

WHO Syria, Week 41, 6 - 12 October 2018

General developments & political & security situation

The security situation across the country remains volatile and unstable, while the main hot spots remain As-Sweida, Ar-Raqqa, Hama, Aleppo and Idlib governorates.

- On 9 October, a Presidential decree was issued granting general amnesty for military deserters inside and outside country.
- In **northwest Syria**, the security situation in the northern area remains volatile and unpredictable. On 10 October, media reported that both Russia and Turkey had announced the completion of the first phase of demilitarisation agreement. Recent clashes over the last weekend in Kafr Nouran village reportedly left several civilians killed and injured. The hostilities reportedly resulted in some people being displaced to Atareb town. The donor requested pause on UN deliveries through Bab Al Hawa was lifted.
- In the **northeast of Syria**, an escalation in airstrikes and ground-based hostilities continue to impact civilians as part of the anti-ISIL operations in Deir-Ez-Zor. Over 10-11 October 2018 in Rural East Deir Ez-Zor there was an increase in ISIL counter attacks against SDF in the surrounding of Hajin pockets. Reports that SDF has captured parts of Al-Susah, according to activist, with ISIS attempting to take advantage of a sandstorm to retake the positions that SDF has taken from ISIS. In Raqqa city, the UN learnt about the discovery of a mass grave of around 1,000 bodies. The bodies are believed to be mainly civilians who were trapped in the city during the anti-ISIL operations.
- In **Rukban camp**, clashes erupted between civilians and Ahrar Al-Ashayer (NSAGs). The UN remains very concerned about the situation for up to 50,000 people stranded at the Rukban camp in south-east Syria near the Jordanian border. Only minimal humanitarian assistance has been delivered to the camp since January when UN aid was delivered by crane from Jordan.

OVERVIEW

KEY HEALTH ISSUES

Health response to multiple and simultaneously evolving emergency situations across the country:

- Sustained health access for the re-establishment of public health service provision across locations that have recently changed hands (e.g. Eastern Ghouta, northern rural Homs, Southwest Syria and, in future, the Northwest).
- Advocacy for the protection of patients, health workers and health facilities during transitional phases.
- Increased attention to vulnerability to disease outbreaks given recent population movements within the country and lack of access to basic services, including poor water and sanitation.
- Regular approvals from national authorities for road deliveries and convoys of health supplies to all parts of Syria based on needs.
- Sustained donor commitments will be essential to sustaining health response in the country, well beyond the end of the conflict itself and regardless of areas of control.

KEY GAPS & CHALLENGES

- Urgent funding for Damascus hub scale-up of emergency operations in Northwest Syria.
- Attacks on health care facilities, health workers and patients must cease. The targeting of health facilities means that injured people, including children, have practically no access to health care.
- Humanitarian convoys bearing all essential life-saving and life-sustaining supplies must be allowed to proceed immediately to provide medical assistance across conflict lines and to newly accessible areas.
- Scale up of operations is required for UN partners in Ar-Raqqa city. UN approval to commence operations in Ar Raqqa has been obtained.

OPERATIONAL UPDATES

1. Coordination:

- No update provided for week 41.

2. Information and planning:

- Flash update # 33 issued for monitoring violence against Al Buserah private hospital in Deir-ez-Zor (02 October 2018)
- Health assessment situation of Al-Qaryaten village in Homs (possible location for AL Rukban returnees).
- Final version developed of WHO's monitoring tool for delivered assistance, which aims to measure the satisfaction of delivered assistance by health partners (public, NGOs, SARC, others), patient and health providers.
- Developed maps: Distribution of sub-districts with WoS severity score; Distribution of St. Ephrem Patriarchal Development Committee centre (NGO) in Al-Hassakeh; Distribution of public hospitals providing cancer services in the study of patients' view on cancer care 2018; Distribution of Hospitals visited in Ar-Raqqa governorate; Syria by sub districts; possible evacuation pathways for patients from Rukban camp; Overview of hard-to-reach areas.

3. Health operations:

Northern Syria response:

Afrin Response:

- 6 NNGOs mobile medical teams (MMTs) continue to be deployed in area of Afrin displacement. Furthermore, 2 Static medical points in Nubl and Zahra continue to be supported by WHO.
- 1,958 primary health care services, 215 STHC health care services were supported, and 112 MHPSS services were provided in the reporting period
- A coordination meeting was held in Fafin Camp on 10 Oct to discuss the kind, location and quality of health services provided by national NGOs in Afrin response area. Local authority reported a recent new displacement waves from Afrin District and are preparing for new camps.
 - WHO through partnership with a national NGO will cover the needs of People with Disabilities (PWDs) in Fafin and surrounding villages. Local authorities will prepare a lists of location and needs of PWDs in each camp and village in order to facilitate the activities of the NGO.
 - MHPSS interventions were discussed, one suggestion regarding self-help program, and the possibility to translate the distributed materials into Kurdish.
 - Awareness sessions and distribution of brochures for hepatitis A will be conducted in line with WHO supported MMTs activities.

Eastern rural Aleppo response

- 4 NNGOs MMTs are deployed in eastern rural Aleppo, in addition to 1 WHO supported PHC in Dier Hafier run by a NNGO.
- 742 primary health care services, 140 STHC health care services and 46 MHPSS services were provided in the reporting period.

NW response readiness:

- 2 WHO-supported MMTs (Ahl-Al-Kheer) are deployed in Tall Ad-Damman, Al-Boudier and surrounding areas
- 530 primary health care services and 143 MHPSS services were provided in the reporting period

NNGO coordination

- One ongoing MOU with a national NGO in Aleppo city. 1322 primary health care services, 36 STHC health care services were supported, and 425 MHPSS services were provided in the reporting period.

Latakia response:

- Conducted a Health Working Group meeting, discussed field updates and health response plans with partners
- Supported Pediatrics hospital and Ibn Al-Waled hospital with medical health supplies, dispatched medicines to Syria Pulse NGO in Qunaitra, replenished Homs & Aleppo with 12 Tons of medical health supplies.
- Conducted field assessment mission along with DOH team to check on the progress of the on-going national polio vaccination campaign.

Damascus, Rural Damascus

Emergency response has now been folded into WHO regular programming.

South Syria (Dar'a, Quneitra, Sweida)

Emergency response has now been folded into WHO regular programming.

Homs response/ Northern Rural Homs:

Al Rukban camp

- An estimated 40-45,000 individuals are currently stranded in the Rukban encampment, some eighty per cent of them are women and children. Most have been in Rukban for over two years.
- The UN favors a three-pronged strategy to support people in the camp, and WHO is planning support by: providing life-saving assistance through organized convoys, health support to camp residents returning spontaneously to areas of origin or other locations; preparing for possibility of medical evacuations from the camp.

Northern Rural Homs

- Field visits were conducted to: Al Sabil area, to follow-up the performance of the supported medical mobile teams operating in northern Rural Homs.
- 3 Mobile health teams supported by WHO, providing health services in 14 villages across Northern Rural Homs, for period 1-10 October. The teams have provided 1556 consultations, 1547 treatments, and screened 603 children for their nutritional status.
- See Annex 6 for the number of the beneficiaries WHO NGO partners in Homs.

Northeast Syria (Al-Hasakah; Ar Raqqa; Deir-ez-Zor) response

Coordination activities:

- Coordinated with WASH sector to raise the quality of WASH services in Ain Issa camp.
- Conducted a health working group in Al-Hol camp.

Pharmacy and SHC:

- Delivered 13,412 treatments to a health actor covering Al-Areasha camp, Al-Hol camp, Al-Mabrouka and Ain Issa camp. The shipment included chronic medications, winter medications, standard kits for pneumonia and diarrheal illnesses.
- Delivered 10,000 vials of Leishmaniosis treatment to a health actor covering Al-Hassakeh and Al-Raqqa governorates.
- Conducted a meeting with the health authority to follow up the needs of newly rehabilitated and established hospitals as well as primary health care centers in Al-Hassakeh governorate.

National NGO coordination:

- 11 medical mobile teams provided the health services in; Al-Tabqa, Al-Jurneah, Al-Mansoura, Ain Issa camp, Al-Kasra, Abu Khashab camp, Gharanij/Hajjin, Al-Mabrouka camp, Al-Hol camp, Al-Karama and Al-Twehenah camp.
- Continued the provision of health services and life-saving services in Gharanij/Hajjin's informal settlements were instability and violence affected the displaced populations on 11 October 2018.
- Conducted a field visit to Ain Issa camp to follow up the ongoing health activities and reported diarrhea cases.
- Submitted a new MOU with St. Ephram committee in Hassakeh to support Al-Hassakeh, DZ and Al-Raqqa.
- Conducted IA mission to Al-Mabrouka camp to assess the health situation in the camp. Health services provided were assessed as meeting the needs of the camp's population.
- See Annex 7 for WHO-Supported Health services in NES.

4. Technical Expertise (See Annex 2 for capacity building activities this week)

Non-Communicable diseases / Primary healthcare

- Capacity building workshops under JPRM fund 2018-2019 in cooperation with MOH as follows: Under JPRM cooperation with MOH, advocated following activities:
 - "Educational sessions for Elderly Health Home Care "at IDPs shelter in Damascus; 10-11 October 2018. Total trainees (20);
 - "Methods to calculate the costs of Autonomous Health Institutions using Automated Programme ;to plan for National Health Budgets in parallel with SDGs goals"; on 8-11 October. Total trainees (25).

- During the reporting period, the total number of distributed treatments for PHC shipments (39,510) along the country.
 - Dispatched life-saving medications, PHC, NCD, Pneumonia type A & Lice shampoo to NGOs in Quneitra & Homs.
 - Dispatched replenishment shipment to Homs Hub (PHC, Pneumonia type A, Lice shampoo, NCD medications)
 - Supported MOHE in Aleppo, Aleppo Cardio Surgical Hospital, with two Sphygmomanometer adult cuff & one laboratory Bacterial incubator.
 - Dispatched dental health supplies to MOE in favour of the Regional Centre for Oral Health and Research in Damascus, the project is targeting school students in Eastern Ghouta.

Immunization:

National bOPV campaign started this week 7-11 October 2018 in all governorates, the preliminary result for the first 3 days is more than 1,147,000 out of 2,534,534 children (0-59 months) were vaccinated across all governorates except rural Deir-ez-Zor (where the campaign is postponed to next week once security approvals are provided).

Mental health program:

- Two-day Workshop with Regional Advisor for Mental Health and partners (UN agencies - INGO's - NGO's - MOH - MOE - MOHE - SARC...) (3 - 4 Oct) on "Discussing the mental health situation in Syria and the way forward"
- Site visits were conducted to 5 PHC and community health centers in Homs, Hama, and Latakia to follow up on the implementation of the mhGAP programme. WHO mental health professionals provided the needed technical support to 22 health professionals previously trained on mhGAP-Intervention Guide.

Nutrition and child health:

- Data collection of Integrated Management of Childhood Illness (IMCI) program in 3 Governorates (Rural Damascus, Latakia, Quneitra) in 9 health centers for August 2018: the number of beneficiaries was 1,866, of which 773 received consultations. 50 were under 2 months old (6.4 %), 167 from 2 months – 12 months (22.7 %), and 556 were 12months – 60 months old (71.9%).
- In northern rural Homs, screening was conducted for 610 children under 5, detecting 11 MAM and 4 SAM cases.
- In Dar'a, nutrition screening was conducted for 474 children under 5, detecting 12 MAM and 2 SAM cases.
- Conducting 3 workshops on nutrition surveillance Growth Assessment and IYCF counselling in Homs, Rural Damascus, Deir Ezzor for 75 trainees.
- In Aleppo, ongoing coordination between SARC and national NGOs (supported by WHO) covers the hospitalization cost of SAM cases (10 cases per month). 4 SAMS cases were referred successfully from a WHO-supported NNGO. 12 MMTs supported by WHO, continue nutrition screening activities. 54 U5 children were screened in Eastern rural Aleppo, 120 in Afrin displacement area and 113 in Aleppo city.

Secondary health care program:

- Delivered approximately 64,230 treatments of lifesaving and essential medicines and medical supplies needed for surgery, emergency care, and for diabetic and renal failure patients in different health facilities in NES (Al Hassakeh, Ar-Raqqa, Deirezzor), Aleppo, Damascus, Dar'a, Homs, Latakia and Quneitra.
- Delivered 1 x-ray device, 1 C-Arm, 1 mobile X-rays, 2 defibrillators, and 1 spectrophotometer to health facilities in Qamishli, Deirezzor, Ar-Raqqa and Homs.
- International consultant mission from the regional office to conduct site visits to the emergency building at Damascus Children's Hospital to follow up progress on rehabilitation.

Trauma:

- Final report issued on the Trauma Mission to Raqqa Governorate from 10-13 September led by Prof Erik Fosse. The purpose of the mission was to assess the surgical and trauma response capacity of all functioning hospitals in Ar-Raqqa city and within two hours in order to identify those that could potentially serve as level 2 medical facilities.

- Delivered medicines for 15,630 trauma cases to health facilities in Deir-Ez-Zour – Al-Hassakeh, Homs, Aleppo and Quneitra.
- Delivered medicines for 780 trauma cases (3 burn kits, 6 trauma kits A, 1 surgical kit, 5 first aid kit, 1 minor surgical kit) to Al Hassakeh (Ras Al Ain Hospital), Dier-ez-Zor (Al Bakkara Hospital) and Homs (DOH).
- Delivered 1 mobile x-ray unit to DOH Homs and 1 autoclave device and 1 centrifuge to Aleppo (the Cardio Surgical Hospital).

Disease surveillance and response and WASH:

- See weekly EWARS bulletins at <http://www.emro.who.int/syr/information-resources/ewars-weekly-bulletins-2018.html>

Acute bloody diarrhea, Deir Ezzor Governorate

- No further updates on this event will be provided unless a change in the situation is observed.

Suspected typhoid, Areesha camp, Al Hassakeh:

- During the last three weeks a significant decline in reported cases was noticed, in week 40, number of reported cases was (7). Total number of reported cases since 30 is (432). Regular monitoring the quality of drinking water in the camp, by ATP equipment tests have showed acceptable results, and water is safe for drinking. As reported cases is now within the average, for population of 10,000 individuals, the outbreak is considered contained.

Acute Jaundice Syndrome, among Afrin IDPs, Aleppo Governorate.

- Fafin hospital reported (450) cases of AJS/Hepatitis A since 17th of July. The diagnosis was based on (ALT, AST, Bilirubin) and clinical signs. No deaths were reported. The predominantly affected age group is children under 15 years.
- Epidemiologic data indicates that the most affected areas are Tal Rifaat, Fafin and surrounding villages.
- WHO's WASH focal point conducted rapid water quality monitoring using bioluminescence for 15 points in the hospital, Fafin camp, and Al-Ahdath area. Controlled water sources reported no contamination, however Ice blocks (in the camp) and several jerry cans reported contamination. Findings/recommendations were shared with WASH sector, UNICEF and SARC.
- Recommendations and actions:
 1. Coordinate with WASH sector and share the information of water quality for immediate actions.
 2. Strengthen the surveillance system in Ifern district by Activating two Sentinel Sites (SSs) in Afrin Hospital and the Fafin area.
 3. Coordination with Aleppo DoH to train health workers on EWARS.
 4. Conduct activities to raise the awareness on prevention measures of water borne diseases.
 5. Regular monitoring of drinking water (wells and tanks)
 6. Cleaning of water tankers in the area.

Acute Jaundice Syndrome, Dar'a Governorate

- Increase of suspected Hepatitis A cases was noticed in Dar'a governorate since week 35. The increase reported mainly from the eastern rural areas. The number of reported acute jaundice syndrome cases in week 40 is 68 cases, the cumulative number of cases reported since week 35 is 203.
- Rapid response teams Dar'a DoH conducted investigation visits to three districts. The main water network was tested and the results showed no contamination. The results of water testing of some wells indicated the water is not fit for drinking. The RRT noted sewage water is used to irrigate vegetables and other plants.
- Initial investigation attributes an increase in Hep A cases to contamination of water tanks and private wells, which are the main source of drinking water in rural areas.
- Recommendations and actions:
 1. Ensure on chlorination of the main sources of drinking water.
 2. Chlorinate and clean the water tanks and wells.
 3. Conduct health education sessions at the schools about prevention measures.

National NGO coordination:

- Third Party Monitoring key findings and recommendations were communicated with relevant NGOs. Feedback including corrective actions to be considered and assessed during the TPM's second visits.

- 2 new MOUs have been cleared and activated to support the delivery of health care services in Al Hassakeh Governorate and Rural Damascus (Al Qutaifeh).
- The full list of MOUs is in Annex 1.

External Relations and Communications:

- Received a new contribution from Japan of USD 10.4m to support WHO's emergency operations.
- Following up with MoH & MOFA concerning the participation of the Syrian Arab Republic for the 65th Session of the Regional Committee for the Eastern Mediterranean.
- Preparing a press release on the rehabilitation of two health centers in Aleppo with WHO support through a donation from Japan.
- Media coverage concerning the celebration of the World Mental Health Day on the 10th of October, 2018.
- Following up on WHO-Syria Twitter account, posting several tweets about WHO interventions and health response and the ongoing polio national vaccination campaign.

Operational support and logistics:

Dispatched 28.7 tons of medical supplies, equipment, haemodialysis sessions, health kits and printing materials - covering 8 governorates (Al-Hasakeh, Aleppo, Daraa, Deir Ez-Zor, Qunaitra, Raqqa, Homs, & Damascus). The recipients included 8 MoH facilities, 5 MOHE facilities, MoE, KRC, 3 NGOs, 1 INGO and 1 non-governmental hospital. Total number of treatments is 125,634 treatments and 780 trauma cases. The dispatched supplies included:

- 450 clinical wastes and 410 sharp collectors cardboard delivered to Aleppo DoH.
- 2,000 vials of human albumin 50ml delivered to MoH central warehouse in Damascus.
- 300 Haemodialysis sessions for adults delivered to Dar'a DoH.
- 1 Burn dressing kit, 5 first aid kits, 4 Italian emergency kits A and different types of EWARS, nutrition, PHC, STHC and trauma medicines & consumables delivered to Homs DoH.
- 1 c-arm x-ray unit, 1 x-ray system, 1 mobile x-ray and 1 colour Doppler echo machine (ultrasound unit) donated by the Japanese equipment delivered to Ibn Al-Walid hospital.
- 200 haemodialysis sessions delivered to Manbej national hospital in Aleppo.
- 1 defibrillator, 1 Italian emergency kit A and 150 ampoules of Pethidine injection 100mg/2ml delivered to Ras Al-Ain national hospital in Al-Hasakeh.
- 1 semi-automated spectrophotometer, 100 ampoules of Oxytocin injection 10IU in 1ml, 1000 vials of Meglumine antimonite 1.5 g/5 ml, 1000 prefilled syringes of enoxaparin sodium 40 mg (Low molecular weight Heparin (LMWH) 4000 IU single dose), 100 anti-rabies vaccine vials and different types of lab tests and consumables delivered to Tall Abiad national hospital in Raqqa.
- 1 Octagam 10 g in 200ml vial delivered to Aleppo university hospital.
- 2 incubators for new born ATOM delivered to MoHE – Aleppo paediatric hospital.
- 1 Autoclave capacity 157 litres, 1 Isotherm forced convection incubator 54 Litres and 2 sphygmomanometers adult cuff delivered to MoHE - Aleppo cardio surgical hospital.
- Different types of cancer medicines delivered to MoHE central warehouse in Damascus in favour of children hospital.
- 1 IEHK supplementary kit, 2 burn dressing kits, 1 family doctor's practise kit, 1 Italian emergency kit A, 2 pneumonia kits both A & B, 1 minor surgery instruments, 1 surgical supply kit, 1 BeneHeart R12 12-channel, 1 biological microscope standard set CX23, 2 mother/child function scales, 2 baby/children stadiometer, 1 sphygmomanometer adult cuff, 1 Table top centrifuge PLC-026, 1 defibrillator/monitor device and different types of PHC, STHC and trauma medical supplies were delivered to Bakkara non-governmental hospital in Deir Ez-Zor.
- 1,000 ampoules of Glucantime® 1.5 g/ 5 ml delivered to "mentor" INGO in Al-Hasakeh.
- 2 pneumonia kits A, 5 digital thermometer with alarm clock and different types of EWARS, PHC, STHC and trauma medical supplies & printing materials delivered to 3 NGOs in Qunaitra & Homs governorates.

RESPONSE PRIORITIES

NWS/Afrin, North-East Syria and Rural Homs.

Annex 1: Current WHO agreements with national NGOs

Governorate	Location of current of ongoing MOUs	# of on going MOUs	# of MOUs in preparation
Damascus	Dummer Al Balad - Al Midan - Mezzah/Kiwan, Al Zahera, Ruken Al Din	6	
Rural Damascus	Dahyet Qudsayeh - Hai Al Wourood - Bludan, Madaia, Sargayah, Sasaa , Kharbet Al Ward, Kharbet Al Shaiab, Al Qutaifeh	1	2
EG Response	Adra Electricity shelter, Herjaleh shelter, Dweir Shelter, Al Nashabyeh, Bludan, Madaia, Sargayah, Sasaa, Kharbet Al Ward, Kharbet Al Shaiab, Najha rown, Harjalleh town , Sbaineih, Harasta , Douma,Kafar Batna , Ain Tarma, Hamouryeh, Saqba, Al Muadamyeh, Hejjeira and Al Bouayd shelters	1	3
Lattakia			2
Homs			7
Hama		0	3
Aleppo / Efrin Response	Nabul - Zanairta - Mayasah - AL-Mogambo - Burj Al-Kaaf -Al-Zouk - Tall Refaat - Kafar Naya - Al-Zyara - Deer Jmal - Ihras - Kashtaar - Al-Ukaibeh - Kherbat AL-Hayat - Tal Jbeen - Ibeen - Sheikh said - Salah AL-Deen - Al-Mshatia - Bostan AL-Zahra - Al-Villat - Menbej - Agior , Deir Hafer and surrounding villages ((Babiri -Upper Babiri , Babiri - Lower Babiri , Rasm Elbokhar , Kayariyeh , Big Habbuba , little Habobieh , Southern Rasm Elharmal)	1	4
NES	Al Hasakeh - Qamishli -	2	
	Deir- Ez-zor - Ar Raqqa city - Al Hasakeh.		6
	Total	11	27

Annex 2: WHO supported capacity strengthening (Supported 11 activities for 285 participants).

Date	# participants	Details/Field	Program
09-10/10/2018	25	The need to apply the quality management system in clinical laboratories in hospitals in Damascus	EWARS
06-07/10/2018	30	follow up workshop at governorate level for SARC FPs and Data entry in Homs	HIS
08-10/10/2018	30	The role of information systems in promoting public health in Damascus	HIS
07-11/10/2018	25	Basic counseling for NGOs Damascus in Damascus	MH
07-11/10/2018	25	School mental health program "SMHP" for MoE/ Daraa in Daraa	MH
07-11/10/2018	75	3 activities on Expansion on nutrition surveillance clinic, and data entry for nutrition monthly report in Damascus, Homs and Dier Ezzour	Nutrition
07/11/10/2018	25	War Wounded Injuries Management in Lattakia	Trauma

09-12/10/2018	25	Dealing with chemical attaches and hazard materials in Damascus	Trauma
10-11/10/2018	25	Lower back ache pain and rehabilitation in Damascus	Trauma& Disability

Annex 3: outpatient consultations provided to Afrin IDPs

Not provided in week 41.

Annex 4: Nutrition activities for Aleppo-Afrin IDPs

Not provided in week 41.

Annex 5: WHO Supported Health services in Aleppo city

Not provided in week 41.

Annex 6: WHO Supported Health services in Northern Rural Homs

# of beneficiaries from 1/10 to 10/9/ 2018:			
Area	Provision of medical consultations	medicines	surveys conducted by the malnutrition team
Hashmiya	206	205	69
Ein Talbisah	217	216	83
Sabil	102	102	37
Ghurnata	90	86	31
Kafr Iaha	67	67	31
Tal daw	103	103	24
Ghanto	152	150	90
Farhanyia gharbiya	74	73	29
Farhanyia Sharqiya	87	87	41
Ramadi	88	88	33
Tayba	93	93	46
Tal Dahab	79	79	35
Wasata	173	173	54
Abo Humama	25	25	7
Total	1556	1547	603

Total N of individuals receiving psychological support	114
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Annex 7: WHO Supported Health services in NES

Governorate	Area	# of outpatient consultations	# of beneficiaries reached with the medicines	# of secondary health consultations	# of trauma referrals	# of Mental Health Psychosocial Services
Al-Hassakeh	Hassakeh city center	364	363	22	22	0
Al-Hassakeh	Al-Qamishly city	167	96	16	0	0
Al-Hassakeh	Rural of Al-Qamishly	118	115	0	0	0
Al-Hassakeh	Al-Mabrouka camp	422	422	0	2	77
Al-Hassakeh	Al-Hol camp	681	681	0	13	37
Al-Raqqa	Al-Tabqa	418	418	0	0	53
Al-Raqqa	Al-Jurneah	464	446	0	0	52
Al-Raqqa	Al-Mansoura	179	173	0	0	16
Al-Raqqa	Ain Issa camp	1395	1395	0	2	69

Al-Raqqqa	Al-Karama	626	529	0	0	30
Al-Raqqqa	Al-Kasrat	527	527	0	0	27
Al-Raqqqa	Al-Twehenah camp	123	123	0	0	3
Aleppo	Manbij	580	578	0	0	37
Dier Ezzour	Abu Khashab camp	233	233	0	0	15
Dier Ezzour	Gharanij/Hajin	364	323	0	0	0
Dier Ezzour	Dier Ezzour city	0	53	0	0	0
Sub-total:		6661	6475	38	39	416