Roraima site profiling
Jardim Floresta
Boa Vista, Roraima State, Brazil

Lat. 2°49’48.63”N Long. 60°42’22.86”W

July 2018

Summary
Economic instability and civil unrest have led to the displacement of Venezuelans to neighboring countries, with more than 50,000 currently living in Brazil. This profile provides an overview of conditions in Jardim Floresta site. Population figures reported are based on registration data provided by UNHCR. Additional information collected through key informant interviews (KIIs) with actors working on the site has been used to supplement findings.

Site overview
- # of individuals: 557
- # of households: 194
- Date opened: 21/03/2018
- Planned capacity: 594

Demographics
- 46% male / 54% female
- Over 60: 1%
- 18 - 59: 33%
- 12 - 17: 4%
- 5 - 11: 8%
- 0 - 4: 8%

Location map

Who is doing what?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Agency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Management</td>
<td>AVSI (UNHCR partner)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety and Security</td>
<td>Military</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH*</td>
<td>Military, AVSI, ADRA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter</td>
<td>UNHCR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection</td>
<td>UNHCR, AVSI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Assistance</td>
<td>Military</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>Military, Health Ministry</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Military</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ITC</td>
<td>TSF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information Management</td>
<td>REACH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Water, sanitation and hygiene

Site infrastructure
- Registration
- Distribution area
- Storage
- Community space
- UNHCR tent
- Army office
- UNHCR office
- Army accommodation
- Health facility
- Sesc Dentistry
- Latrine container - men
- Latrine container - women
- Shower container - men
- Shower container - women
- Latrine - men
- Latrine - women
- Shower - men
- Shower - women
- Latrine non-functional - men
- Latrine non-functional - women
- Latrine inaccessible - women
- Latrine disabled
- Mixed latrine (administration)
- Latrine container - men
- Latrine container - women
- Shower non-functional - men
- Shower non-functional - women
- Potable water
- Potable water non-functional
- Entrance/Exit

Sectoral overview

Education
- % of children aged 6-14 enrolled in school: Target 100%, Last round 51%, Current round No information
- % of children aged 15-17 enrolled in school: Target 100%, Last round 4%, Current round No information

Health
- % of individuals fully vaccinated*: Target 100%, Last round 48%, Current round 47%
- % of pregnant women accessing pre-natal care: Target 100%, Last round No information, Current round No information

WASH
- # of persons per functional latrine: Target Max. 20, Last round 31, Current round 17
- # of persons per functional shower: Target Max. 20, Last round 46, Current round 35
- Frequency of solid waste disposal: Target Min. weekly, Last round 4/week, Current round 7/week

Shelter
- Average covered area per person: Target Min. 3.5m², Last round 3.8m², Current round 4.1m²
- % site overcrowding**: Target ≤5%, Last round 7%, Current round 0%

Protection
- Presence of child-friendly spaces: Target Yes, Last round No, Current round No
- Community groups established: Target Yes, Last round Yes, Current round Yes

Note: Latrine and Shower (Functional/Total # stalls)

* Water, sanitation and hygiene

* Percentage of individuals vaccinated for Yellow fever and Triple viral vaccine (MMR), based on available data. ** Calculated based on the planned capacity of the site.

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with UNHCR, Brazil.

REACH
The UN Refugee Agency
Most commonly reported health problems in site*:
- 50% Vaccination
  - 71% Yellow fever
  - 27% Triple viral vaccine (MMR)
  - 27% Diphtheria
  - 25% Pneumonia
  - 17% Upper Airway Infection

Vaccination*:
- 50% Yellow fever
  - 65% Over 60
  - 41% 18 - 59
  - 55% 12 - 17
  - 41% 5 - 11
  - 57% 0 - 4

- 71% Triple viral vaccine (MMR)
  - 74% Over 60
  - 67% 18 - 59
  - 67% 12 - 17
  - 64% 5 - 11
  - 64% 0 - 4

- 27% Diphtheria
  - 50% Over 60
  - 33% 18 - 59
  - 14% 12 - 17
  - 16% 5 - 11
  - 19% 0 - 4

*Based on available data.

Health Voluntary relocation programme

Individuals interested in the programme*
- Yes: 65% (258)
- No: 35% (171)

Top 5 professional background of interested individuals
- Craftsmanship or manual labour: 19% (49)
- Elementary occupations: 21% (46)
- Service and sales workers: 17% (29)
- Technicians: 37% (63)
- No occupation: 2% (3)

* Based on available data (460 individuals out of 557)

Entry and exit flow

Number of registered individuals per month:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Entry</th>
<th>Exit</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>April</td>
<td>309</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May</td>
<td>158</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>329</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>121</td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Voluntary relocation programme

Beneficiaries as of 31 July 2018

- Yes: 65% (258)
- No: 35% (171)

Socio-economic background

Education level (age 18+)
- Higher/technical: 19% (20%)
- Secondary: 66% (58%)
- Primary: 15% (18%)
- No education: 0% (4%)

Professional background (age 18+)
- Agricultural workers: 1% (0%)
- Craft and trade related workers: 20% (0%)
- Unskilled labour: 23% (27%)
- Service and sales workers: 15% (39%)
- Professionals: 4% (6%)
- Technicians/associated professionals: 33% (12%)
- No occupation: 4% (16%)

Endnote:
1 Unaccompanied or separated child, based on UNHCR definition.
2 Temporary document given to refugee status applicants while asylum claim is being analysed by local authorities.
3 Under the “Mercosur Residency Agreement”, Venezuelan nationals have the right to apply for temporary residency in Brazil, valid for two years.
4 Cadastro de Pessoa Fisica (individual taxpayer registry identification).
5 Carteira de Trabalho e Previdencia Social is a document granting access to labour rights for workers in Brazil.
6 Professional background based on International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) created by the International Labour Organization (ILO).
7 Programa de Interiorização (in Portuguese) is a government-led voluntary relocation programme, implemented with the support of UN agencies, that aims at facilitating the integration of Venezuelan asylum seekers and migrants in the Brazilian society and labour market. The programme includes transporting beneficiaries to other regions of the country and providing housing and support in their integration in host community and labour market.