Zimbabwe: Health Priorities - Snapshots (as of 16 May 2013)

"Zimbabwean Health system is still not recovered and continues to operate in a fragile environment as shown by current urban centered diarrhoea outbreaks" (WHO: Key processes in Transition & Post-emergency Recovery of the Health System)

Key Issues
- 0.69 million people still in need of health services. (Humanitarian Gap 2013)
- 15% HIV prevalence (ZDHS, 2010-2011)
- Zimbabwe continues to be vulnerable to outbreaks of epidemic-prone diarrheal diseases and have consistently exceeded epidemic thresholds over the past 12 months. (Humanitarian Gap 2013)
- Malaria, typhoid and urban centered diarrhoea are the major outbreaks. (Health Cluster Update, 8 May 2013)

Govt Priorities & Programs (MoHCW)
- HIV/AIDS, TB Program
- Health promotion program includes the school health.
- Nutrition, Environmental health program.
- Maternal, Family Planning, Child health program.
- Malaria Control program. Epidemic preparedness & Response control.

Cumulative Cholera Cases by District (2010, 2011, & 2012)

Key Indicators

- Malnutrition
  - Chronic Stunting: 32% (WHO std: 34%, NCHS ref 27.1%)
  - Emergency threshold 40%, Preventive action 30%

- GAM: 2.4% (NNS 2010)
  - WHO std: 2.1%, NNS ref: 2.1%
  - Emergency threshold 10%

- Crude Death Rate
  - 15/1,000 (Unicef 2009)

- Maternal Mortality Rate
  - 960/100,000 (DHS 2010-11)

- Life Expectancy
  - 52.7 (UNDP HDR 2013)

- <5 age Mortality Rate
  - 84/1,000 (DHS 2010-11)

- HIV Prevalence (15-49 Yrs)
  - 18% (Women) (DHS, 2010-11)
  - 12% (Men) (DHS 2010-11)

- Tuberculosis
  - 431 (WHO Health Profile 2009)

2013 Outbreaks
- Typhoid: 756 cumulative cases reported since beginning of 2013. (Health Cluster Update, 8 May 2013)
- Common Diarrhoea: 172,990 cases. (Cluster Update & EPI 18, 5 May 2013)
- Malaria: 290,776 cumulative cases reported 2013. (Cluster Update & EPI 18, 5 May 2013)
- Cholera: 6 cumulative cases since Jan 2013. (Cluster Update & EPI 18, 5 May 2013)
- Dysentery: 18,392 cumulative cases reported. (EPI 18, 5 May 2013)
- Suspected Measles: 103 cumulative cases. (Cluster Update & EPI 18, 5 May 2013)
- Anthrax: 82 cumulative cases reported. (Cluster Update & EPI 18, 5 May 2013)
- Influenza: 102,125 cumulative cases. (Cluster Update & EPI 18, 5 May 2013)
- Dog bites: 7,743 cumulative cases. (EPI 18, 5 May 2013)

Key Indicators
- Educational: 12% (Men) 18% (Women)
- Births att by skilled HW: 66%
- Child vaccination (12-23 m): 65%
- HIV Prevalence(15-49 Yrs): 18% (Women) (DHS, 2010-11)
- Malnutrition
  - Chronic Stunting: 32% (WHO std: 34%, NCHS ref 27.1%)
  - Emergency threshold 40%, Preventive action 30%

- Health Service Utilisation
  - Antenatal Care (from skilled): 66%
  - Contraceptive (any method): 59%

- Per Capita Spending
  - (in Health to Achieve MDG)
  - Required: US$ 34 (MoHCW NHS 2009-13)

Note: This product is work in progress, please contact OCHA or Health cluster lead, as soon as possible with any corrections.