



NIGER

Humanitarian Situation Report



August 2019

SITUATION IN NUMBERS

Highlights

- A multi-sectoral assessment conducted by the Rapid Response Mechanism in 40 villages in the Maradi region found that refugees and host communities are in urgent need of shelter, household items, food security, nutrition, education, wash and protection assistance. 39,703 refugees have so far fled from atrocities in the Nigerian states of Sokoto, Zamfara and Kastina.
- A substantial increase in violent attacks attributed to non-state armed groups led to a **deteriorating security situation in Tillabéri region**.
- In **Diffa** region, the number of displaced people continues to grow steadily since March 2019 due to attacks by armed groups. 26 attacks against civilians and military were registered this month, with 29 civilian casualties. A **general increase in kidnapping cases** was observed. 40 people were abducted (including 11 women) this month alone, and from January to the end of August 2019, a total of 48 children were abducted (33 girls). In August 2019 alone, Child Protection actors reported 17 abducted children (8 girls).
- As of August 31, 2019, the **floods have already caused 24 deaths** and affected over 4,000 households. This situation is expected to worsen according to recent regional weather forecasts. UNICEF assists the Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Disaster Relief and the Directorate General of Civil Protection in collecting electronic data collection and carrying out multisectoral relief interventions.

UNICEF's Response with Partners

| *Cumulative results since January 2019 | UNICEF | | Sector/Cluster | |
|--|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | UNICEF Target | Total Results* | Cluster Target | Total Results* |
| Nutrition: # of children <5 with SAM admitted for treatment in Niger | 380,166 | 206,621 | 380,166 | 206,621 |
| Health: # of children <5 accessing life-saving services in Niger | 125,000 | 24,479 | n/a | n/a |
| WASH: # of people with access to safe water in Niger | 120,000 | 67,861 | 168,000 | 117,116 |
| Child Protection: # of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child-friendly spaces in Niger | 25,000 | 2727 | 75,000 | 8,695 |
| Education: # of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis accessing education | 68,300 | 11,853 | 136,700 | 23,366 |

31 August 2019

1.26 million

Children in need of humanitarian assistance in Niger

2.3 million

People in need (OCHA, Humanitarian Response Plan Niger, 2019)

380,166

Children affected by SAM nationwide (OCHA, Humanitarian Response Plan Niger, 2019)

38,668

Internally displaced children in Tillabéri / Tahoua, out of

76,634

Internally displaced people in Tillabéri / Tahoua (protection cluster, 31/05/19)

29,258

Children refugees in Maradi, out of

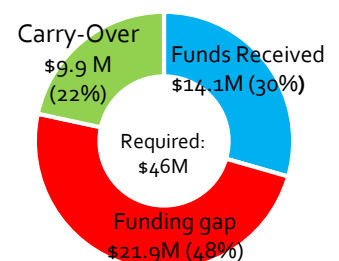
39,703

Refugees in Maradi (UNHCR, August 2019)

UNICEF Appeal 2019

US\$ 45.9 millions

Funding status* (US\$)



* Funds available includes funding received against current appeal as well as carry-forward from previous year.

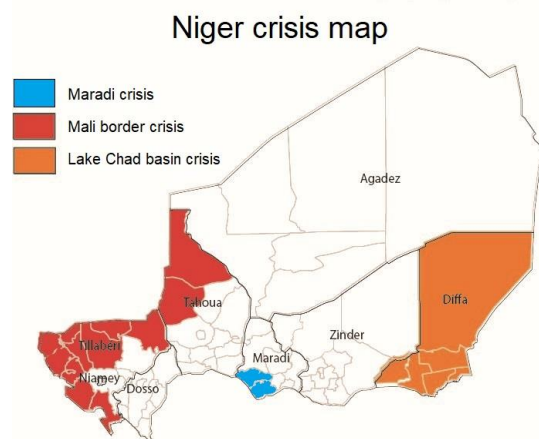
Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

Maradi: Violence in the Northern Nigeria states of Sokoto, Zamfara and Kastina continues to push people across the border, seeking safety in Niger's Maradi region. Since July, over 4,000 new refugees have been registered, and UNHCR expects the number to further grow in 2019. Worryingly, more and more protection incidents are being registered in Maradi, close to the Nigerian border. UNHCR and government are therefore urgently planning to relocate the refugees to villages at a safe distance from the border.

Tillabéri and Tahoua: The security situation remains worrying and characterized by continued armed group activity in northern Tillabéri and on the border strip with Burkina Faso, and by inter-community tensions in the Tillabéri region.

According to the protection cluster, 16 villages in the commune of Torodi and 17 villages in the commune of Makalondi, all bordering Burkina Faso, are at high risk of population movements caused by armed groups.

Diffa: Small-scale attacks on civilian population and an increase in kidnapping cases continue to cause displacement. At least 500 people have fled their villages in Madouri and Awaridi localities in August. Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) and protection evaluations conducted this month have shown that interventions are urgently needed in the sectors of NFI/shelter, food security, sanitation (Wash) and health.



| Estimated Affected Population (National) | National | | | Lake Chad Basin (LCB) crisis (Diffa region) | | | Mali crisis (Tillabéri and Tahoua regions) | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|---------|---------|--|---------|---------|
| | Total | Female | Male | Total | Female | Male | Total | Female | Male |
| <i>Based on HRP/HNO 2019</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Population in need | 2,300,000 | 1,170,000 | 1,130,000 | 469,000 | 239,000 | 230,000 | 717,000 | 366,000 | 351,000 |
| Children Affected <18 | 1,260,000 | 643,000 | 617,000 | 258,000 | 132,000 | 126,000 | 394,000 | 201,000 | 193,000 |
| Children <5 | 380,166 | 188,943 | 191,223 | 84,890 | 42,190 | 42,700 | 131,337 | 65,274 | 66,063 |
| Children 6 to 23 months | 66,818 | 33,209 | 33,609 | 23,750 | 11,804 | 11,946 | 13,800 | 6,859 | 6,941 |
| Pregnant and lactating women | 303,757 | 303,757 | | 13,576 | 13,576 | | 20,256 | 20,256 | |

Humanitarian Leadership and Coordination

In Niger, UNICEF leads the Education and WASH Clusters and the Child Protection Sub-Cluster in close collaboration with government counterparts. UNICEF also co-leads the Nutrition Technical Working Group together with the government. UNICEF supports sub-national authorities in the timely and efficient management of sectoral working groups in Diffa, Maradi and Agadez where UNICEF has field offices, and in Tillabéri and Tahoua through the support of cluster leads and technical staff. UNICEF is a proactive member of the Health Cluster and the NFI/Shelter Working Group. UNICEF technically leads the RRM mechanism, implemented by four international NGOs (ACF, ACTED, DRC AND IRC), OCHA and WFP, as well as with the Ministry of Humanitarian Action and Disaster Relief (MAH/GC). UNICEF is responsible for the procurement of NFIs and WASH kits for the RRM. UNICEF also provides technical, financial and in-kind support to the MAH/GC and to the Department of Civil Defense, to strengthen their capacity to manage and coordinate their response to humanitarian crises, as well as to prepare for and respond to floods.

Humanitarian Strategy

UNICEF responds to both chronic and acute crises in Niger. In 2019, an increasing focus is put on strengthening and operationalizing the linkages between humanitarian action and development programming, particularly in the Diffa region. Emergency capacity to respond to acute crises is increased through the RRM. In Tahoua and Tillabéri regions, strategic partnerships and innovative community-based approaches help UNICEF and partners overcome access challenges to reach vulnerable populations with multi-sectoral support in remote areas. UNICEF continues to strengthen national health and nutrition systems to deliver services in emergencies, including severe acute malnutrition (SAM) prevention and treatment, measles and polio vaccination and free health care for children under 5 years. UNICEF prioritizes access to quality school services for children affected by crises and building resilience in schools. Conflict-affected children receive comprehensive child protection services. Although no cholera outbreak was recorded this year, cholera prevention and access to safe water stays a priority. UNICEF maintains its preparedness capacity through contingency stocks, partnerships and human and financial resources; and a cash transfer strategy is being developed.

Summary Analysis of Programme Response

Nutrition



Lake Chad Basin crisis

As of 25th of August (week 34), 8,588 under-five children suffering from SAM were admitted for treatment in Diffa region, including 732 cases with medical complications. This represents 54.9% of the annual target. Compared to the same period (week 1 to 34) in 2018, a decrease of 17% (155 children) and 11% (936 children) was observed in both inpatient and outpatient facilities respectively. The second round of the Seasonal Malaria Chemoprophylaxis (SMC) campaign took place in August, coupled with malnutrition screening. On this occasion, 149,380 children (109 per cent of the target population) benefited from malaria chemoprophylaxis, and 1,255 malnourished children were referred to a health facility.

Mali Border crisis (Tahoua and Tillabéri regions)

As of 25th of August (week 34), 56,899 under-five children suffering from SAM were admitted for treatment in Tahoua and Tillabéri regions, including 6,803 cases with medical complications. This represents 52.1% of the annual target. Compared to the same period (week 1 to 34) in 2018, an increase of admissions of 18% (7,713 children) was observed in outpatient care while a decrease of 6% (431 children) was observed in inpatient facilities.

National crisis

As of 25th of August (week 34), 206,621 under-five children suffering from SAM were admitted for treatment. Among these children, 23,871 cases (11.6%) presented medical complications (admitted for inpatient therapeutic care), while 182,750 cases (88.4%) were admitted for outpatient therapeutic care. Compared to the same period last year (week 1-34), an increase in admissions of 4% (7,777 children) was observed in outpatient care while a decrease of 10% (2,706 children) was observed in inpatient facilities. This represents 54.4% of the annual target.

During the second round of the SMC campaign, 4,101,099 children (98% of the target population) benefited from malaria chemoprophylaxis, and 46,013 were referred to a health facility.



Health

Lake Chad Basin crisis

UNICEF is working in all of Diffa's six affected districts through five interventions: (i) Immunization of children under five (ii) responding to epidemics (iii) organizing of mobile clinics (iv) sensitization on HIV / AIDS transmission and (v) integrated management of childhood illness at community level.

In July 2019, 43,672 children were vaccinated against Polio in Bosso and 134,057 children in Diffa Health District. UNICEF also supported the routine immunization program by providing vaccines and reestablishing the cold chain where breakdowns were reported. Communication for behavioral change on polio immunization in Diffa Health District reached 146,304 people. 150 community health workers were trained to implement integrated Community Case Management (iCCM).

As of July, a total of 283 cases of measles were reported across 6 health districts. The preparation of a measles immunization campaign in high risk areas (Diffa, Goudoumaria, Maine-Soroa, N'Guigmi, N'gourti, Bosso) is ongoing. 242,000 doses of vaccines should be received in August.

Mali Border crisis

In July, UNICEF supported mobile clinics providing basic services such as consultations, vaccinations, SAM and MAM management and family planning in Ayorou, Torodi and Bankilare in Tillabéri region, reaching 5,190 children including 2,012 displaced, 507 refugees, and 2,671 children from the host population. A small-scale measles vaccination campaign in Bankilare district covered 1,370 children (6 months-14 years).



WASH

Lake Chad Basin crisis

Since January 2019, UNICEF and the WASH working group actors have helped 19,500 people to access sustainable water sources (78% of annual target), 17,778 people to access sanitation (71% of annual target), and 29,183 people received hygiene promotion (65% of annual target).

In the coming months, the Community Led-Total Sanitation (CLTS) scheme will be launched in Foulatari and Chetimari, implemented by the NGO partner ADESA and funded by UNICEF. This activity will benefit to 12,145 people.

Border crisis in Mali (Tahoua and Tillabéri regions)

UNICEF and partners (MSF and DEDI) supported the distribution of water treatment products and rehabilitated water points for 9,794 people in response to population movements in Tillabéri. 17,333 people received WASH assistance with access to sustainable water services since January against a target of 25,000 (69% achievement). UNICEF and DEDI launched a new partnership to improve access to drinking water for 7,254 IDPs and hosts family members in priority IDPs sites in Tillabery.

In August, 3,000 people gained access to sanitation facilities - 6,704 people cumulatively since January against an annual target of 20,000 (34%).

Other crises

3,852 children with severe acute malnutrition and their families, representing 26,964 people in the Districts of Mayahi (Maradi region), Keita and Bouza (Tahoua region), Nguigmi (Diffa) and health District of Tillabéri (Tillabéri) received WASH and nutrition kits. This represents 40% of HRP annual target and was implemented in partnership with Action Contre la Faim (ACF) and the *Comitato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo dei Popoli* (CISP), funded by CERF.

In Maradi region, UNICEF with the regional directorate for hydraulics and sanitation (DRHA) provided access to safe water to more than 8,000 people through the rehabilitation of a small water infrastructure (mini-AEP) in Dan Kano village and two boreholes in Chawagui and Fangari villages. Through the NGO World Vision intervention 7,571 additional people accessed safe drinking water and sanitation facilities in Chawagui, Bassira, Fangari and El-Guidi villages.

UNICEF and CISP launched a new partnership, starting the implementation of CLTS in 15 villages hosting 15,195 Nigeria refugees.



Education

Lake Chad Basin crisis

Quality: In August, Save the Children organized three trainings: a training of 12 trainers (including one woman) on a professional development approach for teachers, a second on the ILET approach (Improving Learning Environment Together) concerned 15 executive staffs (including 3 women). These are inspectors (1), educational advisers (6), school directors (5) and members of decentralized management committees of schools/ CGDES (3). The third training, which involved 35 members of CGDES (including 6 women), focused on the monitoring and reporting mechanism on child abuse cases (MRM).

In August, the Cluster Coordinator undertook a support mission to the Diffa Education Working Group to review and learn lessons from interventions implemented over the past school year.

Mali Border crisis (Tahoua and Tillabéri regions)

Access: The NGO Swisscontact with the support of UNICEF and Japanese funding trained 125 adolescents (including 74 girls) for an average duration of 3 weeks. They received training in food service (24 young people), agro-processing from cowpeas, millet or groundnuts (50), maintenance and repair of motor pumps (25 young people) and maintenance and repair of manual drilling pumps (25). A coaching and support / counseling system with local actors has been set up to assist them in the process of socio-economic integration.

Quality: The NGO CONCERN Worldwide, with the support of UNICEF and funded by CERF, sensitized school personnel (teachers, members of the CGDES / AME, etc.) on the importance of data collection on protection incidents in schools. Following the sensitization, 16 schools Tillabéri set up a mechanism to identify and report protection incidents (SGBV cases, school attacks, etc.) and to manage complaints.

The UNICEF Niamey emergency education specialist also made a programmatic visit in **Tillabéri** to inquire about the state of school infrastructure at the end of the school year and follow-up on catch-up courses at IDP sites following the events of March 2019. These two missions helped understanding the challenges that lie ahead as the school year approaches, such as access for humanitarian actors in Boni and death threat against education staff in **Tillabéri** and Tahoua regions.



Child Protection

Lake Chad Basin crisis

Psychosocial support: In August, 3,090 children (1,287 girls) benefitted from psychosocial support by the sub cluster members, out of which 509 through UNICEF support.

Unaccompanied and separated children (UASC): In August, 04 new unaccompanied and separated children (all girls) have been identified, documented and placed in alternative care arrangements in the Diffa region. 72 separated and unaccompanied children (35 girls) benefitted from follow-up by social workers through UNICEF support.

Children associated with armed forces and armed groups (CAAFAG): In August, 02 new boys escaped from the NSAG, were transferred by the antiterrorist cell in Diffa to the regional directorate for child protection (DRPE) and benefitted from temporary care and family reunification thanks to the support of UNICEF.

Sensitization: In August, 1,254 children (537 girls) and 1,228 adults (594 women), among them 203 persons (141 children) through UNICEF support, benefitted from sensitization on child protection and access to social services.

Mali border Crisis

From July to August, UNICEF helped 2,216 new children (932 girls) access psychosocial support.

Four (4) boys, among them one originally from Burkina Faso, were transferred from the antiterrorist unit to the social services (DRPE Niamey) and received alternative care in a transit care centre.

Children on move

In Agadez, 47 unaccompanied children (aged one to 17 years old; among them 22 girls) were registered in August by the DRPE at the One Stop Shop. All of them received alternative care and were reunified with their families by social workers, mostly in the region of Zinder and Arlit.

Non-Food Items (NFI)

Between January and August 2019, UNICEF and its Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) partners distributed 6,841 NFI kits to 47,887 people, out of which 704 kits to 4,928 people in Diffa region and 6,137 kits to 42,959 people in Tahoua and Tillabéri regions.

RapidPro

In August, 7 out of 51 health centers sent complete reports on nutrition performance. This decrease in reporting is due to the ongoing nutrition SMART survey in Diffa. We therefore expect to receive the remaining data during the second week of September. In WASH,

UNICEF received 131 reports out of 249 expected water points reports. 84 alerts were registered since January 2019, out of which 59 were resolved and the remaining are being followed up by technicians and local authorities. The alerts are discussed during WASH working group meetings and an updated alert- tracking file is shared with Diffa WASH actors. In the education sector, only 44 out of 217 school directors registered in RapidPro sent reports on education indicators. The reduced responsiveness is probably due to school holidays.

| Sector | Real time reporting on alerts and the functionalities of services | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | Received real time report | Target real time report | Registered Alerts | Addressed Alerts |
| Nutrition | 7 | 51 | 11 | 11 |
| WASH | 131 | 249 | 84 | 59 |
| Education | 44 | 217 | 0 | 0 |

Media and External Communication

Chaired by the Prime Minister Brigi Rafini, the commemorative ceremony of the World Humanitarian Day, August 19, was an opportunity for UNICEF and its partners to highlight the humanitarian situation in the country and the support provided by all humanitarian partners. UNICEF participated in a series of advocacy events including an exhibition stand, a conference with academics, and the facilitation of a TEDx event with Women Humanitarian.

UNICEF and its partners have also produced a [photo essay](#) to showcase the impact of the Rapid Response Mechanism. It has been widely disseminated through digital platforms, including social media and e-newsletter. [A short video](#) was produced to acknowledge the critical support provided by ECHO in the fight against child malnutrition.

Security

The security environment deteriorated in Niger over the reporting period, especially in Tillabéri region, where a substantial increase in the violent asymmetric attacks attributed to non-state armed groups (NSAGs) was observed. This situation led to frequent attacks against local and international military and security forces. The presence of NSAG militants in Western Niger also resulted in an elevated terrorist threat in Niamey. In the Lake Chad area, the security environment remained fragile due to the continuous presence of NSAG militants in the Diffa region. Violent abuses of civilians were frequently observed, such as armed attacks, lootings of villages and abductions of civilians.

Funding

In 2019 UNICEF has received funding from UNICEF-United Arab Emirates, the government of Japan, the government of Italy, the Czech government, the German Natcom for UNICEF through the Global Thematic Fund, the CERF funds through OCHA, SIDA Sweden and ECHO. The carry-forward funding from 2018, included a significant UK Aid grant that was received at the end of the year and that is reported on this table. UNICEF wishes to express its sincere appreciation to all donors for their generous 2019 contribution.

| Funding Requirements (as defined in Humanitarian Appeal of 2019) | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Appeal Sector | Requirements | Funds available | | Funding gap | |
| | | Funds Received Current Year | Carry-Over | \$ | % |
| Nutrition | 24,500,000 | 5,774,512 | 8,474,561 | 10,250,927 | 42% |
| Health | 1,648,000 | 381,319 | - | 1,266,681 | 77% |
| WASH | 6,040,000 | 1,960,457 | 440,391 | 3,639,153 | 60% |
| Child Protection | 3,066,419 | 1,206,496 | 36,874 | 1,823,049 | 59% |
| Education | 4,984,281 | 1,288,350 | - | 3,695,931 | 74% |
| Non-Food Items (NFI) | 4,702,386 | 2,387,866 | 979,648 | 1,334,873 | 28% |
| Cluster Coordination | 1,000,000 | 1,091,278 | - | (91,278) | -9% |
| Total | 45,941,086 | 14,090,277 | 9,931,473 | 21,919,336 | 48% |

* Funds available includes funding received against current appeal as well as carry-forward from the previous year.

Next SitRep: September 2019

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UNICEF Niger Instagram: <https://www.instagram.com/unicefniger/>

UNICEF Niger Humanitarian Action for Children appeal: <http://www.unicef.org/appeals/index.html>

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Annex A - SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS

| | Overall needs | UNICEF and IPs | | | Cluster Response | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| | | 2019 Target | Total Results* | Change since last report | 2019 Target | Total Results* | Change since last report |
| NUTRITION | | | | | | | |
| # of children under 5 with SAM admitted into therapeutic feeding programmes | 380,166 | 380,166 | 206,621 | 20,792 ▲ | 380,166 | 206,621 | 20,792 ▲ |
| HEALTH | | | | | | | |
| # children under 5 accessing life-saving interventions through fixed, mobile and community-based activities | 266,000 | 125,000 | 24,479 | 3,323 ▲ | | | |
| # of children aged 6 months to 14 years in humanitarian situations vaccinated against measles | 239,400 | 100,000 | 316,703 | - | | | |
| WASH | | | | | | | |
| # people affected by population movements and natural disasters accessing drinking water | 215,619 | 120,000 | 67,861 | 22,684 ▲ | 168,600 | 117,116 | 32,255 ▲ |
| # people affected by an outbreak of water-borne disease accessing hygiene kits and sensitization activities | 972,908 | 459,000 | 388,7136 | 20,007 ▲ | 905,183 | 390,708 | 20,007 ▲ |
| # of malnourished children admitted for SAM/MAM and benefiting WASH minimum package in the community | 392,706 | 15,000 | 2,052 | 513 ▲ | 67,589 | 3,852 | 2,665 ▲ |
| CHILD PROTECTION | | | | | | | |
| # of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child-friendly spaces | 484,000 | 25,000 | 2,727 | 2,216 ▲ | 75,000 | 8,695 | 2,216 ▲ |
| # of registered unaccompanied and separated children benefiting from family tracing and reunification services and family-based care or alternative care arrangements | N/A | 515 | 432 | 47 ▲ | 670 | 645 | 51 ▲ |
| # children affected by population movements benefiting from sensitization activities on child protection risks | 484,000 | 88,979 | 4,497 | 141 ▲ | 174,240 | 15,184 | 1,254 ▲ |
| EDUCATION | | | | | | | |
| # girls and boys (4-17) affected by crisis who have a continuous access to education | 344,000 | 103600 | 4,538 | - | 219,000 | 13,420 | - |
| # girls and boys aged 4 to 17 years affected by crisis receiving learning materials | 344,000 | 116,800 | 30,108 | - | 219,000 | 33,793 | - |
| # of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis accessing education | 344000 | 68,300 | 11,853 | 125 ▲ | 136,700 | 23,366 | 125 ▲ |
| # of boys and girls (4 -17 years) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support | 344,000 | 71100 | 20557 | - | 149,598 | 24,877 | - |
| NON-FOOD ITEMS | | | | | | | |
| # people affected by conflict or natural disasters provided with essential household items and emergency shelters | 583,000 | 101,500 | 47,887 | 6,069 ▲ | | | |

Lake Chad Basin Crisis Response

LCB targets and results are also included in the "Summary of programme results" table above.

| | UNICEF and IPs | | | | Cluster Response | | |
|---|----------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| | Overall needs | 2019 Target | Total Results | Change since last report | 2019 Target | Total Results | Change since last report |
| NUTRITION | | | | | | | |
| # children under 5 years affected by SAM admitted for treatment in Diffa | 15,635 | 15,635 | 8,588 | 817 ▲ | 15,635 | 8,588 | 817 ▲ |
| HEALTH | | | | | | | |
| # children under 5 accessing life-saving interventions through fixed, mobile and community-based activities | 117,271 | 75,000 | 14,721 | - | | | |
| # of children aged 6 months to 14 years in humanitarian situations vaccinated against measles | 60,300 | 30,000 | 135,128 | - | | | |
| # of children who have access to community case management in emergency in the N'Guigmi and Diffa health district | 33,500 | 15,000 | 2,294 | - | | | |
| WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE | | | | | | | |
| # of malnourished children admitted for SAM/MAM and benefiting WASH minimum package in the community | 7,658 | 5,000 | - | - | 5,817 | 780 | 212 ▲ |
| # of people affected by the crisis in Diffa who have improved access to safe water to respond to their long-term1 needs | 48,600 | 25,000 | 4,400 | 2,000 ▲ | 48,600 | 19,500 | 7,600 ▲ |
| # of people affected by the crisis in Diffa who have improved access to safe water to respond to their immediate2 needs | 10,000 | 10,000 | 5,867 | - | 10,000 | 11,467 | - |
| # of people affected by the crisis in Diffa with access to sanitation infrastructure taking into account accessibility for children and the specific needs of women and men | 48,600 | 15,000 | 1,025 | - | 48,600 | 17,778 | 315 ▲ |
| # of people affected by the crisis in Diffa having access to hygiene kits and sensitization activities | 48,600 | 45,000 | 5,819 | - | 48,600 | 29,183 | 1,732 ▲ |
| CHILD PROTECTION | | | | | | | |
| # of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child-friendly spaces | 258,000 | 7,200 | 446 | - | 45,750 | 6,414 | - |
| # of separated and/or unaccompanied children placed in alternative care arrangements and / or who benefitted from individual follow up | N/A | 360 | 250 | 5 ▲ | 500 | 449 | 8 ▲ |
| # of children suspected or verified CAAFAG identified benefitting from temporary care and/or family/community reintegration support | N/A | 147 | 58 | 2 ▲ | 155 | 58 | 2 ▲ |
| # of children affected by population movements benefitting from sensitization activities on child protection risks | 258,000 | 56,364 | 4,497 | 141 ▲ | 174,240 | 15,184 | 1,254 ▲ |
| EDUCATION | | | | | | | |
| # boys and girls (4-17) affected by crisis who have a continuous access to education" | 144,000 | 58,000 | 3,506 | - | 115,000 | 12,388 | - |
| # of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis accessing education | 144,000 | 25,500 | 8,359 | - | 51,100 | 11,251 | - |
| # of boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis receiving learning materials | 144,000 | 58,000 | 12,950 | - | 115,000 | 14,840 | - |
| # of boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support | 144,000 | 25,500 | 484 | - | 51,100 | 484 | - |
| NON-FOOD ITEMS | | | | | | | |
| # of displaced persons provided with NFI kits | 255,000 | 10,500 | 4,928 | 994 ▲ | | | |

Mali border Crisis Response

Mali boarder crisis targets, and results are included in the in the “Summary of programme results” table above.

| | UNICEF and IPs | | | | Cluster Response | | |
|---|----------------|-------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| | Overall needs | 2019 Target | Total Results* | Change since last report ▲ ▼ | 2019 Target | Total Results* | Change since last report ▲ ▼ |
| NUTRITION | | | | | | | |
| # of children under-five with severe acute malnutrition admitted into therapeutic feeding programme in the border with Mali | 108,104 | 108,104 | 56,339 | 4,779▲ | 108,104 | 56,339 | 4,779▲ |
| HEALTH | | | | | | | |
| # of children aged 6 months to 14 years in humanitarian situations vaccinated against measles in Tillabéri and Tahoua | 179,100 | 20,000 | 55,656 | - | | | |
| # of children who have access to life-saving interventions in the supported health districts (Abala, Banibangou, Ayorou, Tilia, Torodi) | 99,500 | 25,000 | 8,513 | 3,323▲ | | | |
| WASH | | | | | | | |
| # of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali who have improved access to safe water to respond to their long-term ³ needs | 162,019 | 25,000 | 17,333 | 3,110▲ | 100,000 | 17,333 | 3,110▲ |
| # of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali who have improved access to safe water to respond to their immediate ⁴ needs | 10,000 | - | 31,771 | 6,684▲ | 10,000 | 41,611 | 6,684▲ |
| # of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali with access to sanitation infrastructure taking into account accessibility for children, and the specific needs of women and men | 162,019 | 20,000 | 6,704 | 2,821▲ | 80,000 | 6,704 | 2,821▲ |
| # of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali having access to hygiene kits and sensitization activities | 162,019 | 60,000 | 75,895 | 16,280▲ | 162,012 | 75,895 | 16,280▲ |
| CHILD PROTECTION | | | | | | | |
| # of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child-friendly spaces | 226,000 | 17,300 | 2,281 | 2,216▲ | 28,500 | 2,281 | 2,216▲ |
| # of registered unaccompanied and separated children benefiting from family tracing and reunification services and family-based care or alternative care arrangements | N/A | 35 | 0 | - | 50 | 0 | - |
| # of children released from armed forces or groups who have benefited from community reintegration support | N/A | 120 | 7 | 4▲ | 120 | 7 | 4▲ |
| # of children affected by population movements benefitting from sensitization activities on child protection risks | 226,000 | 32,615 | 0 | - | 66,880 | 6 | - |
| Education | | | | | | | |
| # boys and girls (4-17) affected by crisis who have a continuous access to education" | 114,000 | 45,600 | 1,032 | - | 91,200 | 1,032 | - |
| # of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis accessing education | 114,000 | 42,800 | 2,567 | 125▲ | 85,600 | 6,038 | 125▲ |
| # of boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis receiving learning materials | 114,000 | 45,600 | 17,158 | - | 91,200 | 17,532 | - |
| # of boys and girls (4 -17 years) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support | 114,000 | 45,600 | 5,456 | - | 91,200 | 9,776 | - |
| NON-FOOD ITEMS | | | | | | | |
| # of people affected by conflict provided with an NFI kit | 178,000 | 56,000 | 42,959 | 5,075▲ | | | |