Overview
This document represents a summary snapshot of monitoring activities conducted by IOM and border monitoring partners at the border between Haiti and the Dominican Republic. The monitoring was put in place following the movements observed at the border before and after the 17th June 2015 expiration of the registration component of the National Plan for the Regularization of Foreigners (PNRE in Spanish), established in the Dominican Republic. Monitoring of border movements began as of the first week of June 2015. Up until the 16th of June 2015, figures are based on partial observations of border crossing points (BCPs). The network was 100% operational as of July 2015. Due to budget constraints, IOM’s is now covering 50% of the border (50 BCPs) as of 1st September 2016.

CUMULATIVE HIGHLIGHTS
- 96,476 households representing 160,452 individuals have crossed the border into Haitian territory
- 33.9% were female while 66.1% were male
- 2,551 presumed unaccompanied minors were identified
- 5,747 households declared having been registered in the PNRE corresponding to 11,193 individuals
- 97,854 individuals declared having returned spontaneously
- 27,445 individuals claim to have been deported
- 34,691 individuals were officially deported at the three official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse, and Belladère and have been voluntary registered.
- IOM Dominican Republic facilitated the Assisted Voluntary Returns and Reintegration (AVRR) of 185 households (462 individuals) on February 25th (169 individuals), on June 8th 2016 (181 individuals) and on September 20th (112 individuals).
- IOM Haiti assisted via the rental subsidy program a total of 579 households (corresponding to 2,320 individuals) who had settled in six (6) settlements in Anse-a-Pitres.

Graph 1: Breakdown by Claimed Place of Birth
Dominican Republic 13.2%
Haitian 86.8%

Graph 2: Movement trends observed from July to December 2016

1 Plan Nacional de Regularización de los Extranjeros
2 All figures in this Sitrep reflect information gathered on a voluntary basis from returnees, and therefore may not be representative of the totality of returns.
3 The figures of official deportations are as of 15th August 2015 and are the total number of individuals that agreed to be registered voluntarily by IOM’s network of enumerators along the border.
Sex Breakdown
Of the 160,452 individuals monitored by the border monitoring network, 33.9% were female and 66.1% were male.

Age Breakdown
The majority of the returnee population reported being between the ages of 18-49 years old, with individuals from this age group representing 67.3% of the overall returning population. A reported 27.5% are aged 0-17 years old and 5.2% falls into the category 50 years and above.

Types of vulnerabilities
Among the persons crossing the border, the network encountered 2,551 cases of presumed unaccompanied minors (UAMs). After referral to the relevant government authorities (IBERS) and their partners (UNICEF), 1,232 of the potential caseload referred were identified as UAMs and the appropriate actions were taken to assist them:
- 769 were reunited with their parents
- 229 were reunited with other relatives
- 2 is still awaiting family reunification. (please refer to the UNICEF Flash Update on Bi-National situation - June 2015 to 31st October 2016)

Documentation
31.6% (50,736 individuals) of the returnees interviewed reported having Haitian Documentation, while 1.8% (2,844 individuals) reported having Dominican documentation. A reported 66.6% (106,872 individuals) did not possess any type of documentation.

The most common ID document returnees claim to possess continues to be the Haitian Birth Certificate, corresponding to 72.5% of the individuals with documentation. The second most common document is the Haitian ID (CIN or NIF) which represents 20.8%.

Occupation
The most common occupation within the DR held by returnees is in Agriculture (44,916 households), followed by Construction (24,212 households) and Commerce (11,013 households). Other declared occupations fall within transportation, hotel, maintenance, security, students, among others.
Entry on Haitian Territory
Of all 160,452 individuals interviewed, 97,854 individuals declared having returned spontaneously to Haiti. While 27,445 individuals claimed to have been deported into Haitian territory by various DR authorities (Immigration, CESFRONT, Military etc.), 34,691 individuals have been officially deported by DR Immigration (DGM). 462 individuals were Assisted Voluntary Returns (AVR) carried out by IOM (Dominican Republic).

**Graph 9: Total returns by Authority (Claimed and Official Deportation)**

Destination and Intentions
When questioned regarding their intended destination, the following three communes have been most commonly indicated by returnees:
- Cornillons/Grand Bois as indicated by 9,127 households
- Anse-à-Pitres as indicated by 5,871 households
- Belladere as indicated by 5,396 households

**Graph 10: Intended Destination**

Irrespective of the type of returns, the trends observed during previous Sitrep’s remain the same. The returnees have, most commonly, provided the following answers:
- Intention to stay with relatives (72.1%)
- Intention to rent a house (13.1%)
- Intention to stay with Friends (7.7%)
- Having nowhere to go (3.0%)

**Individuals born in the Dominican Republic**
Of all returnees, 10,075 households (corresponding to 38,798 individuals) have at least one member who claims to have been born in the DR. More specifically, this corresponds to a total of 21,184 individuals claiming to be born in the DR, 13,191 of whom were born before January 26th 2010. Subsequently, of the 1,428 cases (representing 4,514 individuals) verified by UNHCR, 2,125 individuals were confirmed as being born in the DR before January 26th 2010 and as such fall within UNHCR’s mandate. (Please refer to the UNHCR Statistical Update - dated September 8th 2016).

Family remaining in the Dominican Republic
When asked about remaining family members in the DR, 99,400 individuals (16,366 claimed deportees, 63,471 spontaneous returnees, 19,336 officially deported individuals and 227 assisted voluntary returns) have indicated still having family members remaining in the DR.

Further questioning regarding the status of these remaining families has revealed that 76.2% are Haitians without visa, 13.8% are Haitians with visa and 5.9% are Dominican citizens or have a Resident status.

**Registration in the PNRE**
Of the 96,476 households interviewed by the network, 5,747 households (representing 6.0% of the returnee population) claimed having been registered in the Dominican PNRE. Of these 5,747 households, 87.8% returned spontaneously to Haiti, 9.0% claimed to have been deported and 3.1% has been officially deported into Haitian territory.

**Graph 13: Registration in the PNRE by return status**

**Family remaining in the DR**

**Graph 11: Age and sex breakdown of individuals born in the DR**

Without Visa 76.2%
IOM HAITI
BORDER MONITORING SITREP  29th DECEMBER 2016

OFFICIAL DEPORTATIONS: PROFILING

A total of 54,510 persons have been officially deported at the official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère - of which 34,691 persons (34,076 households) have been voluntary registered. Most of these deportations were conducted by DR immigration authorities (DGM). The majority of returnees are individuals and not households/families.

**Table 1: Official Deportations per official BCPs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official BCPs</th>
<th>Households Deported</th>
<th>Individuals Deported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belladère</td>
<td>8,031</td>
<td>8,070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malpasse</td>
<td>10,695</td>
<td>10,725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ouanaminthe</td>
<td>15,350</td>
<td>15,896</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Breakdown by gender and Age**

Of all the 34,691 individuals officially deported and registered, 94.1% were male and 5.9% were female.
The majority of the officially deported individuals have reported being between the ages of 18-49 years, individuals from this age group representing 92.6% of the deported population. A reported 5.6% are aged between 0-17 years old and a mere 1.8% falls into the 50 year plus category. The average age of officially deported individuals is 26.58 years old.

**Vulnerabilities Assessed among Officially Deported**

Among the people officially deported, 1,364 were presumed unaccompanied minors (UAM). These presumed UAMs were referred to the relevant government authority (IBERS) and their partners for appropriated care and status determination.

**Deportation Procedures**

Of all 34,639 persons officially deported, 34,372 have reportedly been carried out by the General Directory of Migration (DGM in Spanish), 211 by the CESFRONT and 108 by the military.

**Family remaining in the Dominican Republic**

A reported 18,975 of officially deported individuals registered have indicated still having family members remaining in the DR. They have indicated the following:

- 30,944 individuals apprehended in the street
- 2,048 were apprehended in their residence
- 1,440 were apprehended in their place of employment.
This section presents an overview of border monitoring activities and movement trends observed during the week of December 22nd to December 29th 2016.

**WEEKLY HIGHLIGHTS**

- 579 individuals were observed crossing the border into Haitian territory this week, which is a below average number this week – the average number of individuals observed crossing into Haiti since July 2015 is 1,908 individuals.
- 13 presumed unaccompanied minors (UAMs) were identified during this week, which constitutes a slightly below average number of UAMs reported this week, the average number of presumed UAMs identified since July 2015 being 30. These UAMs were referred to the relevant authority for follow up; 4 of these presumed unaccompanied minors were officially deported into Haitian territory.
- 555 individuals declared having returned spontaneously to Haiti representing a below average number of spontaneous returnees – the average of spontaneous returnees since July 2015 being 1,163 individuals.
- 93 individuals claimed to have been deported into Haitian territory; this is considered a below average number of claimed deportations as the average of claimed deportees since July 2015 is 161 individuals.
- Official deportations continue to be carried out at the official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère; a reported 540 individuals were officially deported into Haitian territory this week which is below average – the average of individuals officially deported being 759 individuals. A reported 52 individuals of these deported individuals accepted to be registered voluntarily by the enumerators at the various official BCPs, constituting a below average for this week considering that there has been an average of 475 individuals officially deported into Haiti and registered since August 2015.
- There were no Assisted Voluntary Returns (AVRR) for this reporting period.

**OBSERVED MOVEMENT TRENDS**

- Movements for the last week of 579 returnees of which 529 returnees were registered compared to the previous report of 1,188 returnees were registered shows an decrease in voluntary registrations this week;
- Overall weekly deportations (Claimed Deportations 107; Official Deportations 102) combined are higher when compared to spontaneous returns of 370 individuals.
- Spontaneous returns continue to be mainly assessed in unofficial border crossing points.
- This week 79 Individuals interviewed at unofficial border crossing points have claimed being deported directly into Haitian territory; 28 claimed to have spent time in a detention center before being forcefully returned to Haiti this week.

**Table 1: Summary of monitored movements for this week**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entry Status</th>
<th>Number of Returnees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deported: Other</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deported: Official</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spontaneous Returns</td>
<td>370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assisted Voluntary Return</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Official Deportations**

This week, a total of 52 individuals officially deported were registered at the three border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère. Most of these deportations were carried out by the DR Immigration authorities (DGM). The majority of returnees are individuals rather than households/families. At the time of publication a total of 52 households, corresponding to 52 individuals were officially deported this week in the official BCP of Belladère and had been entered into the IOM database.

**Table 2: Official Deportations per official BCPs this week**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official BCPs</th>
<th>Households Deported</th>
<th>Individuals Deported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belladère</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malpasse</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ouanaminthe</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. **Spontaneous (migration) return**: An individual or groups who initiate and proceeds with their migration plans without any outside assistance. (Glossary on Migration, p 62, IOM)
2. **Deportation**: The act of a State in the exercise of its sovereignty in removing an alien from its territory to a certain place after refusal of admission or termination of permission to remain (Glossary on Migration, p 18, IOM)
   2.1 **Official Deportations**: Government organized returns which are carried out at the official Border Crossing Points between the hours of 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM (border schedule). Before official deportations, relevant returnees receive an official notification regarding the impending deportation. Furthermore, information regarding the time and point of deportation are communicated to the Haitian authorities (Haitian Embassy/consulate). Official deportations are mostly carried out by the DR Immigration (DGM).
   2.2 **Other Deportations**: Any forceful return which does not follow the aforementioned guidelines of Official Deportations.

This report has been made possible through the funding support received from the Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration (PRM), The European Union (EU) and the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA).

For more information please contact dtmhaiti@iom.int or consult http://iomhaitidataportal.info/bordermonitoring

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*The difference in figures between the current and previous SitRep is due the fact that the data reflects the date of entry into Haiti and not the date of the data entry into the database.*

*The total weekly figures are comprised of all spontaneous returns and all deportations – including the officially deported individuals who did not agree to be registered but were still counted.*

*The figures represented in this table correspond to the individuals who voluntarily accepted to be registered between the period from Thursday 22nd to Wednesday 29th of December 2016 and data entered into IOM’s database.*