Situation Update

• The food and nutrition security situation continues to deteriorate as the peak of the hunger season which typically runs from May - July approaches. Unless a sustained and comprehensive humanitarian response is mounted, the most vulnerable - who have been weakened by years of conflict - will slide into ‘famine-like’ conditions as was the case in 2017.

WFP and partners are working to scale-up food assistance to reach up to 4.8 million people with critical food supplies at the height of the response in June/July.

• Latest findings from the mobile Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping (mVAM) surveys, an initiative of WFP’s in collecting, analyzing and presenting food security and related information through use of surveys based on mobile phones indicate that poor food consumption persists in Torit and Juba. Overall, there is high market dependence, particularly in Kapoeta South where all households are dependent on markets for their food needs.

WFP has suspended activities in Koch and Mayendit, counties due to a deteriorating security situation in most targeted locations. WFP continues to monitor the security situation. Activities will resume when situation improves.

In Numbers

6.3 million people facing severe food insecurity from February-April 2018 (IPC February 2018)
1.97 million people assisted by WFP in March 2018
1.8 million internally displaced people (OCHA)
2.5 million South Sudanese refugees (UNHCR)
202,776 seeking shelter with the UN (UNMISS)

Highlights

• WFP and UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) organized a launch workshop for an upcoming Joint Assessment Mission (JAM) for South Sudan to assess the food and non-food needs of refugees and other populations of concern.

• WFP has so far prepositioned 85,000 mt - equivalent to 60 percent of the 140,000 mt target. Deliveries are ongoing to reach the target before the onset of the main rain season.

Situation Update

• The food and nutrition security situation continues to deteriorate as the peak of the hunger season which typically runs from May - July approaches. Unless a sustained and comprehensive humanitarian response is mounted, the most vulnerable - who have been weakened by years of conflict - will slide into ‘famine-like’ conditions as was the case in 2017. WFP and partners are working to scale-up food assistance to reach up to 4.8 million people with critical food supplies at the height of the response in June/July.

• Latest findings from the mobile Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping (mVAM) surveys, an initiative of WFP’s in collecting, analyzing and presenting food security and related information through use of surveys based on mobile phones indicate that poor food consumption persists in Torit and Juba. Overall, there is high market dependence, particularly in Kapoeta South where all households are dependent on markets for their food needs.

WFP has suspended activities in Koch and Mayendit, counties due to a deteriorating security situation in most targeted locations. WFP continues to monitor the security situation. Activities will resume when situation improves.

WFP Response

Food and Nutrition Assistance

• WFP has delivered 2,347 mt of food commodities to 130,835 people across six counties, Ayod, Akobo East, Fangak, Mayendit and Panyijar through the integrated rapid response mechanism (IRRM) in the past two weeks. Some seven IRRM distributions are ongoing targeting 149,000 people including 27,500 children under the age of five.

• WFP rolled-out a cash-for-milling initiative for vulnerable households in Protection of Civilians (PoC) site in Bentiu, targeting 46,000 recipients. Under the initiative, people receive cash to cover for grinding mill costs for the cereal entitlements. The cash replaces the milling voucher modality that they have been receiving as part of the assistance package.
Gender and Protection

- WFP continues to support the formation and effective functioning of project management committees (PMCs) as part of ongoing efforts to strengthen community engagement in both emergency and non-emergency settings. Some 40 participants from WFP and 20 cooperating partners participated in the one-day workshop on 19 April that focused on using project management committees (PMCs) as a mechanism to promote community engagement. The participants were equipped with skills on how to ensure committees are able to facilitate engagement, conflict resolution and communication with WFP and CP as well as using the WFP Complaints and Feedback Mechanism (CFM).

Supply Chain

- As of 27 April, WFP has so far pre-positioned 85,000 mt - equivalent to 60% of the plan - ahead of the main rainy season that usually runs from May to November. WFP's plan was to move 140,000 mt by May but activities were partially delayed due to unavailability of resources in time. WFP is now racing against time to complete the exercise as resources trickle in.

- WFP is importing food through Kenya, Uganda and Sudan. A total 11,229 mt of assorted food commodities are in transit from Kenya to Bor, Juba, Kapoeta, Wau and Wunrok in South Sudan.

- WFP is moving 5,803 mt of assorted commodities from Uganda to Aweil, Bentiu, Bor, Juba, Rumbek and Wunrok in South Sudan.

- Out of the planned tonnage of approximately 28,000 mt of assorted commodities to be delivered in April from Sudan to South Sudan, 14,000 mt has so far been delivered and the remainder will be delivered to Bentiu, Aweil and Renk by end of April.

- WFP delivered 3,900 mt of assorted commodities by air in April bringing the total dispatches since the beginning of the year to 21,977 mt.

Clusters and Common Services

Food Security & Livelihoods Cluster

- Food security and livelihoods (FSL) cluster organized a three day training on Livestock Emergency Standards and Guidelines (LEGS) in Juba from 24 to 26 April. LEGS are a set of international standards and guidelines for the assessment, design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of livestock interventions to assist populations affected by humanitarian disasters. A total 24 FSL partners/ member of livestock technical working group (LTWG) attended the training. The main aim of the training was to strengthen livestock programming of partners in South Sudan in order to improve the quality and livelihoods impact of livestock and livestock related projects in humanitarian contexts.

Logistics Cluster

- The Logistics Cluster continues to drive efficiencies and encourages organizations to maximize the use of road transport before the onset of the main rainy season and roads become inaccessible. A Logistics Cluster- coordinated convoy to Pibor arrived at its final destination on 24 April comprised of 11 trucks from two organizations. This was the third Logistics Cluster convoy to Jonglei in 2018 to support the humanitarian response in hard-to-reach parts. The eighth Logistics Cluster convoy along the Western Corridor in 2018 departed from Juba on 12 April and arrived in Bentiu on 19 April.

- The Logistics Cluster conducted two trainings on humanitarian logistics on 19-20 April in Bentiu and another one on 25-26 April in Bor for 53 participants from 29 organizations. The trainings are part of the cluster's efforts to foster capacity building of national staff in South Sudan. So far, 175 people of the 300 targeted have been trained.

- The Logistics Cluster facilitated the transportation of 248 mt of Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM), Food Security, General Operations, Health, Logistics, Nutrition, Shelter, and WASH cargo to 15 locations on behalf of 13 organizations.

- The most recent Access Constraints map can be found at this link.

UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)

- UNHAS transported 4,273 passengers and 54.5 mt of light humanitarian cargo to 80 destinations.

- UNHAS performed six medical evacuations on behalf of four agencies from Ajoung Thok, Ganyiel, Maban, and Rumbek to Juba and 12 security relocations on behalf of five agencies from Karam, Mier, Nyal, Pulchuel to Juba.

- In support of the Inter-Cluster Working Group (ICWG) Rapid Response Mission (ICRM) mechanism, UNHAS transported 31 passengers to/from Chotbora, Jekow, Udier, Wechdeng, and Weydieng.

- UNHAS held its User Group Committee Meeting on 26 April.

- WFP Aviation performed 89 airdrop flights, dropping 2,334 mt of WFP food.
## WFP Interim Country Strategic Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Total Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>Total Received (in USD)</th>
<th>6 Months Net Funding Requirements* (in USD)</th>
<th>People Assisted** (Feb 2018)</th>
<th>Female **</th>
<th>Male **</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ICSP TOTAL (2018-2020)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>3.2 b</td>
<td>261.23 m</td>
<td>369.5 m</td>
<td>1,966,113 ***</td>
<td>930,363</td>
<td>784,662</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Activity 1</strong></td>
<td>Provide nutrition-sensitive food assistance to crisis-affected populations</td>
<td>1.86 b</td>
<td>145.95 m</td>
<td>225.34 m</td>
<td>1,239,949</td>
<td>681,972</td>
<td>557,997</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Activity 2</strong></td>
<td>Provide food and nutrition assistance to refugees</td>
<td>337.65 m</td>
<td>23.58 m</td>
<td>24.97 m</td>
<td>547,740</td>
<td>301,257</td>
<td>246,483</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Activity 3</strong></td>
<td>Provide nutrition assistance to populations at risk of malnutrition</td>
<td>531.28 m</td>
<td>10.25 m</td>
<td>42.73 m</td>
<td>145,917</td>
<td>80,254</td>
<td>65,663</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Activity 4</strong></td>
<td>Provide livelihood support and build resilience of rural households</td>
<td>192.92 m</td>
<td>14.22 m</td>
<td>33.32 m</td>
<td>42,506</td>
<td>23,378</td>
<td>19,128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Activity 5</strong></td>
<td>Operate air services for the humanitarian community</td>
<td>173.60 m</td>
<td>25.07 m</td>
<td>28.82 m</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Activity 6</strong></td>
<td>Coordinate the Logistics Cluster in support of the humanitarian community</td>
<td>71.33 m</td>
<td>15.76 m</td>
<td>14.32 m</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non Activity Specific funding</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26.40 m</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*April-September 2018 **Includes overlap of beneficiaries ***Unique beneficiaries, excluding overlap

Focus Area for Activity 1-3, 5-6: Crisis response. Focus Area for Activity 5: Resilience building.

### Donors (2018, listed alphabetically)*

- Canada
- Denmark
- European Union
- Germany
- Japan
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- United Kingdom

* Private and multilateral Donors not included

### Contact

wfp.southsudan@wfp.org

Follow us on Twitter—@WFP_SouthSudan