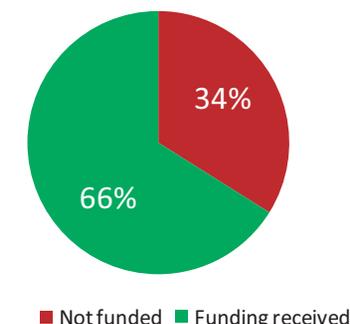


# Kenya Humanitarian Snapshot (September 2011)

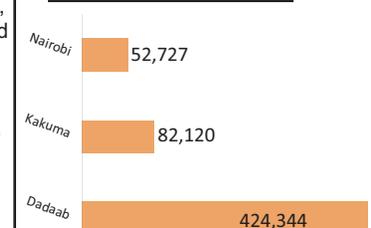


## EHRP 2011 Funding

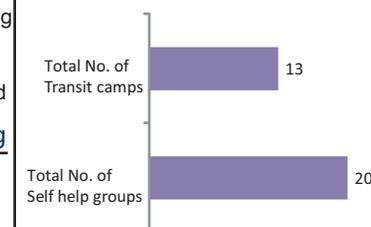
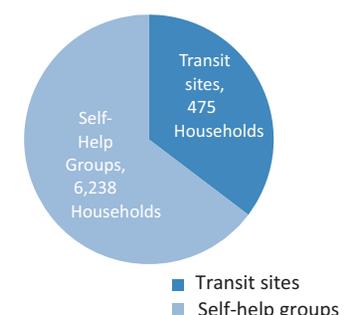
Total revised requirements for 2011:  
USD 740 Million



## Refugees in Camps



## Internally Displaced Population (IDPs)



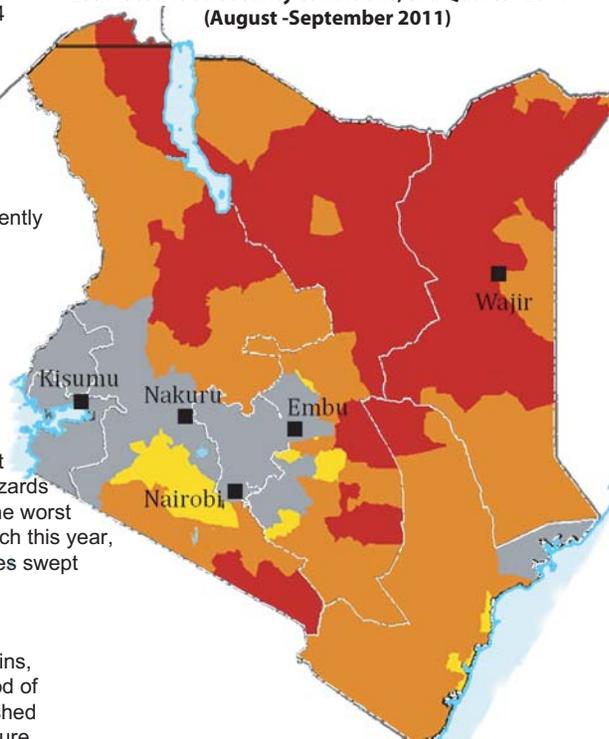
## Humanitarian Situation

Most parts of northern Kenya are likely to experience near-normal rainfall in the October-December 2011 Short Rains. In the coastal and southeastern lowlands as well as the central parts of Kenya, rainfall is expected to be enhanced with a potential for flooding. This has prompted humanitarian agencies to start developing contingency plans for floods. In the meantime drought impacts continue to affect livelihoods and food security for 3.75 million Kenyans. A regional Heads of State Summit on the Horn of Africa Crisis in September called partners to address root causes of vulnerability to address drought impacts.

## Food Security

Food insecure populations have increased from 2.4 million people in May to 3.75 million in September following a deterioration of drought conditions. The food Sector is working with the government of Kenya to target the whole affected population through one coordinated food pipeline. The Sector is also looking at a possible expansion of Blanket Supplementary Feeding (BSFP) to reach children under age 5 in certain worst-affected districts. Currently (BSFP) is targeting children under age 3. (Source: KFSSG LRA,WFP,MoSSP)

Estimated food security conditions, 3rd Quarter 2011 (August -September 2011)



### Acute Food Insecurity Phase

- None or Minimal
- Stressed
- Crisis
- Emergency
- Famine

Map data source(s): FEWNET: <http://www.fews.net/Pages/country.aspx?gb=ke&l=en>

Disclaimers: The designations employed on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

## Urban Vulnerability

More than 90 people have been killed in a pipeline blaze that engulfed hundreds of homes in one of Nairobi's slums on 12 September 2011. Hospital sources in Nairobi on 13 September confirmed that more than 80 people remained in critical state in hospital with severe burns. The affected settlement (slum) is erected on top of the fuel pipeline. Fire hazards are prominent in urban settings but this is termed the worst Kenya has faced in its history. In February and March this year, more than 25,000 people were displaced when fires swept through informal settlements.

## Agriculture and Livestock

The risk of flooding, especially in low lying river plains, where crops are grown and, after such a long period of drought, is likely to lead to fertile top soil being washed away. Livestock, already weakened by lack of pasture, water and trekking are also more susceptible to diseases and parasites with the onset of rains. There is need to support Government with its efforts to increase irrigated crop areas. 20-30% of Kenyan pastoralists have lost all their livestock due to drought (Source: Fewsnet, FAO)

## WASH

The Sector is working to ensure that over 200 schools have adequate water and sanitation facilities. The sector is currently reaching over 300,000 people in drought affected districts. Rapid Response and Maintenance teams have been repairing and maintaining boreholes. (Source: MoWI, UNICEF)

## Early Recovery

The Early Recovery Sector was reinvigorated in August 2011 and is working with various sectors to build long term resilience against drought through diversification and maximizing productivity of livelihoods, employment creation and improving economic and human security (Source: UNDP)

## Protection

There are increased cases of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (SEA) being reported in Turkana. Insufficient food and Non Food Items (NFIs) coupled with poorly planned distribution leads to increased vulnerability and an increased risk of SEA. A platform has been created to strengthen protection from sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA) across all sectors. 26 focal points and personnel from UN, Government Departments, Civil Society and NGOs have been trained on PSEA. (Source: UNHCR, UNICEF, IOM, KRCS)

## Refugees

The total refugee population in Kenya is estimated at 568,298, out of whom 434,223 refugees are hosted in the Dadaab refugee complex. UNHCR is scaling up its presence in Kenya/Somalia border regions. On 8 September, a UNHCR team undertook a mission to Liboi (Kenya) and Dobley (Somalia) in order to finalize arrangements for office and accommodation premises in Dobley, Somalia. Meanwhile the relocation of refugees from overcrowded Ifo and Hagedera to parts of Ifo Extension and Kambioss has been halted because of host community concerns on land and other issues (eg.employment). (Source: UNHCR)

## Education

There are increasing reports of children being abandoned during migration. Schools have reopened nationwide after strikes which paralysed the functioning of schools for most of last week. Schools have since reopened and partners are working to support students as they return to the classes. Prepositioned supplies are being delivered to 30,000 children in the field and up to 10,000 children in boarding schools (Source: Ministry of Education, UNICEF)

## Health

Measles, malaria and dysentery remain the greatest health threats. The early onset of the Short Rains and flooding in some drought affected areas has placed the health partners on alert for water and vector-borne disease outbreaks. The MOHPS and WHO are currently investigating suspected cholera outbreaks in Turkana, Samburu and Baringo districts (Source: MOHPS, WHO)

## Nutrition

An estimated 300,000 children and pregnant/lactating women are currently affected by acute malnutrition, with the majority in the north western and north eastern districts of Turkana, West Pokot, Mandera and Wajir, and in urban areas. The sector is scaling up interventions and has so far treated half the cases of severe and moderate acute malnutrition. The Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme (BSFP) is expanding to cover children aged 6 months to 59 months (under age 5) in October. Currently the BSFP targets children under age 3. (Ministry of Public Health and Sanitation (MOHPS), UNICEF)

## Humanitarian Financing

As of 13 September, \$489 million of the requested \$740 million has been funded in the EHRP 2011+. The following sectors are funded below 40%: Education 16%; Agriculture and Livestock 24%; WASH 36%; Health 17% and Protection 7%.