Zimbabwe: Health Priorities - Snapshots (as of 8 June 2012)

Priorities (Under CAP 2012)
- Maintain capacity to respond quickly to new disease outbreaks.
- Prevent new outbreaks of cholera and other water-borne diseases.
- Emergency Reproductive Health.

Key Issues
- 8 million people with limited access to health services.
- 15% HIV prevalence (2010-2011).
- High fatality rate for Cholera. 98% cholera cases are reported in the rural area.
- Lack of health workers. Health facilities infrastructure degradation and lack of basic and essential equipment.
- User fees as a major barrier to access basic health services e.g. access to essential & emergency maternal health care.
- Malaria, typhoid, and urban centered diarrhoea are the major outbreaks.

GOVT PRIORITIES & PROGRAMS (MoHCW)
- HIV/AIDS, TB Program
- Health promotion program includes the school health program.
- Nutrition, Environmental health program.
- Maternal, Family Planning, Child health program.
- Malaria Control program. Epidemic preparedness & Response control.

GOVT PRIORITIES

Chimanimani
Cumulative Cholera Cases by District (2010, 2011, & 2012)

Source: WHO/MoHCW Epidemiological reports & Archives, and Cholera country profile 2009

2011 CAP FUNDING (FOR HEALTH)
- $19.08m Unmet
- 33% Funded

2012 CAP FUNDING STATUS (FOR HEALTH)
- 30% (As of 7 June 2012, FT3)
- 100%

FUNDING REQUEST (under ZUNDAF 2012)
- 144.2 million US$

2011 CAP FUNDING STATUS (FOR HEALTH)
- $5.02m (Funded)
- $11.67m (Unmet)
- Requested 6.22% ($16.69m) of Total CAP (for 8.07 million targetted beneficiaries)

Cholera Outbreak History

2008 All 10 provinces (Largest outbreak starting mid-Aug 2008 to Jul 2009)
2009 All 10 provinces (MoHCW declared cholera free on 28 July '09. New outbreak started in Sep 2009)
2010 19 of 62 districts (New outbreak started on 4 Feb)

*As of EPI week 21, ending 27 May 2012

Key Indicators
- Malnutrition
  Chronic (Stunting): 32% (WHO std: 34%, NCHS ref 27.1%)
  (Emergency threshold 45%, Preventive action 30%)
- GAM: 2.4% (NNS 2010-11)
- Maternal Mortality Rate: 15/1,000
- Life Expectancy: 51.4 (WDNP HDR 2011)
- <5 age Mortality Rate: 84 /1,000
- HIV Prevalence: (15-49 Yrs) 18% (Women) 12% (Men)
- Tuberculosis (Per 100,000 Population): 431

2012 Outbreaks
- Cholera - 19 cumulative cases in Cheredzi district since May 2012.
- Typhoid - 4,725 cumulative cases reported since beginning of the outbreak in Oct 2011. (EPI week 21, as of 27 May 2012, WHO).
- Diarrhoea - 7,705 cases reported in EPI week 4 alone (23-29 Jan 2012, WHO).
- Malaria - 197,080 cases reported since beginning of 2012. (EPI week 21, as of 27 May 2012, WHO).
- Anthrax - 17 cumulative cases reported.

2012 Outbreaks (Latest EPI reports/cluster updates)

Note: This product is in work progress, please contact IMU/OCHA or Health cluster lead, as soon as possible with any corrections.

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