**Voluntary Humanitarian Return (In 2019)**

- **9,645 Migrants Returned to 31 Countries Across Africa & Asia**
  - **2,365 Medical Cases**
  - **121 Home Returns**
  - **Female 25%**
  - **Male 75%**
  - **7,280 Migrants**

**Maritime Update (In 2019)**

- **9,225 Migrants Returned to Libyan Shore**
  - 644 Female
  - 7,855 Male
  - 400 Children
  - 102 Missing
  - 120 Bodies Recovered
  - 324 Migrants escaped upon disembarkation and their gender breakdown is not available.

**Italy**

- **11,471 Arrivals to Italy**
- **743 Recorded Deaths**

**Direct Humanitarian Assistance (In 2019)**

- **39,349 Internally Displaced Persons**
  - 25%
  - 25%
  - 50%
- **22,603 Migrants**
  - 25%
  - 25%
  - 50%

**Areas Reached**

- **26 Detention Centres**
- **35 IDP/Returnees Communities**
- **5 Hospitals**
- **17 Migrants Urban Areas & Disembarkation Points**

*Disclaimer: Figures based on updates from Libyan Coast Guard Security, Libyan Red Crescent and other implementing partners. DTM findings on migrants also include persons who originate from refugee-producing countries. Figures on maritime incidents in Libya are estimates based on initial reports at the time of each incident, and are regularly updated as more information becomes available.*
ASSISTANCE TO MIGRANTS AND LIBYAN COMMUNITIES
(16-31 December 2019)

The Health unit provided primary, urgent and follow up medical consultations to 3,427 migrants and IDPs in various locations in the East, West and South of Libya where they received assistance by teams of medical doctors, gynecologists and obstetricians, psychiatrists and nurses. Among them 48 cases were referred to hospitals and clinics for diagnostic and inpatient care. Additionally, one training workshop was organized for staff from Ministry of Health aiming at training health facilities’ statisticians in Sabha on District Health Information System (DHIS).

The Protection team carried out 42 protection assessments (31 male and 11 female), in addition to three child protection assessments, including survivors of victim, unaccompanied children, medical cases and women at Risk. The reached migrants are from different nationalities. In this period, ATD team managed to place a total of 12 individuals from Somalia, Ethiopia and Eritrea in hosting families inside Tripoli as an alternative to detention for vulnerable migrants. Also, 19 follow up and monitoring visits were carried out where 26 of hosted migrants received NFIs, Food baskets and hygiene kits.

The Community Stabilization in partnership with local Civil Society Organizations AL Mizan in Benghazi, The Qatrour Dialogue and Debate Club in Qatrour, and Spotlight in Sabha, bought IOM’s Global Migration Film Festival to audiences in Libya for the first time. 541 community members, nearly half of whom were migrants and IDPs, attended viewings of the 5 films and participating in discussions and cultural activities related to the migrant experience. In Benghazi, handover ceremonies completed various projects; the provision of administrative equipment to Alshomookh School, 42 computers and other IT equipment to the Benghazi College for Electrical and Electronic Technology (CEET) and generator, drug fridge and air conditioners to the Al Faakat Public Health Clinic. In Qatrour CS staff continue to monitor the construction of foundations for the impending installation of generators at the Qatrour Wastewater station, Albakhi Primary Health Clinic and the Madrousaa western well.

SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE CLASHES IN TRIPOLI
April 2019

Round 27 (August - September 2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Number</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IDPs</td>
<td>343,180</td>
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<tr>
<td>RETURNEES</td>
<td>447,388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIGRANTS</td>
<td>636,426</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Migrants are in urban areas in Tripoli
Migrants are in detention centres
Individuals displaced from south Tripoli due to ongoing clashes

8% Minors
92% Adults
87% Men
13% Women