Violence persisted in many parts of the country in July with seasonal flooding compounding existing humanitarian needs. Sub-national violence in Jonglei and the Greater Pibor Administrative Area (GPAA) continued with attacks in Bor South, Duk and Twic East counties, causing civilian casualties and displacing an estimated 40,000 people. About 73,000 people remained displaced in the GPAA since June as fighting persisted, with women and children reportedly abducted, cattle raided and humanitarian facilities, government buildings and homes destroyed. Continued insecurity hindered assessments and delayed the response to people’s needs. Thousands of displaced people sought refuge in the United Nations Mission in South Sudan Area Adjacent site in Pibor town. Many others took shelter in Bor and Pibor areas or hid in nearby bush. In Tonj North County, Warrap, more than 19,000 people were displaced by sub-national violence and revenge attacks. Attacks on civilians by the National Salvation Front and the combined forces of South Sudan People’s Defense Forces and Sudan People’s Liberation Army-in-Opposition were reported in Mundri East and West counties, Western Equatoria. Floods hit Awerial County in Lakes; Bor South and Twic East counties in Jonglei; Mayendit County in Unity; Renk County in Upper Nile; Tonj East County in Warrap, displacing tens of thousands of people, including some 50,000 people in Bor town and Twic East. By the end of July, 2,322 people were confirmed with COVID-19 in South Sudan.

KEY FIGURES

- **7.5M** People in need
- **1.60M** Internally displaced people
- **181K** IDPs in protection of civilians sites
- **2.26M** South Sudanese refugees
- **301K** Refugees in South Sudan
- **6.48M** Severely food insecure (MAY-JUL)
- **352K** Malnourished women (JAN-DEC)
- **1.3M** Malnourished children (JAN-DEC)

DISPLACEMENT AND HOTSPOTS

- **3.86M** people displaced
- **2.26M** South Sudanese refugees
- **1.60M** IDPs

IPC ACUTE FOOD INSECURITY (MAY-JUL)

- **IPC Phase 1 (Minimal)**
- **IPC Phase 2 (Stressed)**
- **IPC Phase 3 (Crisis)**
- **IPC Phase 4 (Emergency)**
- **IPC Phase 5 (Catastrophe/Famine)**

STAPLE FOOD PRICE TREND

- 3.5 kg of white sorghum (Juba, Central Equatoria)
- South Sudanese pounds

The administrative boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not been determined. Final Status of Abyei area is not yet determined.

Date: 14 August 2020  |  Sources: OCHA, FAO, IOM, DTM, UNHCR, WFP, VAM, IPC, TWG, Ministry of Health  |  reliefweb.int/country/ssd  |  southsudan.humanitarianresponse.info  |  reports.unocha.org/south-sudan  |  @OCHASouthSudan