



Cameroon

Humanitarian Situation Report



SITUATION IN NUMBERS

October 2018

1,810,000

of children in need of humanitarian assistance

3,260,000

of people in need

(Cameroon Humanitarian Needs Overview 2018)

Displacement

437,515

of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) in North West, South West, Littoral and West regions.

(Estimates by OCHA, October 2018)

227,581

of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) in the Far North region

(Displacement Tracking Matrix 14, June 2018)

92,238

of Returnees in the Far North region

(Displacement Tracking Matrix 14, June 2018)

99,489

of Nigerian Refugees in rural areas

(UNHCR Cameroon Fact Sheet, September 2018)

249,012

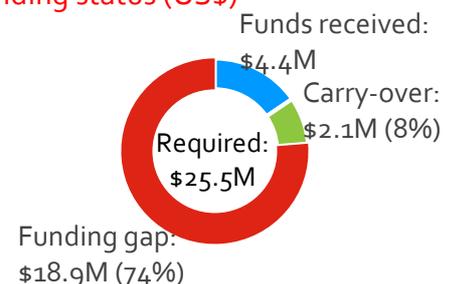
of CAR Refugees in the East, Adamawa and North regions in rural areas

(UNHCR Cameroon Fact Sheet, September 2018)

UNICEF Appeal 2018

US\$ 25.5 million

Funding status (US\$)



Highlights

- In October, 3,464 internally displaced persons were sensitised on the Essential Family Practices and social cohesion in five divisions of the North West (Ngoketunja, Mezam, Momo, Boyo and Menchum) and in four divisions of the South West (Meme, Manyu, Fako and Ndian).
- The cholera outbreak continues to affect people, especially those living in the North and Far North regions. As of 29 October, a total of 645 cases and 43 deaths have been reported in Cameroon. UNICEF is conducting prevention and response activities through the provision of supplies and social mobilisation.
- In October, a total of 28,847 children received psychosocial support through the intervention of UNICEF in the Far North region (Logone and Chari, Mayo Sava, and Mayo Tsanaga divisions).

UNICEF's Response with Partners

	Sector Target	Total Results*	UNICEF Target	Total Results*
WASH: People provided with access to appropriate sanitation	528,000	19,725	75,000	10,754
Education: School-aged children 4-17, including adolescents, accessing education in a safe and protective learning environment.	411,000	23,154	280,000	21,212
Nutrition: Number of children aged 6-59 months with SAM admitted for treatment	38,646	53,689	40,482	56,766
Child Protection: Children reached with psychosocial support through child friendly/safe spaces		253,281	85,000	119,351
C4D: Persons reached with information about WASH / health / nutrition / education services (behavior/best practices) through community-based social mobilization and/or outreach activities			235,913	556,073

*Total results are cumulative;

Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

At the end of September, joint mission was conducted by UN agencies and the Directorate of Civil Protection to the West and Littoral regions to assess the growing numbers of Anglophone IDPs in these regions adjacent to the conflict-affected **North West and South West regions**. Through the mission, the team identified an estimated 54,163 IDPs in the Littoral region and 32,433 IDPs in the West region. In both regions, according to local authorities, education, food security and shelter/non-food items were identified as the top three priority needs for the IDPs. UNICEF plans to support the specific educational needs of the displaced children through a training of teachers in conflict-prevention and psychosocial support in the coming month. UNICEF currently implements its programmes in WASH, health, child protection and communication for development (C4D) in the North West and South West.

In the **Far North region**, access to children associated with armed groups currently detained at a Multinational Joint Task Force (MNJTF) military compound in Mora town of Mayo Sava division remains an issue, for which UNICEF continues to advocate. The primary school in Amtchoukouli continues to have a military presence in the premises, but this has not disrupted or interfered with the holding of normal classes in the school. A total of 10 civilian and 12 military officers currently teach in eight primary schools in Logone and Chari division (Medina 2, Amtchoukouli, Sagme, Soueram, Mblame, Ngouma and Afade). In November 2017, following the endorsement of the Safe School Declaration, the Ministry of Education issued a letter urging those military officers teaching at schools to not to wear military uniform and carry guns in the classes. UNICEF and UN agencies has been advocating for the implementation and monitoring compliance since the issue of the letter. UNICEF and its partners are also negotiating with the authorities to ensure that all the schools in the region do not have military personnel.

The cholera outbreak persists **in the North and Far North regions**. As of 29 October, a total of 645 cases and 43 deaths have been reported in Cameroon, out of which 537 cases with 37 deaths, and 29 cases and 5 deaths are reported respectively in the North and Far North regions, according to the Ministry of Public Health (Situation Report 29 October 2018). UNICEF continues to provide WASH kits to the affected areas. In parallel, UNICEF is supporting the initiative "schools without cholera" which sensitises local populations on cholera prevention through community radio stations and home visits by trained community health workers.

In the **East and Adamawa regions**, there has been no major change in the flow of Central African refugees during the month of October. They continue to arrive in the regions in small numbers; 107 and 2 refugees registered by UNHCR respectively in the East and Adamawa regions during the month of October. Most of them join family members who have been already settled.

Estimated Population in Need of Humanitarian Assistance			
<i>*Cameroon Humanitarian Needs Overview 2018</i>			
<i>**SMART Survey 2017 & UNHCR Standardised Expanded Nutrition Survey (SENS) 2016</i>			
Start of humanitarian response: November 2013			
	Total	Male	Female
Total Population in Need*	3,260,000	1,610,000	1,650,000
Children (Under 18)*	1,810,000	915,000	896,000
Children Under Five**	523,000	258,000	265,000
Children 6 to 23 months**	163,000	80,500	82,500
Malnourished Pregnant and lactating women**	18,000	-	18,000

Humanitarian Leadership and Coordination

- The Humanitarian/Resident Coordinator leads the overall humanitarian coordination, supported by OCHA.
- At the national level, UNICEF and the Government are co-leading the Nutrition, WASH and Education sectors, as well as the sub-sectoral group for Child Protection.
- At the field level, UNHCR leads inter-sector coordination, which addresses particularly challenges and gaps both for refugees, IDPs and host communities in the Far North. This extends into the coordination of the humanitarian response to the Central African Republic refugee crisis in the regions of the East and Adamawa. UNHCR organises monthly meetings with other humanitarian actors, to consolidate data and harmonise interventions.

Humanitarian Strategy

UNICEF's integrated programme is based on four pillars: building a protective environment and supporting community peacebuilding; preventing and responding to the violence and exploitation of children; increasing access to basic services; and strengthening emergency preparedness and response systems. All four pillars bridge the humanitarian-development nexus and foster community resilience to outside pressures, such as conflict or population displacement, while supporting the State to anticipate and respond to shocks. UNICEF aims at strengthening collaboration between community-based structures and government services to provide care and protection to children, particularly the most marginalised. By supporting community dialogue mechanisms, inter-generational dialogue and non-violent relationships among peers, UNICEF works to foster social cohesion, giving children a voice and rebuilding community linkages. Recognizing that lack of access to basic services exposes children to vulnerabilities, UNICEF supports the Government to strengthen the quality of service delivery at the community level by training community workers and establishing needed infrastructure, improving access to water and sanitation in schools and health centres, developing community health mechanisms and improving the quality of education. Furthermore, UNICEF is working with non-governmental organisations and other partners to implement mechanisms for monitoring and responding to emergencies in a timely and effective manner.

Summary Analysis of Programme Response

UNICEF humanitarian assistance primarily focuses on IDPs, out-of-camp Nigerian refugees and host communities affected by the violence caused by armed groups as well as the refugees who fled the armed conflict in Central African Republic (CAR), and host communities.

Lake Chad Basin (LCB) Crisis

Nutrition¹

UNICEF continues to support the implementation of Integrated Management of Acute Malnutrition (IMAM) activities in the Far North (349 health facilities covered) and the North (203 health facilities). In September, 4,529 children aged 6-59 months were admitted across UNICEF supported health centres in the Far North and North regions (3,071 in the Far North, 1,458 in the North). 12,104 people (8,457 women and 3,647 men) were sensitised on Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) and good hygiene practices in the most impacted health districts by displacements (Kolofata, Koza, and Mora in the Far North region). A total of 31,278 children were screened in Kolofata, Mora and Koza health districts (19,778 girls and 11,500 boys) of which 2,128 children (1,324 girls and 804 boys) were identified with Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) or Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM); 853 (471 girls and 382 boys) children with SAM and 1,275 (771 girls and 504 boys) children with MAM. Also among those screened were 628 IDP children (422 girls and 206 boys) in the Kolofata IDP site, 27 of whom were identified with SAM and 68 with MAM.

¹ Due to the reporting system of the ministry, the admission data of the concerned month is reported in the following month (i.e. January data are reported in February).

Health

In October, LLINs were distributed to 2,229 pregnant women: 1,480 from Mayo Tsanaga and 749 from Mayo Sava. In addition, 1,119 IDPs, 225 returnees and 885 people in the host community have received LLINs.

WASH

UNICEF continues to support response and prevention activities for the cholera outbreak in the North and Far North regions. On Global Handwashing Day, various items (1,408 buckets, 47,712 pieces of soap, 880 pack of 50 tablets of aqua tabs, 224 cups, 520 kettles, 1,200 children's defecation pots and 9,500 cholera posters) were handed over to the North and Far North Regional Public Health Delegations, UNHCR, and NGOs (Premiere Urgence, CADEPI, Solidarités International, DEMTOU Humanitaire, Bethlahem Foundation). The aforementioned various items reached 8,739 students in 24 schools in Mayo Sava and Mayo Tsanaga divisions.

In October, 504 community health workers were trained to support cholera prevention activities in eight health districts in the Far North region (Bourha, Mogode, Hina, Mokolo, Roua, Koza Moutourwa, and Maroua 2). In all, the total planned number of 844 have been trained.

Education

With the outbreak of the cholera epidemic in the Far North region, two primary schools in Fotokol, namely Choloba and Djadjayap primary schools, were temporarily closed in the early October affecting 365 children (143 girls and 222 boys) and three teachers. These schools have been reopened after putting in place preventive measures to ensure that there is no infection amongst the students and teachers. As part of the preventive measures, the Regional Education Directorate of the Far North region, with technical support from UNICEF, conducted training for 27 teachers in the Logone and Chari division. Through the training, teachers learned how to prevent, identify and respond to cholera cases.

In Logone and Chari division, eight classrooms were constructed in four existing primary schools where 1,009 children (364 girls and 645 boys) are enrolled for the academic year 2018/2019.

Child Protection

In October, a total of 174 (81 girls and 93 boys) unaccompanied and separated children were identified, of which 33 were unaccompanied (18 girls and 15 boys) and 141 were separated (girls 63 and 78 boys) in Logone and Chari, Mayo Sava, and Mayo Tsanaga divisions. They include 136 internally displaced children (61 girls and 75 boys), 31 host community children (17 girls and 14 boys), and 7 refugee children (3 girls and 4 boys). Three unaccompanied boys were reunified with their grandmother in October.

22 children (9 girls and 13 boys) suspected of association with armed groups, were identified through the interventions of UNICEF implementing partners in Mayo Sava and Mayo Tsanaga divisions.

UNICEF also provided psychosocial support to 28,847 children (13,349 girls and 15,498 boys) in community-based Child Friendly Spaces (CFS) and secure spaces during October 2018. They include 14,540 internally displaced children (6,959 girls and 7,581 boys), 14,199 host community children (6,337 girls and 7,862 boys) and 108 refugee children (53 girls and 55 boys).

Additionally, UNICEF provided trainings to 122 (58 women and 64 men) foster families' members and 20 support staff for these foster families in Logone and Chari, Mayo Sava, and Mayo Tsanaga divisions. In these trainings, they learned how to provide care to unaccompanied children and the role of foster parents. Furthermore, 215 (11 women and 204 men) personnel consisting of 154 military personnel and 61 gendarmes and police officers in Logone and Chari division were trained on the impacts and consequences of child rights violations in conflict-affected situations and in the role of safe schools for children.

Communication for Development (C4D)²:

In the North and Far North regions, sensitisation on cholera prevention continues. In the Far North region, intensive sensitisation activities were organised in Rourounde locality in Makary health district affected by cholera. The sensitisation targeted a total of 500 people through community meetings and home visits.

CAR Refugee Situation

Nutrition

IMAM activities are ongoing within 124 and 140 health facilities respectively in the East and Adamawa regions. Since January, 10,226 children aged 6-59 months (including 2,417 refugees from CAR) have been admitted across UNICEF-supported health centres in the East and Adamawa regions for SAM. Of these children, 928 were admitted in September, including 206 refugee children.

Education

As of October, a total of 5,743 children (2,780 girls and boys 2,963) consisting of both refugee children and host community children, have been enrolled in 22 host schools in Borgop, Ngam (Adamawa region), Gado, Mbile, Lolo and Timangolo (East region). In the same light, special weekly sensitisation events were held in these 22 schools for refugees and host populations to emphasise the importance of education and necessity of all the school-age children to be enrolled and maintained in school.

Child Protection

In October, UNICEF established four new child protection community networks, bringing the total to 18 in Garoua Boulai sub-division where approximately 40,000 children live. UNICEF also launched an initiative of pilot income generating activities to support Community-Based Child Protection Mechanisms (CBCPM), initiating market gardening in four villages of Garoua Boulai under the coordination of child protection community networks. At least 100 children will benefit from this initiative. In addition, UNICEF's implementing partners provided trainings to 45 personnel including administrative focal points, social workers and civil workers within the platform of child protection networks. These trainings focused on developing capacities of case management, data collection and reporting.

Media and External Communication

UNICEF Director of EMOPS (Office of Emergency Programmes) visited Cameroon from 14-17 October and met with various actors, including Ministers of Basic Education, Territorial administration, the Minister Delegate of External Relations in charge of cooperation with the Commonwealth. The purpose of his visit was to assess the needs of humanitarian assistance in Cameroon and also to consider how UNICEF could strengthen its responses to those needs.

Security

In October, the security situation in the Far North region was characterised by a reduction of incidents attributed to armed groups; however, a few significant security incidents occurred in some divisions. In Mayo Sava division, there was a suicide attack killing five people and wounding more than 10 people. Some other incursions by armed groups took place in the division and killed approximately 10 people in total. In Mayo Tsanaga division, eight women and one baby were reported to be kidnapped by armed groups. In addition, one Improvised Explosive Device (IED) was found in Mora (Mayo Sava division) and deactivated by the national armed forces.

² While C4D started reporting in the situation report in January 2018, and the result covers from the beginning of the projects in December 2017.

Funding

UNICEF expresses its gratitude to the Governments of the United States, Norway and Sweden, as well as CERF and the United Nations Trust Fund for Human Security, for their contributions to the 2018 humanitarian response. UNICEF has also received unearmarked funds through Global Humanitarian Thematic Funds. Further adequate, predictable and flexible resources are needed to allow UNICEF to reach the most disadvantaged children in Cameroon, including children affected in the newly emerging crisis in the NW/SW regions. Total funding gaps for the 2018 Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC) plan remain above 65% for all sectors, exposing children and their care-takers to threats to their well-being.

Total UNICEF funding

Appeal Sector	Requirements	Funds available*		Funding gap	
		Funds Received Current Year	Carry-Over	\$	%
Nutrition	5,055,000	32,997	249,594	4,772,409	94%
Health / HIV	3,272,000	694,201	101,958	2,475,841	76%
WASH	7,191,000	2,189,844	58,010	4,943,146	69%
Child Protection	3,497,000	903,803	167,446	2,425,751	69%
Education	4,326,000	28,239	1,425,639	2,872,122	66%
Emergency Preparedness and Response	2,120,000	594,257	90,602	1,435,141	68%
Total	25,461,000	4,443,341	2,093,249	18,924,410	74%

* Funds available includes funding received against current appeal as well as carry-forward from the previous year.

** The nutrition program is mainly funded by the German Development Bank KfW, with two non-humanitarian grants. The overall budget for the SAM treatment program is US\$4,000,000 of which \$1,800,000 are devoted to the LCB crisis.

***Health sector: of the total funds received, \$101,958 is for the polio immunization which is not part of the original HAC targets. Additional \$404,268 were spent for polio immunization and other social mobilization activities for the LCB crisis but not part of the humanitarian fund.

LCB funding

Funding Requirements (as defined in the 2018 Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC))					
Appeal Sector	Requirements LCB	Funds available*		Funding gap	
		Funds Received Current Year	Carry-Over	\$	%
Nutrition	2,322,455		249,594	2,072,861	89%
Health / HIV	710,500	213,465	101,958	395,077	56%
WASH	4,428,000	958,110	0	3,469,890	78%
Child Protection	2,383,000	480,980	137,410	1,764,610	74%
Education	2,881,500		126,600	2,754,900	96%
Emergency Preparedness and Response		60,081	90,602	0	0%
Total	12,725,455	1,712,636	706,164	10,457,338	82%

Next SitRep: November 2018

UNICEF Cameroon: <https://www.unicef.org/infobycountry/cameroon.html>

UNICEF Cameroon Facebook: www.facebook.com/unicefcameroon

UNICEF Cameroon Humanitarian Action for Children Appeal: <http://www.unicef.org/appeals/index.html>

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Annex A

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS*

National Response Overview Results (Lake Chad Basis Crisis & CAR Refugee Situation)

National	Overall Needs	Sector Response			UNICEF		
		2018 Target	Total Results	Change since last report ▲▼	2018 Target	Total Results	Change since last report ▲▼
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE							
Number of people provided access to water for drinking, cooking and personal hygiene	826,000	306,000	41,500	1,500	40,000	3,000	0
Number of people provided with access to appropriate sanitation	696,000	528,000	19,725	0	75,000	10,754	0
Number of people provided with WASH kits	592,000	440,000	60,303	0	200,000	43,524	0
EDUCATION							
Number of school-aged children 4-17, including adolescents, accessing education in a safe and protective learning environment.	610,000	411,000	23,154	5,743	280,000	21,212	5,743
Number of school aged children 4-17 year benefiting from teaching and learning materials	494,000	250,000	5,334	0	150,000	5,334	0
Number of children who benefited from the services of teachers who are trained in psychosocial support and conflict and disaster risk reduction.	494,000	336,000	4,062	0	280,000	4,062	0
HEALTH							
Number of children immunized against measles					61,487	2,298	789
Number of pregnant women that have received 2 Long Lasting Insecticidal Nets (LLINs)					23,457	2,229	998
NUTRITION**							
Number of children aged 6 to 59 months with SAM admitted for treatment	44,728	38,646	53,689	9,219	40,482	56,766	9,884
Performance of integrated program for severe acute malnutrition treatment		>75%	84.3%	0.5%	>75%	84.3%	0.5%
CHILD PROTECTION							
Number of children reached with psychosocial support through child friendly/safe spaces (girls and boys)			253,281	39,325	85,000	119,351	28,847
Number of children suspected or verified associated with an armed group (including children released from detention) provided with temporary care or family / community reintegration support			157	50	70	118	22
Number of Unaccompanied and Separated Children (UASC) identified and/or placed in alternative care arrangements and/or who benefited from individual follow-up (SC/ UAC ; girls / boys)			3741	712	1,200	1,552	174
Number of Unaccompanied Children reunified with families (girls and boys)			63	6	150	43	3
Number of conflict affected children provided with Birth Certificate			6444	446	12,000	4382	426

Communication for Development (C4D)							
# of person (IDPs and host communities) reached with information about WASH / health / nutrition / education services (behavior/best practices) through community-based social mobilization and/or outreach activities					235,913	556,073	500
# of community leaders (traditional leaders, local political leaders, religious leaders, teachers/principals, etc) participating as agents of social mobilization at community level					500	756	0

*All results are cumulative.

**UNICEF targets can exceed that of the sector because the nutrition sector does not cover refugee camps, whereas UNICEF covers both the camps and out-of-camp refugees. Nutrition normally reports the data received from the previous month due to the reporting system from the ministry.

Lake Chad Basin Crisis

Sector	Overall needs	Sector Response			UNICEF and IPs		
		2018 Target	Total Results	Change since last report ▲▼	2018 Target	Total Results	Change since last report ▲▼
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE							
Number of people provided access to water for drinking, cooking and personal hygiene	534,000	261,000	27,000	0	30,000	3,000	0
Number of people provided with access to appropriate sanitation	556,000	455,000	14,693	0	50,000	6,800	0
Number of people provided with WASH kits	472,000	350,000	60,303	0	180,000	43,524	0
EDUCATION							
Number of school-aged children 4-17, including adolescents, accessing education in a safe and protective learning environment.	400,000	210,000	4,155	0	180,000	4,155	0
Number of school aged children 4-17 year benefiting from teaching and learning materials	342,000	130,000	4,374	0	85,000	4,374	0
Number of children who benefited from the services of teachers who are trained in psychosocial support and conflict and disaster risk reduction.	342,000	196,000	4,062	0	180,000	4,062	0
HEALTH							
Number of children immunized against measles					43,568	2,298	789
Number of pregnant women that have received 2 Long Lasting Insecticidal Nets (LLINs)					13,582	2,229	998
NUTRITION							
Number of children aged 6 to 59 months with SAM admitted for treatment in Far North	23,945	21,465	30,777	4,917	21,555	31,353	4,998
Number of children aged 6 to 59 months with SAM admitted for treatment in North	12,093	10,884	12,686	1,128	11,012	13,040	1,482
Performance of integrated program for severe acute malnutrition treatment in Far North : cured rate	>75%	>75%	87.8%	0.8%	>75%	87.8%	0.8%
Performance of integrated program for severe acute malnutrition treatment in North : cured rate	>75%	>75%	78.8%	0.8%	>75%	78.8%	0.8%
CHILD PROTECTION							
Number of children reached with psychosocial support through child friendly/safe spaces (girls and boys)		251,073	250,905	39,325	70,000	116,975	28,847
Number of children suspected or verified associated with an armed group (including children released from detention) provided with temporary care or family / community reintegration support		110	157	50	70	118	22
Number of Unaccompanied and Separated Children (UASC) identified and/or placed in alternative care arrangements and/or who benefited from individual follow-up (SC/ UAC ; girls / boys)		2,508	3,299	712	1,000	1,110	174
Number of Unaccompanied Children reunified with families (girls and boys)		376	63	6	150	43	3
Number of conflict affected children provided with Birth Certificate		12,500	6,444	446	9,000	4,382	426
Communication for Development (C4D)							
# of person (IDPs and host communities) reached with information about WASH / health / nutrition / education services (behavior/best practices) through community-based social mobilization and/or outreach activities					235,913	556,073	500
# of community leaders (traditional leaders, local political leaders, religious leaders, teachers/principals) participating as agents of social mobilization at community level					500	756	0

CAR Refugee Situation

Sector	Overall needs	Sector Response			UNICEF and IPs		
		2018 Target	Total Results	Change since last report ▲▼	2018 Target	Total Results	Change since last report ▲▼
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE							
Number of people provided access to water for drinking, cooking and personal hygiene	292,000	45,000	14,500	1,500	10,000	0	0
Number of people provided with access to appropriate sanitation	140,000	73,000	5,032	0	25,000	3,954	0
Number of people provided with WASH kits	120,000	90,000	0	0	20,000	0	0
EDUCATION							
Number of school-aged children, including adolescents, accessing education in a safe and protective learning environment	210,000	201,000	18,999	5,743	100,000	17,057	5,743
Number of school aged children benefiting from teaching and learning materials	152,000	120,000	960	0	65,000	960	0
Number of children who benefited from the services of teachers who are trained in psychosocial support and conflict and disaster risk reduction.	152,000	140,000	0	0	100,000	0	0
HEALTH							
Number of children immunized against measles					17,919	0	0
Number of pregnant women that have received 2 Long Lasting Insecticidal Nets (LLINs)					9,875	0	0
NUTRITION							
Number of children aged 6 to 59 months with SAM admitted for treatment in East and Adamaoua regions	8,690	6,297	10,226	3,174	7,915	12,373	3,404
Performance of integrated program for severe acute malnutrition treatment in East and Adamaoua : cured rate	>75%	>75%	86.2%	-0.2%	>75%	86.2%	-0.2%
CHILD PROTECTION							
Number of children reached with psychosocial support through child friendly/safe spaces (girls and boys)			2,376	0	15,000	2,376	0
Number of Unaccompanied and Separated Children (UASC) identified and/or placed in alternative care arrangements and/or who benefited from individual follow-up (SC/ UAC ; girls / boys)			442	0	200	442	0
Number of conflict affected children provided with Birth Certificate			0	0	3,000	0	0

*All results are cumulative.

**UNICEF targets can exceed that of the sector because the nutrition sector does not cover refugee camps, whereas UNICEF covers both the camps and out-of-camp refugees. Nutrition normally reports the data received from the previous month due to the reporting system from the ministry.