

© UNICEF/Venezuela/zong/Cabral. A child vaccinated during the 'Jornadas' carried out at the State Elementary School 'Negro Primero II', located in the community of Caucagüita, Sucre municipality Miranda State.



Venezuela Situation Report



SITUATION IN NUMBERS

June 2019

Inside Venezuela: *

3.2 million

of children in need of assistance (Internal UN estimate)

7 million

of people in need of assistance (Internal UN estimate)

* the ECCA is working through the sectors to finalize the estimates in preparation for the HRP.

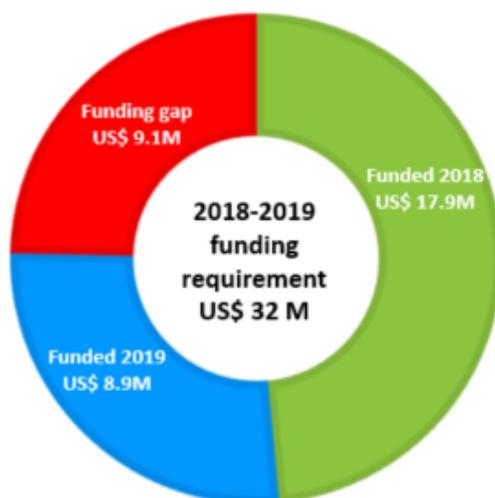
Outside Venezuela:

4 million

of refugees and migrants from Venezuela worldwide (Regional Inter-Agency Coordination Platform, June 2019)

UNICEF Financial Ceiling 2018-2019

US\$ 32 million



Highlights

- In Táchira state, 9,050 children under 5 and pregnant and lactating women were screened for malnutrition. 7,469 received micronutrients supplementation to prevent micronutrient deficiencies.
- The Immunization Campaign of the Americas was carried out from 13 May to 30 June. With UNICEF's support, children and adolescents were vaccinated against yellow fever, diphtheria, tetanus and measles. UNICEF has also contributed with vaccines and logistics support, to the nationwide polio vaccination campaign, which will begin in July.
- UNICEF and implementing partners, reached over 12,000 people with the distribution of purifying tablets, and promotion of hygiene practices in the states of Zulia, Bolivar, Miranda and Táchira.
- 40,000 people have benefited with the distribution of inter-agency emergency health kits (IEHKs), containing critical medical supplies, in Táchira, Zulia, Bolivar and Gran Caracas.
- Training activities on the use of educational kits (ECD and recreational kits, and school in a box) were implemented in 24 schools in the states of Anzoátegui and Táchira, benefitting 6,959 children and adolescents and 183 teachers.
- School feeding pilot programme has been initiated in ten schools of Miranda state, benefitting 3,257 students and 277 teachers. The objective is to reach 8,000 students by September 2019.
- In partnership with the Ministry of Health, 40,814 birth certificates were provided to ensure children are officially registered allowing them to access basic services.

UNICEF's Response with Partners

Sectors	UNICEF Target	Total Results 2019
Health: # of pregnant women and new-born children receiving maternal and neonatal services	99,376	12,475
Nutrition: # of children, pregnant and breastfeeding women receiving micronutrient supplementation	251,483	83,852
WASH: # of people provided with access to safe drinking water	341,000	184,233
Education: # of girls and boys reached with educational and recreational materials	131,000	66,907
Child Protection: # of children provided with psychosocial support including access CFSs	70,723	11,940

*Funds available include funding received in 2019 as well as funds available in 2018. Funding requirements are currently under revision with the ongoing inter-agency response plan development.

Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

Following the border opening with Brazil in May 2019, Venezuelan authorities re-opened all official crossing points with Colombia on 8 June 2019, culminating in an increase of pendular movements, which can lead to associated risks of violence, trafficking, exploitation and abuse of children and adolescents. Colombian authorities reported on 8 June, that over 70,000 people crossed the official borders, 34,000 of them into Colombia and 40,000 into Venezuela.¹

Irregularity in power and water provision is still persistent in several states, and fuel shortages has led to limited access to basic services and negatively impacted daily activities of thousands of Venezuelans, with reports of long queues to refuel in different cities as well as overcharges in the price of gasoline. Furthermore, the beginning of the rainy season has been marked by heavy rains with floods, landslides and closure of roads across Táchira state. According to Civil Protection authorities, no families have been directly affected.

UNICEF has been carrying out missions to assess needs and identify opportunities for implementing comprehensive interventions. Latest missions, by the health and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) sectors, identified lack of safe water in hospitals, as well as poor maintenance of WASH facilities as main priorities to tackle. During a three-day mission to Delta Amacuro, several issues have been identified mainly relating to the degradation of water supply and sanitation systems, and worrisome hygiene and environmental conditions. Due to lack of access to safe drinking water, children met during the missions and local information sources point to a protracted situation of diarrheal infections leading to severe dehydration. Low levels of school attendance are also a concern, along with higher than usual prevalence of malaria cases, measles and diphtheria. UNICEF is planning to conduct a joint follow-up visit with local authorities at state and municipal level to cover matters related to child protection and education.

Following an invitation of the Venezuelan government, the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, Michelle Bachelet, visited the country from 19-21 June. Ms. Bachelet met a wide range of actors, including President Nicolas Maduro, other senior Government officials, the President of the National Assembly, civil society, business representatives, academics and other stakeholders, as well as victims of human rights violations and abuses together with their families. A team of two UN human rights officers remained in the country, with an agreed mandate to provide technical assistance and advice, and to monitor the human rights situation.

Estimated Population in Need of Assistance

(Internal UN estimate: the UN Country Team is working through the sectors to finalize the estimates in preparation for the inter-agency response plan)

Start of response: October 2018

	Total	Male	Female
Total Population in Need	7,000,000	3,507,000	3,493,000
Children (Under 19)	3,200,000	1,603,200	1,596,800
Children Under Five	825,629	413,640	411,989
Children Under One	213,020	109,918	103,101
Pregnant women	141,337	-	141,337

Humanitarian Leadership and Coordination

On 22 May, the Resident Coordinator Mr. Peter Grohmann was designated by the UN Emergency Relief Coordinator as Humanitarian Coordinator for Venezuela.

The Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) continues to be actively involved in the development and finalization of the Inter-agency Response Plan, in consultation with government' line ministries and other public and non-public national and local

¹ Migración Colombia, 'Comunicado Oficial', 9 June 2019, <<http://bit.ly/2XO7gKH>>, accessed 16 July 2019.

partners.² In this regard, consultations have taken place with the Ministry of Education, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Water Resources as well as with the National Nutrition Institute, the National Water Company and the Ombudsman.

In June, UNICEF actively participated in the finalization of the Inter-Agency Response Plan, which is a holistic framework structured around operational objectives, implementation modalities, planning and monitoring strategies encompassing the following six sectors across up to 10 priority states: health (led by PAHO/WHO), food security, nutrition, WASH, education and protection. UNICEF leads the nutrition, WASH and education sectors, and assumed its leadership under child protection in support of HCR leadership role of the protection sector. Moreover, UNICEF participates actively in the health coordination group. In late May, UNICEF and the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) signed a collaboration agreement to strengthen cooperation in response to the needs of children, adolescents, mothers and pregnant women in Venezuela. Through this agreement, UNICEF and UNFPA will share information and technical resources in essential areas such as health, nutrition, child protection, water, hygiene and gender-based violence (GBV).³ With regard to fostering a joint response to the needs of migrants, the two agencies are developing an integrated pilot project for women and children at the San Antonio bus terminal – one the busiest terminal in the country used by migrants at the border with Colombia.

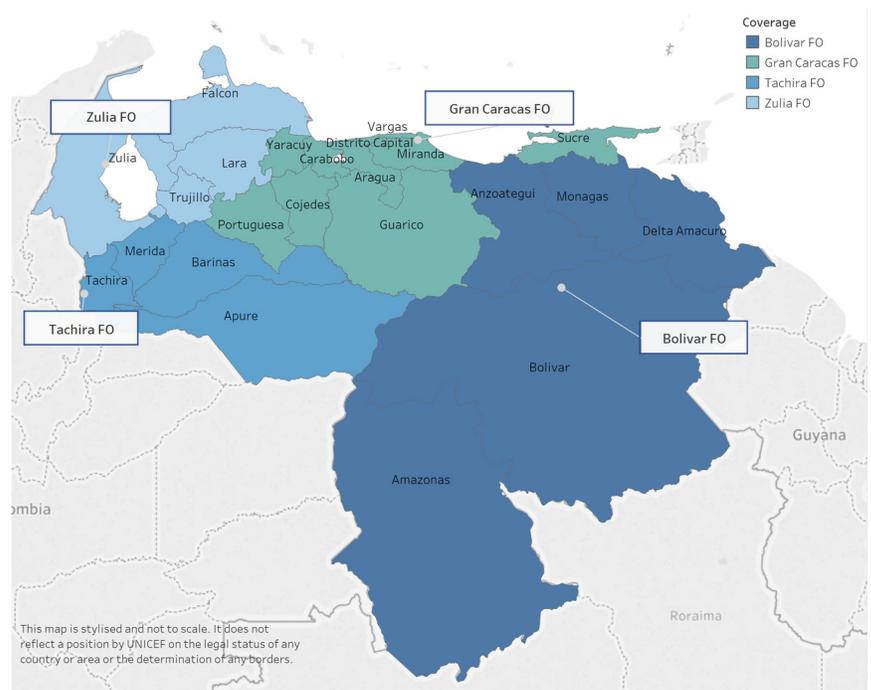
Humanitarian Strategy

UNICEF is the UN agency with the largest operational footprint in Venezuela, with 98 people on the ground and four Field Offices (Gran Caracas, Zulia, Bolivar and Táchira). As part of the UN Venezuela Scale-Up Strategy, UNICEF has revised its Country Programme Document with a Scale-up Plan valued at US\$ 32 million for 2018-2019. This plan, endorsed by the Government of Venezuela in October 2018, expands the scope and reach of its cooperation to address emerging needs of children and women, including enhancing downstream strategies, field presence and service delivery activities. After the finalization of the HRP, the Scale up Plan will be revised to produce a 2019-2020 plan aligned with the inter-agency plan.

UNICEF operations are aligned and complementary to other agencies' efforts (PAHO/WHO, UNAIDS, UNHCR, FAO, IOM, UNFPA and UNDP). UNICEF works to strengthen national systems and expand the capacity of civil society organizations to respond to priority needs in maternal and neonatal health, WASH, education, child protection and nutrition, with an integrated approach where interventions reinforce each other within the same community.

UNICEF is strengthening its collaboration with subnational entities and has signed a framework agreement with the State of Táchira, as well as with the municipalities of San Cristobal, San Antonio and Pedro María Ureña in Táchira State. The agreements encompass all areas of collaboration between UNICEF and the subnational entities, including education, child protection, WASH, nutrition and health, and prevention and response to disasters. Moreover, UNICEF is strengthening its integrated interventions in the Gran Caracas area, particularly in the most vulnerable areas of

Map 1: UNICEF Field presence in Venezuela



² Ministry of Information and Communications. 'Venezuela y ONU crearan sistema de atención social', 10 May 2019, <<http://www.minci.gob.ve/venezuela-y-onu-crearan-sistema-de-atencion-social/>>, accessed 7 June 2019.

³ UNICEF, 'UNICEF and UNFPA join hands to support women, girls and children in Venezuela', 28 May 2019, <<https://www.unicef.org/lac/en/news-and-stories/unicef-and-unfpa-join-hands>>, accessed on 7 June 2019.

Baruta and Sucre municipalities (Miranda state), to ensure the maximum impact for the most vulnerable children and their families.

Summary Analysis of Programme Response

Health

The country continues to face shortages of fuel and power outages that affect communications between central, state and the most peripheral parts of the health system. Ensuring access to immunization, as well as child and maternal health care for the most vulnerable, remain critical priorities to improve the well-being of mothers and children and UNICEF in Venezuela strives to address these needs and overcome challenges linked to fuel shortages and power outages that affect logistic chains between central, state and the most peripherals points of delivery of the health system.

Four inter-agency emergency health kits (IEHKs), containing critical medical supplies and other important consumables for obstetric, newborn and child care were distributed in hospitals in the states of Táchira, Zulia, Bolivar and Gran Caracas, expecting to benefit 30,000 people. Furthermore, other critical supplies, such as medicines and medical supplies, have been provided to public health facilities to tackle outbreaks of measles, malaria, diphtheria, typhoid and other water borne diseases. Supply transportation and direct delivery, to designated health facilities, has been carried out by UNICEF. Items for management of acute water diarrhoea (AWD) and malaria have also been distributed across the country, with Bolivar as a prioritized state due to its preoccupying epidemiological profile for communicable diseases. In collaboration with UNAIDS and UNFPA, antibiotics and retroviral medicines for prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV (PMTCT), and paediatric treatment and care were delivered nationwide, benefitting 14 pregnant women and 12 children.

The Immunization Campaign of the Americas was carried out from 13 May to 30 June. With UNICEF's support, children and adolescents were vaccinated against yellow fever, diphtheria, tetanus and measles. According to preliminary data made available by the Ministry of Health (MoH), 93,761 children have received dT vaccines and 205,548 children under five were vaccinated against polio, during the month of May. Official data regarding the total coverage of the campaign is being consolidated and validated by the authorities. Additionally, the polio vaccination campaign is scheduled to start on 14 July and will roll out across the country until 11 August, targeting over 3 million children between 2 and 59 months of age. As previously reported, UNICEF has contributed to the campaign, by procuring 3,483,050 doses of Oral Polio Vaccine (bOPV) and 243,807 doses of Inactivated Polio Vaccine (IPV) and is supporting the MoH with logistics and transportation to ensure that vaccines reach all parts of the country.

During the month of June, the health section has been coordinating with nutrition and WASH sections to identify areas of interface to improve the quality of health care services provided to children in areas supported by UNICEF.

Nutrition

In June, the nutrition sector has focused on strengthening capacities of partners on nutrition in emergencies. UNICEF Venezuela, with ACF-UK, conducted two five-days trainings, in Caracas and San Cristobal (Táchira), reaching 54 participants from 24 civil organizations, as well as local implementing partners. Trainings focused on screening and identification of acute malnutrition, inpatient and outpatient treatment of malnutrition, as well as intervention with micronutrients, humanitarian coordination mechanisms, project design and monitoring, among other subjects.

As part of the strategy to reduce the technical gaps at state level, UNICEF trained 80 health workers, including paediatricians, doctors, nurses, nutritionists and students from Luis Razetti and JM de los Rios Hospitals, in addition to staff from NGOs Fundana and National Red Cross, in Distrito Capital and Anzoátegui. Training included capacity building on: i) anthropometric measures and nutrition diagnosis; ii) essential nutritional interventions; and iii) management of children with uncomplicated and complicated acute malnutrition. Moreover, in the state of Bolivar, previous trainings conducted by UNICEF have propelled initiatives at the local level by replicating them to 342 health workers, from 36 primary health services, specialized hospitals and implementing partners, participated in 12 workshops in the municipality of Heres, and two more in Caroní.

PALUZ, Project Hope, Fundana and Bolivar's Public Health Institute, Caritas and Corposalud Táchira implemented activities in targeted vulnerable communities, which included malnutrition screening, identification and management of acute

malnutrition, deworming, community malnutrition surveillance, among others. In Táchira, 9,050 children under 5 years of age and pregnant and lactating women were screened, of which 7,469 (82 per cent) received micronutrient supplementation to prevent micronutrient deficiencies. Also, 4,531 caregivers and parents of children under 5 years, with emphasis on infants under 23 months, had access to infant and young child feeding counselling (IYCF), and 7,500 people increased their knowledge on nutrition services and good practices at family level.

In addition, UNICEF Venezuela signed a work plan with the Ministry of Health to strengthen nutritional services in the primary health care network, benefiting approximately 218,000 children and pregnant and lactating women, between July 2019 and June 2020. Furthermore, in collaboration with the Ministry of Education and Ministry of Health, UNICEF will carry out a deworming national campaign targeting 4,200,000 children and adolescents as a strategy to improve nutrient absorption and nutrition status, mainly in schools. During June, planning and training sessions have been undertaken for the campaign scheduled to take place in October.

WASH

During the month of June 2019, UNICEF continued to ensure access to safe water, hygiene and sanitation, to the most vulnerable population. The chlorination of water trucks in Petare, a critical area of Gran Caracas, continued through the agreements with the municipal hydrological institute (*Instituto Municipal Autónomo de Aguas y Acueductos de Sucre* - IMAS by its Spanish acronym). 28,600 people were provided with access to safe water, thanks to the joint work between hydrological technicians and the community. In Táchira, the chlorination of water trucks by Civil Protection benefited over 2,000 people with safe water.

UNICEF and implementing partner, reached over 12,000 people with the distribution of water purification tablets and promotion of key hygiene practices in the states of Zulia, Bolivar, Tachira and Miranda. With this intervention, people will have access to safe water and this will contribute to reducing the spread of contagious diseases, such as hepatitis.

In order to address the increasing WASH demand services in Táchira, after the border reopening, UNICEF reinforced the hygiene kits distribution reaching 180 people and set up hydration points (200 water containers and 6 water tanks of 1,500 litres), as well as temporary toilets in bus terminals for local communities and migrant population. This will ensure access to safe water and sanitation to an approximate number of 5,500 people on a daily basis.

Furthermore, as part of a strategy to identify the population's needs in WASH sector, UNICEF conducted 11 assessments (six in Zulia, and five between Bolivar and Gran Caracas) in hospitals, schools and communities. Taking the evaluations' findings, UNICEF will work with partners to address needs, with specific and coordinated WASH interventions, once new funding is received for this purpose.

UNICEF has been working with the Ministry of Water, to assess infrastructures requiring assistance at the national level and with the hydrological institutions in the prioritized states of Bolivar, Táchira, Zulia and Distrito Capital, to benefit 2.8 million people with safe water. The cooperation agreement is expected to be finalized and signed in July and will also include other states such as Delta Amacuro, Amazonas, Apure, Miranda, Sucre and Carabobo, as well as other states identified in the future.

Education

During June, UNICEF distributed 330 educational kits to implementing partners, in Táchira, Zulia, Bolivar and Gran Caracas, which will be used by schools starting from September, with the beginning of the next school year. Moreover, educational activities on the use of the kits were implemented in 24 schools in the states of Anzoategui and Táchira, benefitting 6,959 children and adolescents and 183 teachers. UNICEF provided training to 1,283 teachers from the states of Táchira, Bolivar, Zulia, Apure, Miranda, Amazonas and Distrito Capital on educational kits and on the 'All to school' programme management.

Of the 6,959 children reached with educational and recreational materials across the country, in the state of Zulia 2,052 children participated in recreational activities outside the regular school program, which included psychosocial support to reduce stress and increase resilience following the country's complex situation. 101 teachers from indigenous territories benefitted from a training on psychosocial support activities in the state of Amazonas. 3,181 children and 79 teachers benefitted from the adaptation and implementation of the 'safe school strategy' in 15 schools of Zulia. The safe school strategy

includes risk management tools, for both natural and manmade disasters, as well as contingency plans and psychosocial support, as part of the school programs. Also, 188 teachers participated in the construction of pedagogical strategies, prioritizing content on adaptation competencies to address the reduction of the school journey.

As a strategy to guarantee school access and permanence, a school feeding pilot programme has been initiated in ten (10) schools of Miranda state, with UNICEF's partner Construyendo Futuros, benefitting 3,257 students and 277 teachers. The objective is to reach 8,000 students by September 2019.

UNICEF and the Ministry of Education, have moved forward on different issues, including a strategy for teacher training, collaborative work with educational zones (regional branches of the Ministry), the creation of a sectorial working group and on the design of an educational campaign to promote school attendance-permanence, as well as other curriculum-related topics aligned with UNICEF's priorities of handwashing and water treatment. In the educational zones of Táchira, Bolívar, Distrito Capital and Miranda state, regional coordination meetings were held to identify schools that will benefit from educational kits, teacher training, hygiene and water system reparation. Likewise, two presentations on UNICEF educational kits were delivered to directors and educational zone divisions heads in Distrito Capital and Miranda.

As part of UNICEF's monitoring activities, partners have been collecting information on school attendance in every educational centre, for a baseline definition and information analysis tool. For this purpose, monitoring commissions are being implemented in schools and training sessions are being delivered, and a protocol for school dropout prevention is being developed. Likewise, in partnership with the Ministry of Education and Ministry of Health a working group was established to design the 'deworming campaign,' together with UNICEF's sectors of nutrition, WASH and C4D. A pilot test took place in the school 'Claudio Feliciano' in Distrito Capital, which included the participation of deputy ministers and directors from both ministries. The campaign will be launched in October.

Child Protection

UNICEF continued supporting six interdisciplinary teams composed of social workers, lawyers and psychologists, to support 16 Child Protection Councils in the states of Zulia, Lara, Táchira, Apure and Bolívar, and strengthen national capacities for case management of children victims of violence. During the reporting period, the teams supported 4,384 children with referral and protection measures. Also, with partners, UNICEF continues to monitor cases of adolescents involved in demonstrations.

Likewise, UNICEF and partners raised awareness with 2,189 people on how to work with families to prevent separation, safe migration processes and positive parenting in the states of Apure, Lara, Miranda, Vargas, Distrito Capital, Bolívar, Táchira and Zulia, which will benefit around 10,000 families on their coverage area, through civil society and government organizations. Training has been given to the Red Cross on prevention of family separation and UNICEF's psychosocial support strategy.

UNICEF, along with its Field Offices, is in the process of identifying new partnerships to expand and strengthen child protection programmes and services for children survivors of sexual violence, children left behind and children living in the streets in Zulia, Táchira, Bolívar and Gran Caracas. In addition, a new programme on psychosocial support activities and specialized protection has been developed for Gran Caracas, along with the municipalities of Baruta and Chacao, aiming at reaching 58,582 children with specialized child protection services and 6,508 vulnerable children whom are going to be reached through three community programs.

In partnership with the Ministry of Health, 40,814 birth certificates were provided to hospitals, to ensure children are properly registered allowing them to access basic services.

Throughout the month of June, 2,904 children and adolescents attended UNICEF-supported child-friendly spaces and community spaces in different states, including Miranda, Lara, Yaracuy, Portuguesa, Carabobo, Bolívar, Táchira, Trujillo, Vargas and Distrito Capital, receiving psychosocial support. In child-friendly and community spaces, children with specific protection needs were identified and referred to national authorities in cooperation with UNICEF Brazil and Colombia offices.

Communications for Development (C4D), Community Engagement and Accountability to Affected Population

The community engagement programme called '*Jornadas con los Niños*' (Days with the children) continued in June, with five days throughout the month, one in Caracas and four in Táchira. This initiative aims at expanding access to service and sharing key information with the most at-risk population. The first *jornada* held in Petare, the most populated slum in the country, reached 1,203 participants, including 967 children. UNICEF and its partners jointly conducted 35 activities, providing 4,115 single services and information activities, including nutritional assessment and deworming, orientation on nutrition and breastfeeding, immunizations, legal orientation, child friendly spaces, workshops on inclusion of disabled children, back to school orientation, family planning for adolescents, handwashing training, on gender violence and good treatment, art therapy for children, storytelling, and a classical concert from UNICEF's Goodwill Ambassador, FundaMusical. Additionally, 237 families received 4,740 aquatabs and information on water treatment.

At the end of each '*Jornada*', an assessment was made with the civil society organizations and civil protection authorities involved in the activity. In Petare, the main needs identified, included: immunization, water and nutrition services. Also, as part of the recommendations from the communities, during previous events, UNICEF carried out a training of trainers (ToT) in Táchira for 30 health professionals to strengthen their capacity to render services that place a heavier attention to the human stress (personal and environmental) experienced by the most vulnerable beneficiaries. Other '*Jornadas*' are scheduled to take place during July 2019, in Zulia and Bolívar states, as well as in Petare.

UNICEF, in partnership with the Ministry of Education and the Ministry of Water, developed messages and initiated dissemination of GIFs to promote preventive measures to avoid worm contamination. WASH messages were also promoted through UNICEF social media accounts as part of the communication strategy for the deworming campaign, reaching a potential audience of 9,740 people. A UNICEF social media post on child protection – on the right to birth certification- was also published, to inform on the importance of a birth certification, as a condition to access basic services.⁴ In addition, as part of Migration Communication Campaign launched in May, UNICEF Venezuela jointly with UNICEF Colombia, disseminated key messages on legal migration requirements and trafficking prevention, through posters, onboard magazines and ticket holders.

Supply and Logistics

During June, education, WASH, health, and nutrition supplies worth US\$2,069,358 were dispatched by UNICEF to implementing partners. A total of 28 trucks were sent from the central warehouse of Caracas to different states in the country. Most distributed commodities were related to health and nutrition (US\$2,043,370).

Media and External Communication

UNICEF is working to increase visibility on main needs of children in Venezuela, as well as UNICEF's response in the country. In June, digital communication reported an approximate reach of 171,000 people through 42 posts on immunization campaign, WASH, education and protection.

On traditional media, two interviews were conducted: i) local radio interview by the health officer in Táchira FO; ii) an international digital outlet by the Communication Specialist⁵.

A multimedia mission, headed by the Global Communication Director, took place on 3-6 June in some of the most vulnerable neighbourhoods of Caracas, where children are benefiting from UNICEF's interventions on WASH, nutrition, health, education and protection⁶. Multimedia material was produced and disseminated through social media channels, including 1,100 photos and videos:

- Mission of the Global Communication Director: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f0Y-CjoRYEk>
- Delivery of health supplies to Táchira: <https://twitter.com/unicefvenezuela/status/1142214390982336513>

⁴ UNICEF Venezuela, Facebook <<https://bit.ly/2YYMP5X>>, accessed on 12 July 2019.

⁵ Brasil de Fato, 'How the work of humanitarian aid agencies in Venezuela works', 22 June 2019, <<http://bit.ly/2NH5gL7>>, accessed on 9 July 2019.

⁶ UNICEF, 'UNICEF increases its humanitarian aid to children in Venezuela and delivers 55 tons of health supplies since January', 7 June 2019, <https://www.unicef.org/venezuela/spanish/media_39637.html>, accessed on 7 June 2019.

- Human-interest stories on C4D Jornadas in Caucaguaita: <https://www.instagram.com/p/BzWne0TB0NU/>
- UNICEF intervention on education, child protection and WASH in Petare, one of the poorest neighborhood in Caracas: <https://youtu.be/UnAmTSsDdw4>

Funding

In October 2018, the Venezuela CO scaled up its Country Programme Document (CPD) with an updated budget of US\$ 32 million for 2018 and 2019. UNICEF is deeply grateful for the generous contributions received during the month of June for WASH, education, health, nutrition and child protection sectors for over US\$ 0.6 million. Although the total funds available for the Venezuela programme and operations as of June 2019 has increased to US\$ 26.8 million, the funding raising efforts continue as an imminent funding shortfall could severely impact the most under-funded sectors namely education, WASH and nutrition. With the beginning of the new school year fast approaching, funds are urgently needed to procure and distribute education kits including recreation kits, school in a box kits and Early Childhood Development (ECD) kits in the most vulnerable communities of Distrito Capital, Miranda, Táchira, Bolívar and Zulia states, and start the training of teachers across these states on practical ways to make the best use of these items. Moreover, in order to help the retention of teachers, UNICEF will need additional funding to establish an incentives programme to improve their working conditions and reduce the trend of teachers leaving their profession. Likewise, to ensure the continuity and expansion of UNICEF's support for chlorination of water sources across the country, additional funds are required, to fast-track this critical intervention considering the devastating and long-lasting impact of the lack of access to safe water to the health and nutrition conditions of children. UNICEF's sectoral funding requirements and targets have been revised and are aligned with the forthcoming Inter-agency Response Plan, and will be reflected in the next Venezuela Situation Report.

Funding Requirements (as defined in the Country Programme Document)					
Appeal Sector	Requirements*	Funds available		Funding gap	
		Funded 2018	Funded 2019	US\$	%
WASH	5,561,822	1,611,837	1,369,891	2,580,094	46%
Education	3,651,192	1,088,299	728	2,562,165	70%
Health	7,945,198	6,232,142	5,664,485	-	-
Nutrition	10,971,690	6,750,194	540,948	3,680,548	34%
Child Protection	3,870,098	2,210,459	1,331,185	328,454	8%
TOTAL	32,000,000	17,892,931	8,907,236	9,151,261	29%

*Sectoral requirements include a proportion for Monitoring and Evaluation activities.

Next SitRep: 16/08/2019

UNICEF Venezuela: <https://www.unicef.org/venezuela/spanish/>

UNICEF Venezuela Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/unicefvenezuela/>

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SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS

	UNICEF and Partners		
	2019 Target	Total Results (1 Jan-30 June)	Progress last month (1 June-30 June)
HEALTH⁷			
# of pregnant women and newborn children receiving maternal and neonatal services in UNICEF-supported facilities	99,376	12,475	5,353
# of boys and girls vaccinated against Polio	3,246,322 ⁸	250,815	250,548 ⁹
# of boys and girls from 7 to 15 years old vaccinated against diphtheria	4,823,288	161,733	93,761 ¹⁰
# of children and pregnant women receiving malarial diagnosis and treatment	60,000	27,668	1,851
# of children, girls and pregnant women (PW) receiving antiretroviral treatment for HIV	4,000 (PW) 2,000 children	174 PW 1,274 children	14 PW 12 children
NUTRITION			
# of children under 5 years accessing UNICEF-supported primary healthcare services for management of MAM and SAM uncomplicated cases	13,580	4,414	559
# of children under 5 years accessing UNICEF-supported specialized health services for management of MAM and SAM complicated cases.	2,397	96	30
# of targeted caregivers of children 0-23 months with access to IYCF counselling for appropriate feeding	69,216	33,944	4,531
# of boys and girls (6-59 months), pregnant and breastfeeding women receiving micronutrient supplementation	251,483	83,852	7,469
# of people with increased knowledge on life saving skills, good practices and available services (Nutrition)	26,546	45,314	18,337
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE			
# of people provided with hygiene kits or key hygiene items or access to hand washing points with soap or similar items	115,500	1,716	180
# of people reached with messages on life saving skills, good practices (Health, Nutrition, Hygiene) and protective practices or information on available services	200,000	29,214	703
# of people provided with access to safe drinking water	341,000	184,233	30,621
# of people with access to WASH services in health centers, schools, learning spaces, child friendly spaces and shelters	40,000	18,735	435
EDUCATION			
# of girls and boys regularly attending UNICEF-supported schools	131,000 ¹¹	0	0
# of girls and boys reached with educational and recreational materials	131,000	66,907	6,959
# of girls and boys receiving psychosocial support in schools	60,000	13,642	1,642
# of people reached with messages on relevance of education	17,831	39,311	332
CHILD PROTECTION			
# of girls and boys provided with psychosocial support including access to Child-friendly Spaces (CFSs) with intersectoral programming interventions	70,723	11,940	2,904
# of people reached in communities where social support networks to prevent and address violence, abuse and exploitation (including GBV) - with emphasis on migrant routes - have being mobilized and strengthened with UNICEF support.	32,735	18,734	11,506
# of children under 1 year receiving birth certification	453,600	156,780	40,814
# of people reached with messages on life saving skills and protective practices or information on uptake of services in UNICEF-supported facilities	23,706	2,376	1,051

⁷ Total Results' figures have been updated. UNICEF received updated cumulative data from partners for the Jan-May period, not previously reported.

⁸ This target will be achieved when the national vaccination campaign ends. The Polio campaign will take place from 14 July to 11 August 2019 as per information from MoH.

⁹ Preliminary data for the month of May 2019, provided by the Ministry of Health. Data regarding total coverage is being consolidated and validated by the Ministry of Health.

¹⁰ Ibid

¹¹ This indicator will be reported at the end of the year.