Note: This bulletin includes data since January 2020 till date, including comparison of the same period last year. Since May 2019, 36 new sentinel sites (including public hospitals, private hospitals, and medical colleges) were added and were gradually oriented and started reporting, thus increasing the number of reporting sites. The current number of sentinel sites is 118.

The Early Warning and Reporting System (EWARS)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Highlights</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>31 cases of Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) have been confirmed so far in Nepal.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute Gastro-Enteritis (AGE):</strong> 124 cases of AGE are reported this week. The majority of these cases are from Kailali (14 cases), Rupandehi (8 cases), Mahottari (7 cases), Siraha (6 cases), Dhanusha (6 cases) and Kapilvastu (6 cases).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Severe Acute Respiratory Infection (SARI):</strong> 143 cases of SARI are reported this week. The majority of these cases are from Kathmandu (18 cases), Morang (14 cases), Kailali (11 cases), Jhapa (10 cases) and Rolpa (7 cases).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dengue:</strong> One case of dengue is reported this week from Udayapur.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

The EWARS was established in 1997 to strengthen the flow of information on vector-borne and other outbreak prone infectious diseases from the district to Epidemiology and Disease Control Division (EDCD) and Vector-Borne Disease Research and Training Center (VBDRTC), Hetauda. Rapid Response Teams (RRTs) can be mobilized at short notice to facilitate prompt outbreak response at central, provincial and local levels. RRTs can also support local level health institutions for investigation and outbreak control activities.

This information system is hospital-based. So far, the EWARS mainly focuses on the weekly reporting of number of cases and deaths (including "zero" reports) of six priority diseases/syndromes—Malaria, Kala-azar, Dengue, Acute Gastroenteritis (AGE), Cholera and Severe Acute Respiratory Infection (SARI), and other epidemic potential diseases/syndromes (like enteric fever). It equally focuses on immediate reporting (to be reported within 24 hours of diagnosis) of one confirmed case of Cholera, Kala-azar, Malaria and one case of Dengue as well as 5 or more cases of AGE or SARI from the same geographical locality in one-week period.
1. Acute Gastro-Enteritis (AGE) and Cholera

124 cases of AGE are reported this week. The majority of these cases are from Kailali (14 cases), Rupandehi (8 cases), Mahottari (7 cases), Siraha (6 cases), Dhanusha (6 cases) and Kapilvastu (6 cases). 265 cases of AGE were reported this week in 2019.

![Number of AGE cases reported to EWARS in 2019 and 2020](image)

2. Severe Acute Respiratory Infection (SARI)

143 cases of SARI are reported this week. The majority of these cases are from Kathmandu (18 cases), Morang (14 cases), Kailali (11 cases), Jhapa (10 cases) and Rolpa (7 cases). 175 cases of SARI were reported this week in 2019.

![Number of SARI cases reported to EWARS in 2019 and 2020](image)
Note:

- The number of reporting sites per week in 2020: 79 (for week 10 and 11), 81 (for week 12), 77 (for week 13), 73 (for week 14), and 75 (for week 15).
- The number of reporting sites per week in 2019: 51 (for weeks 10-12), 52 (for week 13) and 55 (for weeks 14 and 15).

3. Malaria
One case of malaria is reported this week from Nawalparasi East. Two cases of Malaria were reported this week in 2019.

4. Dengue
One case of dengue is reported this week from Udayapur. No case of Dengue was reported this week in 2019.

5. Kala-azar
Two cases of kala-azar are reported this week- one each from Sindhuli and Dadeldhura. No case of Kala-azar was reported this week in 2019.

Other diseases

Scrub typhus
Three cases of scrub typhus are reported this week- one each from Kapilvastu, Banke and Bardiya. Six cases of Scrub typhus were reported this week in 2019.

Reporting status
Report was received from 74 sentinel sites for this week out of 118 sites.

Acknowledgement: The Epidemiology and Disease Control Division highly acknowledges the contribution from all the sentinel sites, medical recorders, EWARS focal persons and rapid response team members.

Note: This bulletin is also available at EDCD’s website www.edcd.gov.np. Thank you.