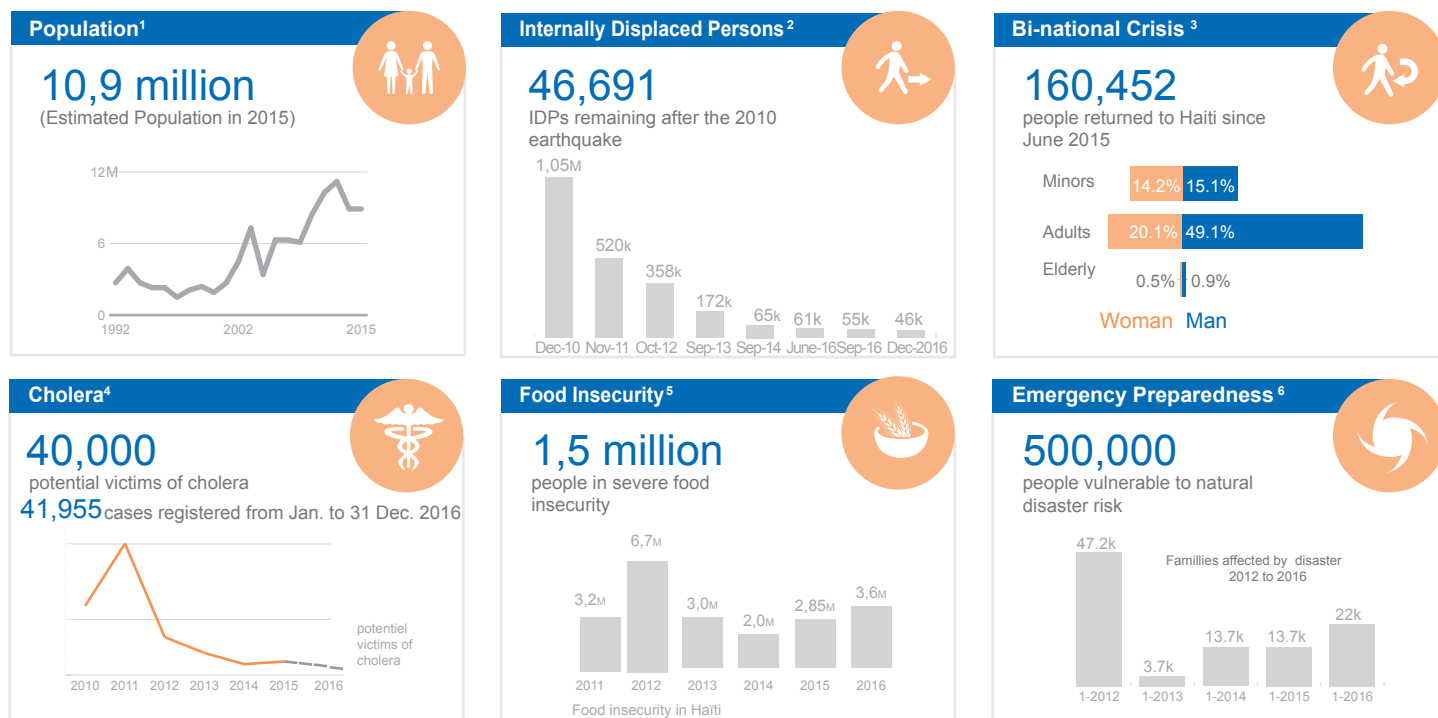


SITUATION OVERVIEW

The humanitarian context in Haiti, which had improved in the early months of 2016, deteriorated sharply in October following Hurricane Matthew in the southern peninsula. As a result, despite the efforts of humanitarian partners, the humanitarian situation in Haiti remains fragile due to multiple risk factors, including natural disasters (1.4 million people), persistent cholera (41,421 cases from January to 31 December 2016), food insecurity (1.5 million people), the bi-national migratory crisis with the Dominican Republic (160,452 people registered since June 2015) and displaced persons following the 2010 earthquake (46,691 persons still living in camps in December 2016). The 2016 humanitarian response plan is funded at 35% and more than 450,000 people have been assisted by projects implemented under this plan. On the other hand, the Flash appeal for Haiti following the hurricane is funded at 62%, which allowed humanitarian partners to help more than one million people through the distribution of food, NFIs, drinking water, health, nutrition, protection and education services, among others.

KEY FIGURES



FUNDING⁷ : 2016

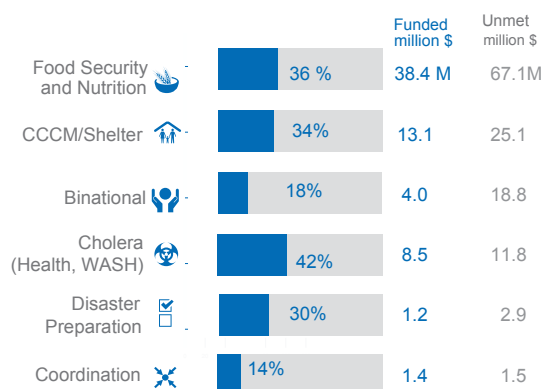
HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE PLAN

\$ 193,8 million
REQUIREMENT (US\$)

35%
COVERED

\$ 67.4 million
RECEIVED (US\$)

Funded per humanitarian priority

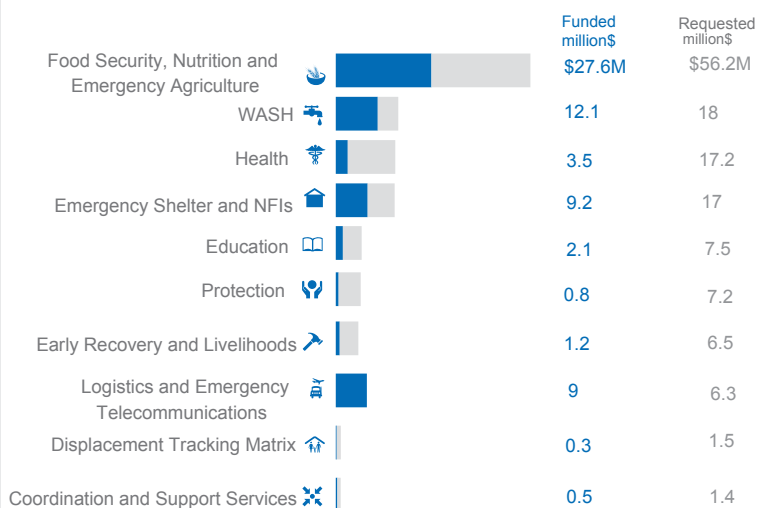


FLASH APPEAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE

\$ 139 million
REQUIREMENT (US\$)

62%
COVERED

\$ 86.5M
RECEIVED (US\$)



Food Security, Nutrition & Drought

1,5 M People in need

25%
reached / in need



29%
reached / targeted



371k
people reached

1,3M
people targeted

For more information, contact: alloys.nizigiyimana@fao.org
edblain@unicef.org
cedric.charpentier@wfp.org

Reply to severe food insecurity and fight against severe acute malnutrition in children under 5 years.

Needs

- Improve access to food for the most vulnerable people living in the areas affected by drought.
- Develop urgent actions to support children affected by acute malnutrition.
- Recover the local production of food items affected by the drought.
- Durable solutions for populations affected by drought.

Response

- Urgent action to improve access to food. 371,466 people assisted.
- Urgent action to support the return of agricultural production. 128,562 people assisted.
- Provide treatment to acutely malnourished girls and boys under 5 years. 75,590 children assisted.
- Medium and long term action to improve the resilience to nutritional issues.
- Medium and long term action to improve resilience of people affected by drought.

Cholera, Health & WASH

5,7 M People in need

54%
reached / in need



100%
reached / targeted



735k
people reached

25k
people targeted

For more information, contact: bafilier@paho.org
gbullit@unicef.org

Ensure a rapid and effective response to cholera outbreaks and reduce vulnerability to cholera in high-risk areas.

Needs

- Ensure that patients are treated in adequate conditions and that cholera treatment is integrated in the health system.
- Reinforce the surveillance system, at local and national level.
- Improve access to safe water and sanitation the poorest urban and rural areas.
- Urgently increase the number of Community response in the Centre, Artibonite, the north and west.
- Strengthen making capabilities in rapid case management on site, i.e. establishment of advanced oral rehydration points.

Response

- Strengthen the MSPP surveillance and investigation system both at central and departmental levels.
- Maintain the rapid response mechanism in all departments. 235,000 people assisted.
- Strengthen clinical diagnosis of suspected cases.
- Reduce the risk of repeated outbreaks in a same area. 735,000 people reached by sanitary cordons.

Bi-national Crisis (protection, basic services)

120,6 k People in need

6.5%
reached / in need



6.5%
reached / targeted



8K
people reached

120,6k
people targeted

For more information, contact: fsambussy@iom.int
urbina@unhcr.org

Meet the immediate needs of protection and basic services to the people deported / returned to the Dominican Republic

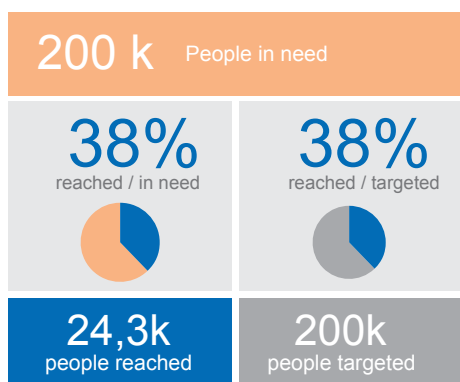
Needs

- Provide protection of rights and meet the basic needs of the population arriving to Haiti, while ensuring social reintegration.
- Maintain capacity family identification and reunification for children and the most vulnerable migrants (pregnant and lactating women, sick people, etc.) at official and unofficial border crossing points.
- Strengthen the capacity of the Haitian authorities to take care of the most vulnerable migrants.
- Strengthen binational coordination between relevant institutions and promote the establishment of mechanisms for regular migration.

Response

- Immediate assistance and protection of incoming vulnerable people:
 - 2,205 people relocated from spontaneous camps in Anse a Pitres.
 - 2,168 people had their nationality status verified by UNHCR.
 - 222 minors assisted by UNICEF with transport and family reunification.
 - 2,694 people received assistance (food, transport, etc).
 - 160,452 people returned from Dominican Republic were interviewed by IOM.
- Building Resilience and the search for durable solutions.
- To coordinate and involve all the stakeholders in data collection and information management.

Internal displaced persons



For more information, contact: fsambussy@iom.int

Ensure protection and basic services to people living in camps and accompany the transition from camps to stable neighborhoods.

Needs

- To provide support for the most vulnerable and protection assistance.
- Basic services, such as health, water and sanitation.

Response

- Provision of basic services to the IDP populations while they remain in camps:
 - 10,751 IDPs benefited from community cleaning.
 - 92 PDIs benefited from mitigation activities
 - 3,394 IDPs sensitized on WASH and health.
- Provide tailored assistance to different type of population. 240 people received protection assistance. 500 people received civil documentation.
- Provide durable solutions to IDPs remaining in camps:
 - 7,483 people relocated, 3 camps closed.
 - 750 families benefited from livelihood programs.

Emergency Preparedness



For more information, contact: jonky.tenou@undp.org

Supporting Haiti in "preparing" to meet the needs immediate humanitarian within 48 hours after a disaster.

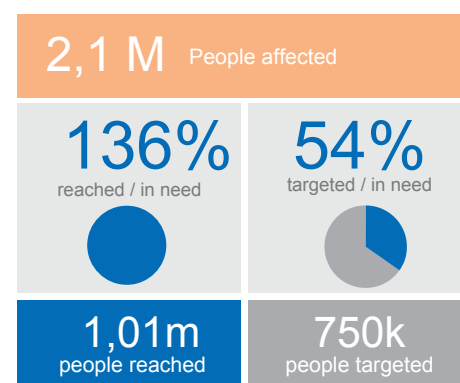
Needs

- Continue supporting the government in their efforts to improve the capacity to respond to natural disasters.
- Reinforce the emergency stocks
- Preventive actions that help to reduce the vulnerability of the population.

Response

- Reinforcing capacities and readiness of the Directorate of Civil Protection
- Urgent actions to reduce disaster risks for the most vulnerable
 - 4,321 community residents were trained.
 - 1268 linear meters in tributaries of ravines Fortain and Balanyen treated with rock walls.
 - 16 farmers benefited from terrace agriculture.
 - 4 retaining walls being constructed in Ravine Fortain.
 - 40 students reached by first aid training and DRR sensitizations.

Hurricane Matthew



Responding to priority needs identified by the Haitian government in collaboration with international and national organizations

Needs

- The priorities are:
- Emergency shelters and non-food items for the affected populations
 - Access to water, sanitation and hygiene,
 - Health,
 - Protection of the most vulnerable people.
 - Education,
 - Early recovery and livelihoods,
 - Emergency telecommunications and logistics,
 - Coordination and support services

Response

- More than 1, 011,124 people have benefited of food distribution since 3 months
- 893 K people received NFI kit
- 397K received plastic sheetings
- 285 K have been provided with safe water for drinking
- 235K received hygiene kit
- 151K kit Shelter