

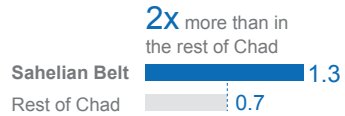
Chad presents a broad range of complex humanitarian challenges. Successive waves of instability and conflict in neighbouring countries have caused large-scale population movements into Chad, which now hosts the seventh highest number of refugees worldwide. Alongside the refugee crisis are long-standing and chronic humanitarian needs linked to poverty and underdevelopment. Food insecurity and malnutrition affect millions of people, particularly in the Sahelian belt.

1 FOOD INSECURITY AND MALNUTRITION

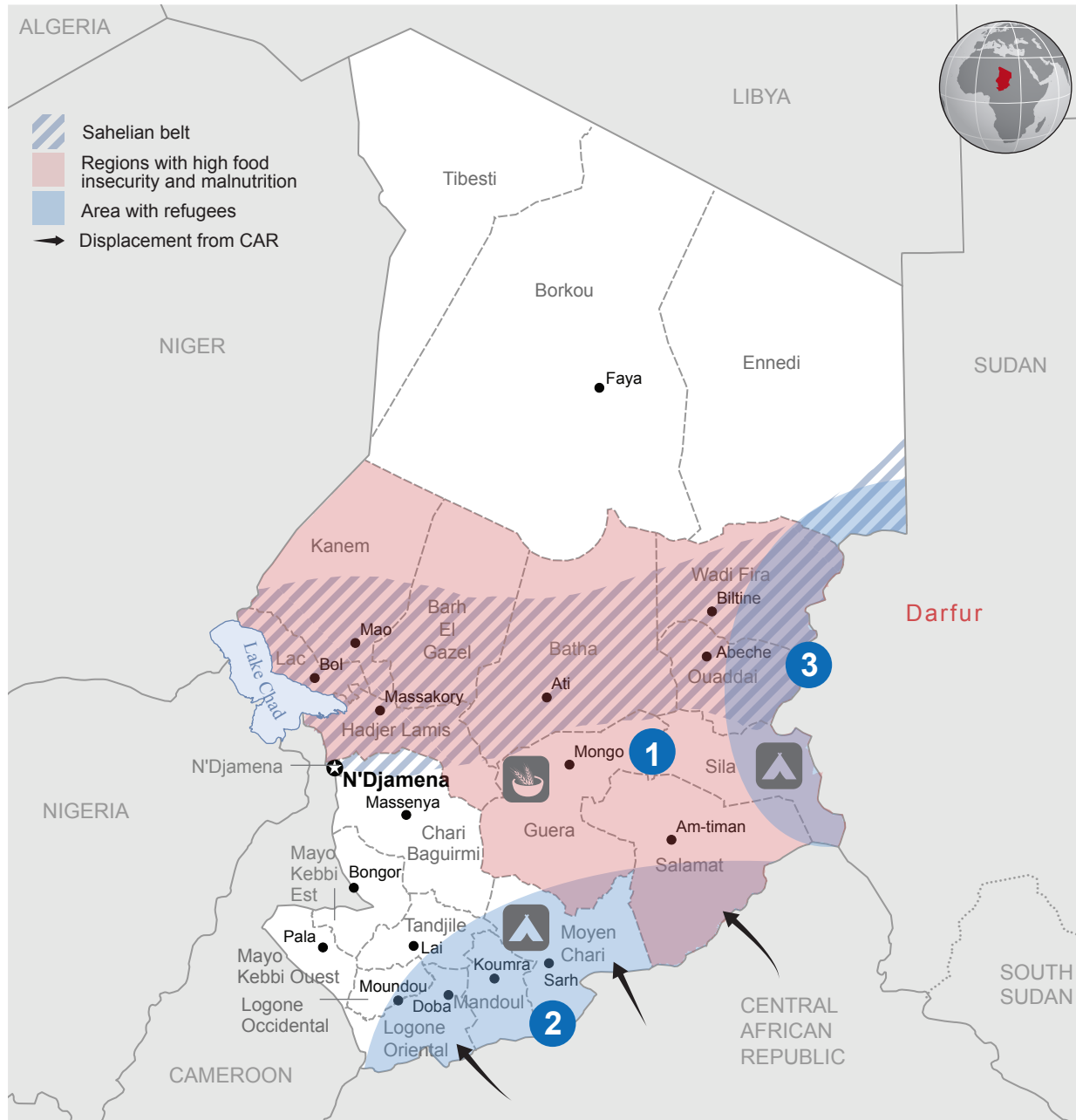
2 million people affected by food insecurity



Food insecurity in the Sahelian belt (in millions of people)



145,000 severely malnourished children in 2013



REFUGEES

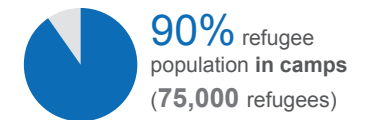
441,000 refugees in Chad (as of 28 Feb 2014)



Sudan + CAR = 99% of refugees in Chad

2 REFUGEES AND RETURNEES FROM CAR

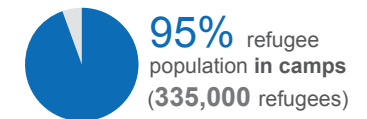
84,000 refugees (as of 28 Feb 2014) including an estimated **13,000** refugees since the beginning of the crisis in Dec 2013



97,000 Chadian and third country nationals returning from CAR (as of 30 Apr 2014)

3 REFUGEES FROM SUDAN

356,000 refugees (as of 31 Mar 2014)

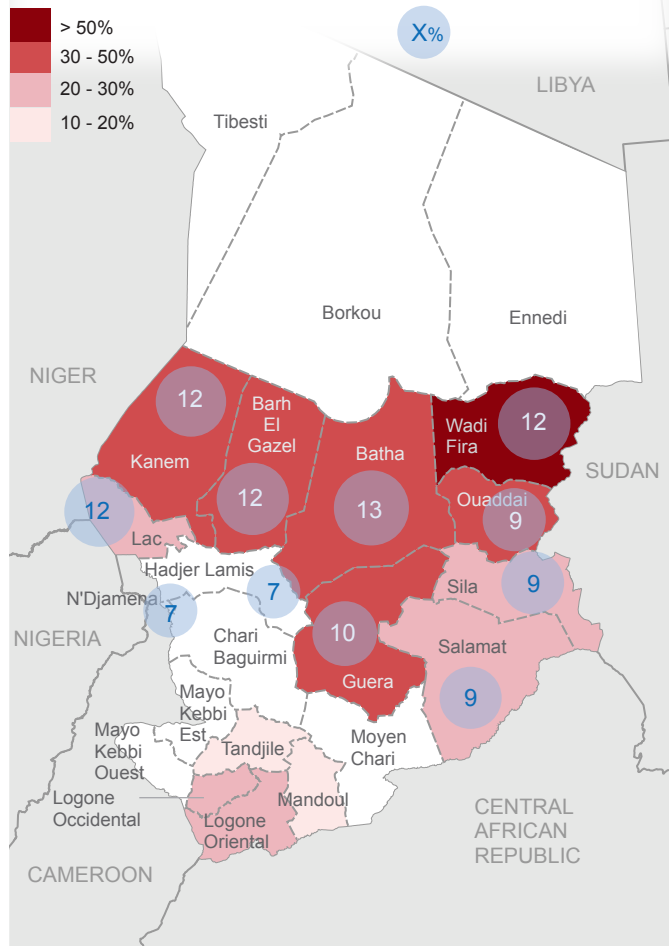


1 FOOD INSECURITY AND MALNUTRITION

The level of food security has been deteriorating and could reach a crisis level (phase 3 on the Consumer Price Index) in the medium term for Wadi Fira and Barh El Gazel regions (USAID). As a result, UNICEF has registered more than 63,000 cases of malnutrition since the beginning of 2014, mostly located in the Sahelian belt.

2 million food insecure people **63,000** malnourished children in 2014

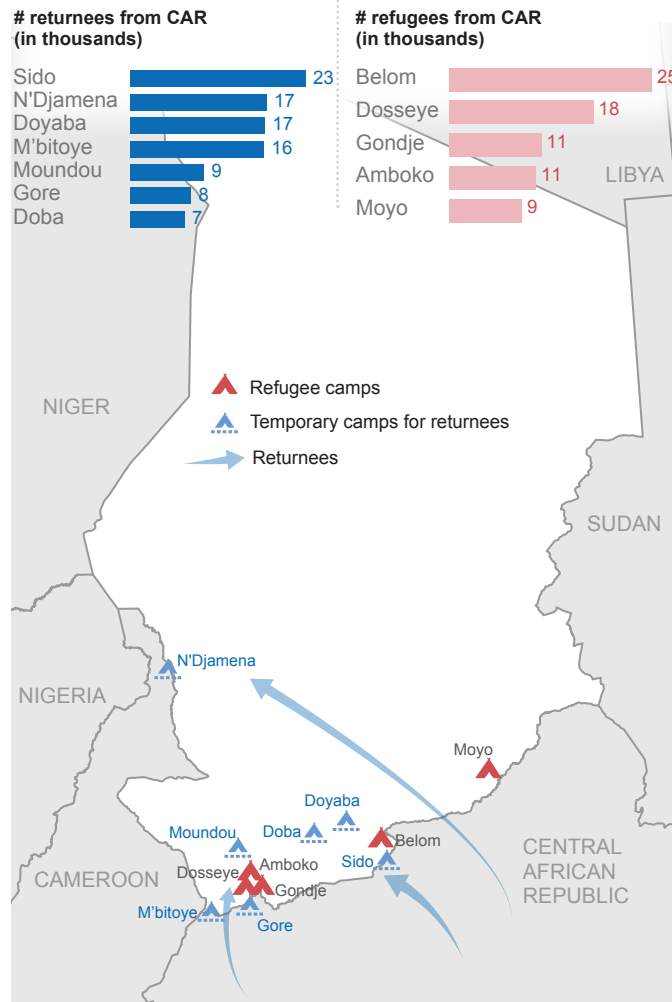
% rural population affected by food insecurity (as of October 2013) % children < 5 years old suffering malnutrition (as of February 2014)



2 REFUGEES AND RETURNEES FROM CAR

Refugees fleeing insecurity in the Central African Republic put pressure on host communities that were already affected by malnutrition. Unlike other neighbouring countries, the majority of the influx is made up of Chadian nationals. At the end of March 2014, over 61,000 returnees were being hosted in seven temporary camps in the South and the capital.

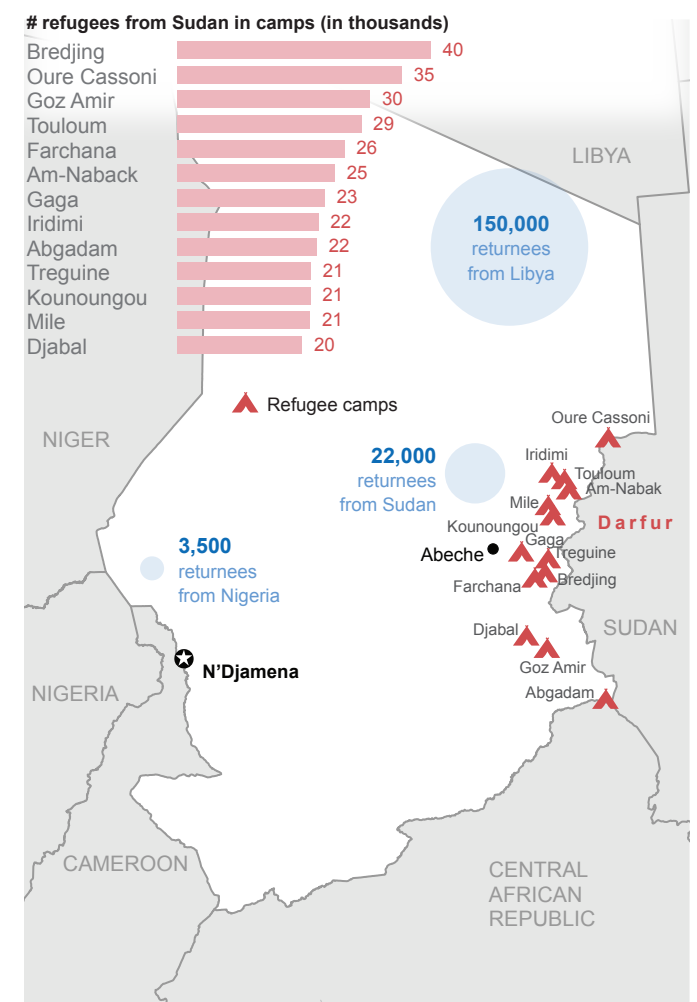
Over **97,000** returnees **75,000** refugees in camps



3 REFUGEES FROM SUDAN AND OTHER RETURNEES

Coming from Sudan, a large number of Darfuri refugees have crossed into Chad since January 2013, joining the ranks of the 335,000 Sudanese refugees hosted in 13 refugee camps. Tension and conflicts in Libya and Nigeria have also forced tens of thousands of Chadian migrants to return to Chad, often with empty hands.

335,000 refugees from Sudan in camps



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. Final status of the Abyei area is not yet determined.