

KEY FIGURES

IDPs IN 2021 (AS OF 26 SEPTEMBER)



663,969
People displaced by conflict (verified)



302,385
Received assistance

NATURAL DISASTERS IN 2021 (AS OF 26 SEPTEMBER)



28,014
Number of people affected by natural disasters

RETURNEES IN 2021 (AS OF 9 SEPTEMBER)



859,756
Returnees from Iran



8,346
Returnees from Pakistan



51
Returnees from other countries

HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE PLAN (HRP) REQUIREMENTS & FUNDING



868.7M
Requirements (US\$) – HRP 2021



542.3M
62% funded (US\$) in 2021

FLASH APPEAL 2021



606.3M
Requirements (US\$)



134.9M
22% funded (US\$) in 2021

AFGHANISTAN HUMANITARIAN FUND (AHF) 2021



71.99M
Contributions (US\$)



31.35M
Pledges (US\$)



64.65M
Expenditure (US\$)



19.99M
Available for allocation, including carry-over (US\$)



South: Emergency health supplies provided to health facilities in Kandahar and Hilmand provinces

The security situation in the South remained calm but uncertain, with a reported increase in criminal activities affecting civilians. A total of 35 civilians including women and children were reportedly injured by Improvised Explosive Devices (IED) in rural areas in the south.

According to IOM, nearly 2,500 Afghans are being deported and 300 people returned daily from Iran through the Milak border in Zaranj City in Nimroz Province. Thousands of people including women and children are reportedly trying to enter Pakistan through the Wesh border in Spin Boldak, Kandahar Province.

On 23 September, WHO provided 13 emergency health kits and a trauma emergency surgery kit to district health facilities in Spin Boldak and Shah Wali Kot districts, Kandahar Province and in Nahr-e-Saraj District, Hilmand Province. The medical supplies will provide essential healthcare support for up to 23,000 patients who are in urgent need of medical care in Kandahar and Hilmand provinces.

North-east: 90,517 people received food assistance

The security situation in the North-east remained relatively calm in Badakhshan, Baghlan and Takhar provinces. In Kunduz Province, increased criminality was reported. The salary of many civil servants remains unpaid for months. Humanitarian response activities continue to be hindered by lack of cash in banks to pay salaries and purchase goods, negotiations of work modalities involving the meaningful participation of all staff including female staff members.

Most of the people who were displaced to different provinces in recent months have returned to their places of origin in the North-east. Returnees are in need of food and shelter as their houses have been damaged and most have lost their properties and assets. IOM is continuing the re-verification of lists of returnees. A total of 770 people in Kunduz Province and 490 people in Taloqan City in Takhar province were identified to receive humanitarian assistance in the coming days.

During the reporting period, 1,183 displaced people who returned to their areas of origin received humanitarian assistance in Baghlan, Takhar and Kunduz Provinces. An additional 90,517 vulnerable people received food assistance in Badakhshan, Baghlan and Kunduz Provinces.

North: 28,966 people receive food assistance

The security situation remained relatively calm in all provinces in the North. Limited cash availability in banks continued to negatively impact the implementation of cash-based responses and other humanitarian activities across the North.

During the reporting period, 1,876 people displaced by conflict at the beginning of August were identified by assessment teams to be in need of humanitarian assistance in Balkh, Jawzjan and Sar-e-Pul provinces. A total of 28,966 vulnerable people received food for one month under a WFP seasonal livelihood support programme in Jawzjan and Sar-e-Pul provinces. Negotiations are ongoing to resume the IDP assessments in Faryab Province.

East: 58,548 people reached with humanitarian assistance

The security situation in the East remains volatile and unpredictable, with a number of reported IED incidents affecting civilians. WHO provided five trauma emergency surgery kits and one emergency health kit to Nangarhar Regional Hospital. Also, UNICEF provided fuel and other medical supplies to support the health facilities and hospitals in Nangarhar and Laghman Provinces.

Out of 78,844 people assessed, 71,470 vulnerable people among host communities were identified to receive food assistance as part of WFP seasonal support programme across the East. A total of 794 displaced people were identified to receive humanitarian assistance in Kunar and Laghman provinces.

An additional 58,548 people were reached with immediate humanitarian assistance, including 399 people who were affected by floods, 28 returnees at Torkham transit center, and 53,949 vulnerable people in Nangarhar, Laghman, Nuristan and Kunar provinces. A total of 3,458 returnees and IDPs received emergency outpatient health services and 45 children were vaccinated for polio and measles in the East.

West: Needs assessments for 7,000 IDPs in Farah

The security situation remained relatively calm in the West. Partners are assessing the needs of nearly 7,000 vulnerable people in Farah Province. 34,445 people who were displaced in July from Qala-e-Naw District of Badghis Province to Hirat and neighboring districts received food, relief items, water and sanitation and hygiene supplies, interagency teams will continue addressing the remaining gaps in the coming days.

Centre: 2,800 people forced to leave their homes

According to initial reports, nearly 400 families (approximately 2,800 people) were forced to leave their villages in Kindir and Dahan-e-Nala of Gizab District, Daykundi Province. The people went to nearby surrounding villages or other Provinces reportedly without taking their harvest with them.

A total of 1,239 people displaced by conflict were identified by interagency assessment teams to receive humanitarian assistance in Kabul Province in the coming days. In addition, 2,310 people displaced by conflict in August received humanitarian assistance in Kabul. Also, 2,250 vulnerable people including internally displaced people and people in host communities received food assistance in Bagrami, Khak-e-Jabar and Deh Sabz Districts of Police District 12 of Kabul city. An additional 13,678 people received food as part of WFP seasonal support programme in Maidan Wardak, Paktya, Khost and Logar Provinces.

On 22 September, the UN Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) [allocated US\\$45 million](#) to help prevent Afghanistan's health-care system from completely collapsing. However, more funds need to be urgently released to humanitarian partners on the ground to scale up the response.

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