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Nigeria
Humanitarian Situation
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 for every child

Highlights

The total number of IDPs in the three northeast states has slightly increased to 1.9 million people. The increase is attributed to renewed escalation of security incidents relating to the ongoing hostilities between non-state armed groups (NSAGs) and security forces (SF) in the region. The HNO/HRP process is ongoing in the north-east and assessments and inter-agency dialogues continue with the escalating crises in the north-west

With UNICEF's support:

- 27,898 boys and girls aged 6-59 months with Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) were admitted for treatment and therapeutic feeding.
- 216,581 (48 per cent children) women and men were reached with out-patient consultations.
- 7,373 beneficiaries including 3,251 girls, 3,195 boys were reached with critical child protection services
- 138,836 people reached with key hygiene messages in Borno and Yobe.

Situation in Numbers

4.6 million

children in need of humanitarian assistance (HAC 2020)

7.9 million

people in need (HAC 2020)

3.8 million

people targeted (HAC 2020)

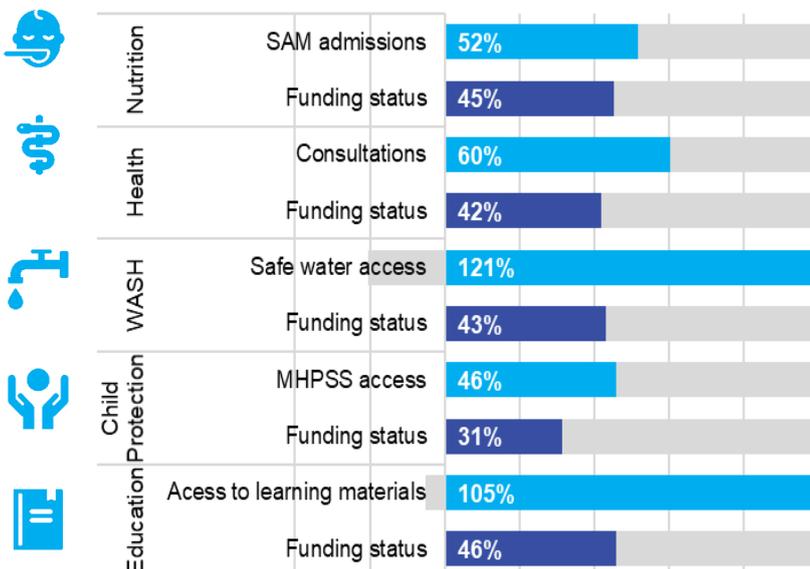
1.9 million

Internally displaced people (IDPs) North-east (IOM DTM Round XXXII, June 2020)

150,000 (IDPs) North-west (State emergency management agencies)

UNICEF's Response and Funding Status

UNICEF Appeal 2020
US\$ 145.1 million



Funding Overview and Partnerships

In 2020, UNICEF is requesting US\$ 145.1 million to provide life-saving services to 3.8 million people, including 2.2 million children. Funds currently available amount to US\$ 63.6 million resulting in a **56 percent funding gap**. UNICEF's ability to provide a sustained, integrated package of WASH, nutrition and health, child protection and education in emergencies services for the survival and development of vulnerable children is hampered by this lack of funding.

Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

Northeast

More than 1,921,903 people remain internally displaced across the three north eastern states of Adamawa, Borno and Yobe, of whom 81 per cent are in Borno.¹ This represents an increase of roughly one hundred thousand IDPs compared to the same period 2019. The increase can be attributed to the continuous deterioration of security and poor humanitarian access mainly across Borno State.

During the reporting period, President Buhari met with the Governor of Borno to discuss the security situation in Borno and the Lake Chad region. It is the first face to face meeting to take place since the COVID-19 containment measures were put in place. Nigeria also announced it will resume oil exploration in the Lake Chad Basin, on the side of Borno State. The exercise was suspended by the government in 2017 after suspected NSAGs attacked a team of geological engineers from the University of Maiduguri who were engaged by the Nigeria National Petroleum Corporation.

In Yobe State the government in collaboration with NEMA provided support to floods victims in Yunusari Local Government Area (LGA) and conducted an in-depth assessment of the affected areas. In Adamawa State, the government pledged support to seasonal famers with farm inputs with the aim to improve food security in the state. The decision followed complaints of low yield of farm produce by farmers as a result of low rainfall for this year cropping season

Northwest

The recession of flood waters as the rains reduced has come with a significant increase in violent attacks, abductions and displacements of rural populations. The month of October has seen the highest number of such reported incidents since May 2020 after a calmer rainy season. Non-governmental organizations are conducting rapid assessments in the north-western states, primarily focusing on Zamfara to determine needs and opportunities for response. The Inter-Agency Technical Committee has drafted a presentation on the needs and recommendations to be delivered at a humanitarian country team meeting.

Summary Analysis of Programme Response

Nutrition

Northeast

A total of 27,898 boys and girls aged 6-59 months with severe acute malnutrition (SAM) were admitted for treatment and therapeutic feeding. All the discharge performance indicators for the Out-Patient Therapeutic Programme (OTP) were within the recommended Sphere standards; 96.6% cure rate, 2.3% defaulter rate, 0.6% death rate and 0.5% of non-responders to treatment.

For the prevention of malnutrition 32,146 pregnant women and caregivers of boys and girls aged 0-23 months benefitted from counselling on optimal Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) through community-based Mother-to-mother support groups and skilled counselling at nutrition facility. A total of 18,943 boys and girls 6-23 months received micronutrient powder (MNP) meant for improving the quality of complementary food. Activities listed below were carried out in the month of October 2020 and some were key in achieving the above-mentioned results:

- A total of 720,266 boys and girls aged 6-59 months were screened to identify and early detection of acute malnutrition at household-level by the Community Nutrition Mobilizers. Out of these children, 12,997 (1.8%) were identified with SAM whilst 37,359 (5.2%) were identified with Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM).
- On-the-job coaching and supportive supervision visits conducted to 143 OTP sites, 12 stabilization centers (SCs), 108 IYCF corners, 176 mother support groups and 690 community nutrition mobilizers.

¹ IOM DTM Round XXXIII (September 2020).

- In October 2020, a total of 189 boys and girls aged 6-59 months were screened from UNICEF-supported reception centers in IDP Camps across hard to reach areas of Bama, Gwoza, Mobbar and Ngala LGAs of Borno state. Out of the 189 children, 11 (5.8%) were found with SAM while 15 (7.9%) were found with MAM. A total of 47 (25%) were from other accessible LGAs, 105 (55%) came from neighboring countries of Niger, Cameroon and Chad while the remaining 37 (20%) were from inaccessible locations. All children with SAM were enrolled in the therapeutic feeding and treatment service delivery sites.
- A total of 200 nutrition service providers and four nutrition focal persons received refresher trainings on integrated nutrition package including GBV. The trainings were conducted in two batches each in Nguru, Geidam, Gulani and Karasuwa LGAs. COVID-19 IPC measures were adhered to during the training sessions. Preparations have been concluded to commence the training of 200 additional nutrition service providers in Bade, Jakusko, Bursari and Yusufari LGAs.
- In Yobe, UNICEF provided Vitamin A, Iron Folic Acid and deworming tablets and supportive supervision and monitoring during a one-week integrated medical outreach with the State Ministry. A total of 676,431 U5 Children and 187,897 Pregnant women were targeted for the activity. Results for this activity are being compiled and will be shared soon.
- A total of 345 Health workers were re-trained on integrated nutrition service packages (CMAM, IYCF, MNP), Gender-based violence (GBV) & PSEA in southern Borno from 5th -31st October.
- A training was conducted on Logistics & Supply Chain Management, Supervision & Coordination in Borno and Yobe for 96 participants in October. In attendance were state nutrition team, Logistics officers, LGA officers, Nutrition and WASH partners, State Supervisors, and LGA facilitators.

Northwest

120,037 children under five years, in violence affected areas of Sokoto and Zamfara states were screened for malnutrition in October. 3,928 (representing 3.3 percent) of these children were identified using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) less than 11.5cm indicating SAM, while 34,912 (representing 29 percent of the total) had MUAC between 11.5 and 12.4 cm indicating MAM.

2,692 children with severe acute malnutrition were admitted into 28 emergency SAM treatment sites in the two states. In the same period, 2,266 children were discharged cured of SAM from these outpatient treatment sites. For prevention of malnutrition, 10,018 caregivers of children 0-23 months, received counselling and key messages on infant and young child feeding. 2,159 pregnant women also received iron folate supplementation for the prevention and treatment of anaemia.

Health

A total of 216,581 children, women and men were reached with Out-patient department (OPD) consultations for integrated Primary Health Care (PHC) services in all UNICEF supported health facilities in IDP camps and host communities in Adamawa, Borno and Yobe States, out of which 104,345 (48%) were children below five years. During the reporting period, 108,998 OPD consultations for curative services were recorded, with Malaria-44,267 being the major cause of consultations, followed by Acute Respiratory Infections – 18,982; Acute Watery Diarrhoea (AWD) – 9,405; measles – 160, and other medical conditions – 36,184.

A total of 98,409 consultations for prevention services were recorded, including

- 5,708 children vaccinated against measles through Routine Immunization (RI) sessions,
- 47,146 children and pregnant women reached with various other antigens (Penta, Oral Polio Vaccine (OPV), Tetanus toxoid (TT), Hepatitis, Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV), Meningitis and Yellow Fever);
- 12,196 reached with Vitamin A capsules,
- 8,154 with Albendazole tablets for deworming,
- 21,177 Ante-Natal Care (ANC) visits,
- 4,028 LLINs distributed through RI and ANC clinics in Adamawa, Borno and Yobe States,
- A total of 3,259 deliveries (skilled delivery – 3,022, unskilled – 237),
- 5,952 postnatal/home visits were recorded during the reporting period.

WASH

Emergency water trucking (60m³) is being provided for 4,000 people in Pulka. Access to safe water was provided to 2,760 people through the optimization of two solar powered boreholes in Gwoza LGA. As part of the cholera preparedness and prevention strategy, UNICEF in collaboration with Borno State Ministry of Water Resources sustained access to safe water to 2,100,000 through urban water chlorination Maiduguri and Adamawa.

UNICEF, through its partners sustained operations and maintenance of 169 boreholes (including bucket chlorination for 259,401, beneficiaries) in Jere, MMC, Rann/kalaBalge, Gwoza (Pulka) LGAs. Batch chlorination for (464,564 beneficiaries) at 807 community water points in Jere and MMC.

Safe sanitation facilities were provided for 3,600 people through construction of 120 emergency latrines and 60 bathing shelters in Muna Garage and Farm Centre camps. 30,630 people living in cholera high risk teacher's village, Camps A&D in Pulka benefited from operation and maintenance and disinfection of 1020 latrines. Desludging of 3,895 latrines for 194,750 new beneficiaries was achieved in 22 IDP camps in Borno. A total 138,836 people reached with key hygiene messages in Borno and Yobe.

Child Protection

UNICEF through its implementing partners reached a total of 7,373 beneficiaries (3,251 girls, 3,195 boys, 52 female youth, 183 male youth, 622 women, and 70 men) with critical child protection services. The services included community based psychosocial support services (PSS), alternative care for Unaccompanied and Separated Children (UASC), prevention and response to gender based violence and reintegration services for children released from armed groups. The breakdown includes 5,550 children (2,758 girls, 2,792 boys) who accessed community based psychosocial support services, 437 people (95 girls, 89 boys, 43 female youth, 38 male youth, 102 women and 70 men) received information on child rights violation, 51 children (23 girls, 28 boys) placed in alternative care and four children (two girls, two boys) reunified with their caregivers; 299 children (175 girls, 124 boys) accessed community reintegration services. A total of 488 people (184 girls, 160 boys and 7 female youth, 132 male youth) affected by protection risks and GBV received specialized support services including medical care and case management services while 472 people (13 male youth, 459 women) were reached with GBV prevention and response messages.

UNICEF continues to provide technical support to the Borno State Ministry of Women and Social Development (BSMWASD) in the management of interim-care services for children cleared of association with non-state armed groups (NSAGs) at the Bulumkutu Transit Center. A total 29 children and 17 women at the Bulumkutu centre continue to receive emergency child protection services.

The Child Protection in Emergency continues to work with UNICEF Education to mainstream PSS and GBV in schools through the training of teachers to manage cases or make referrals. UNICEF through its implementing partners continued to provide alternative care arrangement of UASC along with follow up visits based on the agreed child protection minimum standards which solely depends on the priority level and actions required by the care plan of a case. 51 children (23 girls, 28 boys) were placed in alternative care and have since benefitted from follow up visits by caseworkers.

Education

In October 2020, UNICEF and partners improved access to education for an estimated 149,773 conflicted-affected children (64,760 girls and 85,013 boys) through the provision of teaching and learning materials, essential supplies, training of teachers and provision WASH items in Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Borno and Yobe states.

This achievement includes 83,024 children (39,159 girls and 43,865 boys) who benefited from the provision of teaching and learning materials to schools in communities in Jere, Konduga, Mafa and Maiduguri LGAs of Borno state and Damaturu, Fune and Gubja LGAs of Yobe state. A total of 124,256 (56,072 girls and 68,184 boys) in schools and radio learning hubs benefited from the distribution of radios in schools and communities in Jere, Konduga, Mafa and Maiduguri LGAs of Borno state and Bade, Damaturu, Fika, Fune, Gujba and Potiskum LGAs of Yobe state.

A total of 344 Teachers (179 females and 165 males) were trained in psychosocial support (PSS), TaRL (Teach at the Right Level) methodology and COVID-19 mitigation during the reporting period in schools in Jere, Konduga, and

Maiduguri LGAs of Borno state and Fune LGA of Yobe State. A total of 32,245 children (15,953 girls and 16,292 boys) reached by teachers trained in Psychosocial support in schools in Biu, Gwoza, Jere, Konduga, Maiduguri and Shani LGAs of Borno State and Bade, Fika and Fune LGAs of Yobe State.

Additionally, a total of 79 School-Based Management Community (SBMC) members (22 females and 57 males) were trained in PSS, COVID-19 Mitigation, Disaster Risk Reduction, Prevention of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA) and TaRL in Jere, Konduga and Maiduguri LGAs of Borno State and Fune LGA of Yobe State.

Communication for Development (C4D)

In Borno and Yobe, 623,767 households were visited by the Volunteer Community Mobilizers (VCMs) in October, reaching 910,233 caregivers (96,683 IDPs) with messages on COVID-19, hygiene, exclusive breastfeeding (EBF), ANC, RI and others. 4,692 compound meetings were conducted with 43,329 participants. 883 Jumaat mosques delivered sermons with pro-health and COVID 19 messages and 434 Churches did the same.

In Adamawa, 205 individuals reached with key messages on COVID-19 and other PHC services while 232 were reached in Daware host community for the IDPs. COVID-19 sensitization activities focused on displaced persons with 276 individuals reached in Fufore IDP Camp, 185 in Malkohi IDP camp and 126 in St. Theresa's Camp.

External Communication

UNICEF Nigeria within the humanitarian response in the north-east continue to disseminate information through press releases, human interest stories, graphics, videos and photos through its website and social media platforms ([UNICEF Nigeria](#), [Twitter](#), [Facebook](#), [Instagram](#), [YouTube](#))

Supplies

A total of 14,560 cartons of ready to use therapeutic food (RUTF) and 57,469 packets of Micronutrient Powder was delivered to government (2,812 RUTF Cartons and 12,000 MNP Packs) and partners (11,748 RUTF Cartons and 45,469 MNP Packs) implementing nutrition services.

UNICEF supported the SPHCDA in Adamawa, Borno and Yobe States with essential medicines for integrated emergency PHC services in supported clinics in IDP camps and host communities.

Next SitRep: November 2020

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Summary of Programme Results (HAC 2020)

Sector	UNICEF HAC			SECTOR NE		
	2020 Target	Total Results	Change since last report	2020 Target	Total Results	Change since last report
NUTRITION						
Number of children 6-59 months with Severe Acute Malnutrition admitted to therapeutic care for specified period of time	455,619	235,399	30,590	255,619	211,550	27,898
Proportion of children 6-59 months with severe acute malnutrition recovered	>75%	96.30%	0.3	>75%	95.4%	0.1
Number of new caregivers of children 0-23 months with access to IYCF counselling for appropriate feeding	167797	340,635	-	269,492	592,873	
Number of new children 6-23 months in the affected areas receiving multiple micronutrient powder	156,490	105,300		391,227	173,612	
HEALTH						
Number of children 6 months - 15 years vaccinated against measles	1,186,800	264,824	5,708			
Number of consultations for IDPs and affected host communities	3,713,100	2,303,637	216,581			
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE*						
Number of people gain access to safe water (at least 15 litres per capita per day) for drinking, cooking and personal hygiene	250,000	301,283	2,760	523,544	1,021,921	2,760
Number of people have sustained access to safe water for drinking, cooking and personal hygiene	500,000	608,1362	0	2,394,019	3,831,183	0
Number of IDPs in camps gaining access to gender segregated sanitation facilities and services (latrines, showers, handwashing stations) as per SPHERE standard	300,000	336,073	3,600	1,063,554	2,636,945	3,600
Number of people benefiting from community tailored hygiene messages aiming at hygienic behaviours and practices	1,126,800	756,129	138,836	2,394,019	3,699,972	463,186
Number of people benefiting from basic hygiene items including top-ups.	1,276,800	232,980	0	2,394,019	675,543	0
CHILD PROTECTION						
Number of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child friendly place	232,400	106,470	5,550	544,000	212,346	10,743
Number of children and caregivers reached with information on childcare and child protection including on grave child rights violations	147,200	43,610	437	430,000	121,127	3,695
Number of registered unaccompanied and separated children benefitting from alternative care arrangements	1,760	1426	51	4,400	1,310	9
Number of unaccompanied and separated children reunified with their caregivers	360	316	4	900	353	4
Number of children released from armed forces or groups who have benefited from community reintegration support	3,080	2,715	299	4,400	4,512	602
Number of children, adolescents and caregivers benefitting from mine risk education	25,000	-	-	0	-	-
Number of children and adolescents affected by protection risks who receive specialized support services including response to gender-based violence	1,400	2446	483	3,500	2446	483
Number of women and children provided with prevention information to address gender-based violence	48,536	3,660	472	500,276	3,660	472
Number of women and children provided with response interventions to address gender-based violence (GBV sub sector)	1,578	1297	77	200,000	1297	77

² *UNICEF supported urban water boards of Maiduguri and Adamawa to mitigate the risk of cholera and sustained access to safe water to 2.1 million people, these beneficiaries are not added in the table as it wasn't part of the target.

Sector	2020 Target	Total Results	Change since last report	2020 Target	Total Results	Change since last report
EDUCATION						
Number of conflict-affected boys and girls (3-17 years) attending a learning centre or school	400,452	519,818	149,773	638,679	724,709	149,773
Number of conflict-affected boys and girls (3-17 years) accessing alternative basic education models (Integrated Qur'anic Education and accelerated learning programmes)	121,477	115,943	0	173,538	274,336	0
Number of conflict-affected boys and girls (3-17 years) benefiting from learning supplies including ECD kits	584,797	297,356	83,024	812,218	362,728	83,024
Number of children accessing learning through rehabilitated classrooms/ established temporary learning spaces	94,050	15,997	0	150,000	16,647	0
Number of children receiving education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained on psychosocial support.	584,797	32,245	32,245	812,218	32,245	32,245
Number of teachers trained on psychosocial support skills and positive discipline	10,343	2,150	344	13,433	2,150	344

Annex B

Funding Status

Funding Requirements (as defined in the 2020 Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC))				
Appeal Sector	Requirements	Funds available*	Funding gap	
			USD	%
WASH	37,312,000	16,063,652	21,248,348	57%
Education	28,468,416	13,063,814	15,404,602	54%
Health	19,726,710	8,277,094	11,449,616	58%
Nutrition	47,886,640	21,647,034	26,239,606	55%
Child Protection	10,476,110	3,279,518	7,196,592	69%
EPR	1,250,000	1,231,504	-	0%
Total	145,119,876	63,562,616	81,557,260	56%