Overview
Quneitra governorate is a largely agricultural governorate located in southern Syria in the Syrian Golan Heights. Before the military offensive on southern Syria in June 2018, Quneitra hosted many internally displaced people (IDPs) and saw many spontaneous returns to the governorate. However, the military offensive on south Syria has resulted in many changes in the conditions of Quneitra, including temporary, large-scale displacement to the area at the time of the offensive and some small movements out of the governorate following the reconciliation agreements. This factsheet reflects the state of education in Quneitra before this offensive. It is likely that the increased insecurity during the south Syria offensive had a negative impact on access to and quality of education in Quneitra governorate. Following the offensive and a reduction in hostilities, shifts in the educational system may present additional barriers to education.

In the framework of the Whole of Syria Education Sector, REACH conducted an assessment of access and quality of education in opposition-held areas of northeast, northwest and south Syria to inform the 2019 Humanitarian Needs Overview (HNO) and Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP). Findings in this factsheet were drawn from a randomly selected sample of 369 households and 60 schools surveyed across four sub-districts in Quneitra governorate. Data was collected from 7 May to 21 June 2018.

Household survey findings are representative at the sub-district level with a 95% confidence level and 10% margin of error. School survey findings are indicative. Findings presented in this factsheet are based on household surveys unless noted otherwise. All findings pertain to the four assessed sub-districts during the 2017/2018 school year.

Demographics
Distribution of children in assessed households by age and gender

- 9% of households were female-headed.
- 20% of households consisted of average age of 7 individuals, among whom 2 children aged 3 to 17.

Population Groups
Displacement status of children (aged 3-17) in assessed households:
- Residents: 87%
- IDPs: 12%

Out of the 12% of displaced children, 53% were found to be displaced from Dar’a governorate.¹

Access to Education
Total Net Attendance²
Percentage of pre-primary aged children (aged 3-5) that attended early childhood education or primary school:
- Girls: 28%
- Boys: 45%

89% of pre-primary aged children attended non-formal education.

Key Findings
This assessment found that total net attendance rates in assessed sub-districts in Quneitra governorate were higher than other parts of the country. The need for children to work and help their family was the top barrier facing out-of-school school-aged children in assessed sub-districts in Quneitra governorate. Early marriage was also cited as a common barrier to attendance for older children. The most urgent need reported in assessed sub-districts in Quneitra governorate was ensuring safety and security for children and teachers.

Percentage of primary school-aged children (aged 6-11) that attended school:
- Girls: 99%
- Boys: 100%

99% of primary school-aged children that attended school attended formal education.

Percentage of secondary school-aged children (aged 12-17) that attended school:
- Girls: 93%
- Boys: 83%

99% of secondary school-aged children that attended school attended formal education.

Grade and Age
Percentage of primary school-aged students (aged 6-11) that attended the correct grade for their age:
- Girls: 97% Correct grade
- Boys: 96% Correct grade

On average, 97% of primary school-aged students attended the correct grade for their age.

Percentage of secondary school-aged students (aged 12-17) that attended the correct grade for their age:
- Girls: 97% Correct grade
- Boys: 92% Correct grade

On average, 94% of secondary school-aged students attended the correct grade for their age.

¹ Origins of displaced children should be considered indicative due to the small number of displaced children in the sample population.
² The total net attendance rate is the total number of students of the official age group for a given level of education who attended school at any level of education, expressed as a percentage of the corresponding population. The household survey asked “At any time during the current school year (2017-2018) did the person attend school or any early childhood education care programme?”.
Households reported that a child attended school even if they only attended part of the school year.
Barriers to Education

Barriers to Attendance for Out-of-School Children

Most commonly reported barriers for children aged 5-14:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Households</th>
<th>Schools</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Child needs to work/help family</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of transportation</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor quality of teaching</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<tbody>
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</tr>
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<td>Early marriage</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School is destroyed, damaged, or occupied</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Quality of Education

School Certification and Curriculum

Percentage of school-aged children that received certification with completion of grade/degree in each sub-district:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-district</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Al-Khashniyyeh</td>
<td>99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khan Arnaba</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quneitra</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

98% of children attending school used the Government of Syria Curriculum.

Teacher Certification and Training

Percentage of teachers certified prior to teaching:

54%

Percentage of teachers who received professional development training in 2017/2018:

3%

Teacher Salaries and Sources of Compensation

79% of teachers received financial compensation, of which 93% received it on a regular basis in the form of salaries or incentives.

Sources of teacher compensation:

- 67% Government of Syria
- 15% Education Directorate
- 4% Non-governmental organisations
- 14% Other

* The most commonly reported educational needs and barriers to education are calculated using the percentage of households that report each need/barrier in their list of top three needs/barriers.
* "Households" refers to data gathered through household surveys.
* "Schools" refers to data gathered through school surveys.
* Findings based on school surveys. Results should be considered indicative.

Access to Education (continued)

Repetition and Dropout

Percentage of primary school-aged children that repeated a grade at some point:

- Girls: 0%
- Boys: 7%

Percentage of secondary school-aged children that repeated a grade at some point:

- Girls: 1%
- Boys: 17%

7% of school-aged children (aged 5-17) repeated a grade at some point, and 1% of students dropped out in 2017/2018.

Functioning schools

- Functioning: 91%
- Not functioning: 9%

Of the functioning schools, 98% were public schools and 2% were private.

Educational Needs

Most Urgent Educational Needs

Most commonly reported urgent educational needs:

<table>
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<tr>
<td>Ensuring safety/security for children and teachers</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early childhood education care programme</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel for heating</td>
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School Supplies and Support

Percentage of children attending school with access to uniforms, shoes and bags in each sub-district:

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Percentage of children attending school that received tuition or material support in each sub-district:

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<td>30%</td>
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<td>64%</td>
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Overall, 20% of children attending school had access to school supplies and 25% received tuition or material support in 2017/2018.

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Percentage of households in assessed sub-districts that reported urgent educational needs in each category

Access to schools
Language and curriculum
Facilities and materials
Safety and wellbeing

Percentage of assessed households that reported urgent educational needs in each category

- 0.1 to 20% reporting
- 20.1 to 40% reporting
- 40.1 to 60% reporting
- 60.1 to 80% reporting
- 80.1 to 100% reporting
- Need not reported

For further information about responses included in the different needs categories, please refer to the report annex.

Contact: mena.reach@impact-initiatives.org

Note: Data, designations and boundaries contained on this map are not warranted to be error-free and do not imply acceptance by the REACH partners, associates or donors mentioned on this map.
Percentage of out-of-school children in assessed sub-districts facing barriers to attendance in each category

For further information about responses included in the different barrier categories, please refer to the report annex.

Contact: mena.reach@impact-initiatives.org

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