The Somalia Floods Response Plan, November 2019 to January 2020 estimates the total number of people affected by the floods at 547,000, of whom 370,000 were displaced.

In Belet Weyne district, an estimated 45,500 households (273,000 people) have fled their homes. Farmland, infrastructure and roads have been destroyed in some of the worst-hit areas in Hirshabelle, Jubaland and South West States. At least 17 deaths have been reported.

**Key Figures**

- 550,000 People affected
- 370,000 People displaced
- 200,000 Targeted for health assistance

**Health Requirements**

- $4.5m

**Funding Received for health**

- $1.84m
- $2.66m Health funding Gap

**Partners Responding**

- WHO, MoH and INTERSOS are maintaining three integrated ERTs supporting the provision of basic life-saving health services people in IDP camps and host communities. RI launched a mobile health team to serve El-Jale IDP settlement, where most of the displaced people settled. routine distribution of clean delivery kits, blankets and mosquito nets for PLW is ongoing.

MedAir is disseminating health education messages to promote awareness on water-borne disease prevention and care. With support from UNICEF/Global Fund, HIRDA is implementing a malaria project and will start mass, door-to-door distribution of 30,200 mosquito nets to 8 of the most affected villages.

UNFPA, through its partners on ground has scaled up emergency SRH services in Hiraan, Middle Shabelle, Bay, Bakool and Gedo. The response also includes distribution of emergency RH kits to prevent excess maternal mortality and morbidity. RI has deployed PFA-trained community workers and will construct temporary safe spaces for women and girls, provide psychosocial support and refer GBV survivors to CMR services.

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**Ongoing response**

**DATA SOURCES**

- Flood Extent Layers: UNOSAT / HDX
- Admin. Boundary layers: UNDP Somalia / HDX
- Roads, Airports and Waterways Layers: Humanitarian OpenStreetMap Team
- Food. Response & Funding: Health Cluster Partners & OCHA.

**DISCLAIMER**

The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Somalia Health Cluster concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

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