
The total number of people displaced is likely higher, as aid agencies have limited information about displacement outside main population centres. Figures of displacement outside UN bases have in most cases not been independently verified by humanitarian partners because of security concerns.

## FUNDING: South Sudan Humanitarian Response Plan (Jan - Dec 2015)

**\$ 1.63 billion**  
REQUESTED (US\$)

**41%**  
FUNDED

**\$ 663 million**  
RECEIVED (US\$)



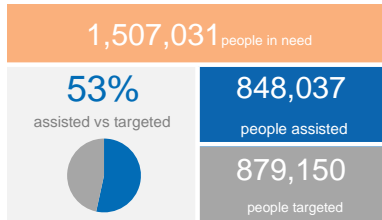
\*Estimated population (based on 2008 census, returns, refugees in-country and population growth). The funding figures are from www.fts.org as of 15 June 2015. The dashboard is based on the best available data at the time of issue. Figures for people in need and targeted are changing rapidly due to the fluid situation.

## STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

1. Save lives and alleviate suffering by providing multi-sector assistance to people in need
2. Protect the rights of the most vulnerable people, including their freedom of movement
3. Improve self-reliance and coping capacities of people in need by protecting, restoring and promoting their livelihoods

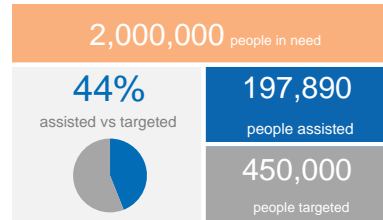
## CLUSTER OVERVIEW AS OF 30<sup>th</sup> APRIL

### CCCM



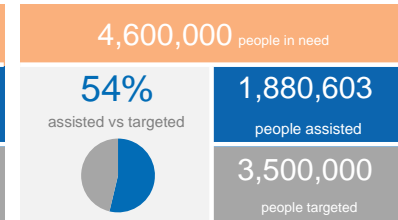
Number of people in PoCs, Collective Centers and Spontaneous Settlements covered by DTM CCCM: Camp Coordination and Camp Management

### EDUCATION



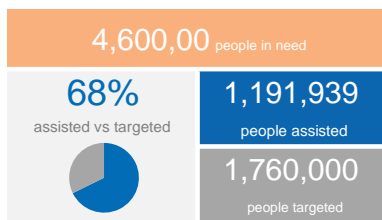
Number of children accessing Education in Emergencies (through accessing established, rehabilitated or constructed learning spaces)

### FSL



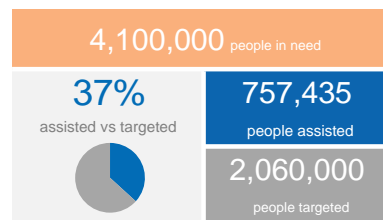
Number people assisted with food and conditional/unconditional cash transfers and livelihood inputs  
FSL : Food Security and livelihood

### HEALTH

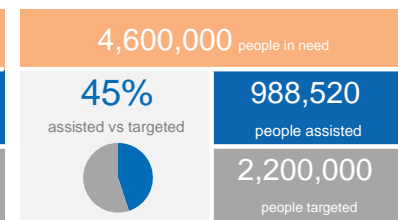


Number of outpatient consultations in conflict-affected and other vulnerable states

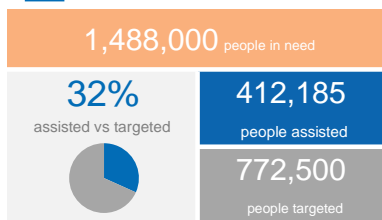
### NUTRITION



### PROTECTION

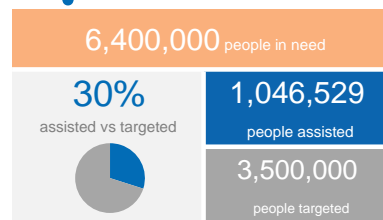


### NFI/ES



NFI/ES: Non Food Item and Emergency Shelter

### WASH



WASH : Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

### ETC



ETC : Emergency Telecommunication

### LOGISTICS



### MINE ACTION

