From 1 January to 10 August 2018, 209,000 people fled their homes due to conflict in Afghanistan, with 31 of 34 provinces recording forced displacement. Constrained humanitarian access hinders assessments, preventing verification of the full extent of displacement and undermining provision of assistance and services. Displaced families often find themselves in precarious living conditions with their well-being and dignity jeopardised by inadequate shelter, lack of food and water, insufficient access to sanitation and health facilities as well as lack of protection.

**KEY FIGURES**

- **209,500** people displaced
- **30,500** families
- **22%** adult male
- **21%** adult female
- **57%** under 18 (incl. US)
- **19%** under 5

**LOCATION AND ACCESS**

- **20%** displaced into hard-to-reach areas
- **31** out of 34 provinces
- **152** out of 399 districts
- Experienced some level of forced displacement
- **34** out of 34 provinces
- **105** out of 399 districts
- Hosting newly displaced persons in 2018

**MONTHLY TRENDS (PAST THREE YEARS)**

**YEARLY TRENDS (2011-2018)**

**Data sources:** Newly displaced displaced population due to conflict from 1 January to 10 August 2018, compiled by OCHA sub offices based on inter-agency assessment results (as of 04 September 2018). Assessments are ongoing in the field and these numbers are expected to change as new information becomes available. IDP data for 2015 and earlier from IDP Task Force / UNHCR Population Movement Tracking System (PMT).

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