



NIGER

Humanitarian Situation Report

September 2019

SITUATION IN NUMBERS

Highlights

- **More than 211,000 people including 123,000 children have been affected by heavy flooding**, with 57 fatalities and 16,375 houses destroyed. Zinder, Maradi and Agadez have been hit hardest. UNICEF has supported the government to distribute 947 essential household item and shelter kits, benefiting over 6,600 people in Agadez, Maradi and Dosso. To prevent cholera, UNICEF and partners are rehabilitating water systems, provide household-level water treatment products and sensitize communities on hygiene practices.
- In September 2019, the **Rapid Response Mechanism** (ACF, ACTED, DRC, IRC, Ministry of Humanitarian Action, OCHA, UNICEF,) conducted 6 multisectoral assessments and 5 rapid protection evaluations in 8 sites hosting newly displaced populations in Diffa and Tillabéri regions. Cumulatively, the RRM has assisted 59,665 people with essential household items and 18,685 people with Wash interventions in 2019 across Diffa, Tahoua and Tillabéri .
- **Increasingly, schools are being targeted** in the area bordering Mali and Burkina Faso. According to the Ministry of Education, 100 schools and nearly 6,000 children are affected in Tillabéri region as of 30 September.
- **In Maradi**, 41,818 refugees have been registered by UNHCR. UN agencies are preparing a joint CERF application to speed up the still very under-funded and slow-moving response.

30 September 2019

1.26 million

Children in need of humanitarian assistance in Niger

2.3 million

People in need (OCHA, Humanitarian Response Plan Niger, 2019)

380,166

Children affected by SAM nationwide (OCHA, Humanitarian Response Plan Niger, 2019)

45,375

Internally displaced children in Tillabéri / Tahoua, out of

78,040

Internally displaced people in Tillabéri / Tahoua (UNHCR, September 2019)

211,366

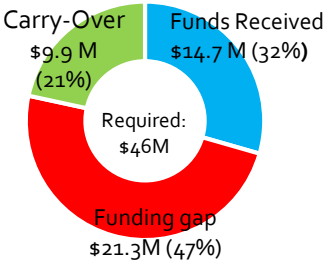
People affected by floods (Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Civil Protection)

UNICEF's Response with Partners

Cumulative results since January 2019	UNICEF		Sector/Cluster	
	Target	Results*	Target	Results*
Nutrition: # of children <5 with SAM admitted for treatment	380,166	252,476	380,166	252,476
Health: # of children <5 accessing life-saving services	125,000	29,132	n/a	n/a
WASH: # of people with access to safe water	120,000	67,861	168,000	117,116
Child Protection: #of children reached with psychosocial support, including child-friendly spaces	25,000	4,620	75,000	10,588
Education: # of crisis-affected out-of-school children accessing education	68,300	11,853	136,700	23,366

UNICEF Appeal 2019 US\$ 45.9 millions

Funding status* (US\$)



* Funds available includes funding received against current appeal as well as carry-forward from previous year.

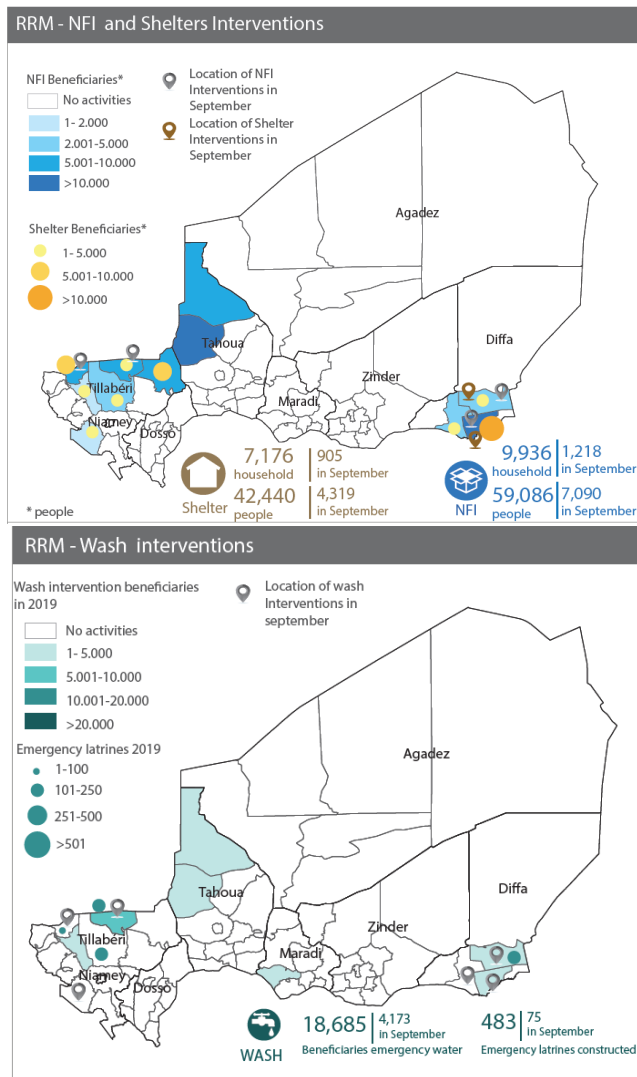
Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

Humanitarian Needs Overview, Response Plan, and 2020 outlook:

Cluster leads are currently analysing humanitarian needs in their sector and reaching agreement with Cluster members on consolidated figures. Changes in people-in-need calculation methodologies are under discussion. An OCHA-led planning workshop is expected to endorse country-wide planning figures in mid-October. UNICEF expects the humanitarian budget to increase significantly in 2020, reflecting additional needs but also an increasingly sustainable approach to programming in emergency situations.

Tillabéri and Tahoua: Access remains very limited due to continuous insecurity, a cumbersome civil-military coordination process and frequent cancellations of trip approvals due to incidents and reports of armed group activity. Lack of access is slowing down program delivery (e.g. for IDPs under ongoing CERF funding). Reports indicate that increasingly, schools are being targeted by non-state armed actors, with threats made against teachers and parents.

Floods: Floods continue across the country, and the government is asking the humanitarian community for assistance in Wash, food and non-food items / shelter. UNICEF has delivered additional KOBO training sessions to the civil protection department to speed up and digitalize their needs assessments. The Wash section is activating standby PCAs to speed up the response.



Estimated Affected Population (National)	National			Lake Chad Basin (LCB) crisis (Diffa region)			Mali crisis (Tillabéri and Tahoua regions)		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
<i>Based on HRP/HNO 2019</i>									
Total Population in need	2,300,000	1,170,000	1,130,000	469,000	239,000	230,000	717,000	366,000	351,000
Children Affected <18	1,260,000	643,000	617,000	258,000	132,000	126,000	394,000	201,000	193,000
Children <5	380,166	188,943	191,223	84,890	42,190	42,700	131,337	65,274	66,063
Children 6 to 23 months	66,818	33,209	33,609	23,750	11,804	11,946	13,800	6,859	6,941
Pregnant and lactating women	303,757	303,757		13,576	13,576		20,256	20,256	

Humanitarian Leadership and Coordination

UNICEF leads the Education and WASH Clusters, the Child Protection Sub-Cluster and the Nutrition Technical Working Group in close collaboration with government counterparts. UNICEF technically leads the Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM), implemented jointly by ACF, ACTED, DRC, IRC, OCHA and WFP and the government, and is responsible for the procurement of NFIs. September and cumulative annual RRM achievements are shown in the infographics above.

Humanitarian Strategy

UNICEF responds to chronic and acute crises in Niger. A 2019 program focus is to operationalize the linkages between humanitarian and development programming (Nexus), particularly in Diffa. UNICEF strengthens national health and nutrition systems to deliver emergencies services, including severe acute malnutrition (SAM) prevention and treatment, measles and polio vaccination and free health care for children under 5. UNICEF prioritizes access to quality school services for children affected by crises and building resilience in schools. Conflict-affected children receive comprehensive child protection services, and cholera prevention and readiness and access to safe water stay priorities.

Summary Analysis of Programme Response

Nutrition



Lake Chad Basin crisis

As of 29th of September (week 39), 9,820 under-five children suffering from SAM were admitted for treatment in Diffa region, including 817 cases with medical complications. This represents 62.8% of the annual target. Compared to the same period (week 1 to 39) in 2018, a decrease of 16% (153 children) and 16% (1,762 children) was observed in both inpatient and outpatient facilities respectively. The third round of the Seasonal Malaria Chemoprophylaxis (SMC) campaign took place in September, coupled with malnutrition screening. On this occasion, 151,943 children were screened including 920 (0.6%) severely acute malnourished children. No RUTF stock-outs were reported during the week of the campaign.

Mali Border crisis (Tahoua and Tillabéri regions)

As of 29th of September (week 39), 67,509 under-five children suffering from SAM were admitted for treatment in Tahoua and Tillabéri regions, including 8,145 cases with medical complications. This represents 62.4% of the annual target. Compared to the same period (week 1 to 39) in 2018, an increase of admissions of 13% (6,755 children) was observed in outpatient care while a decrease of 12.6% (1,177 children) was observed in inpatient facilities.

National crisis

As of 29th of September (week 39), 252,476 under-five children suffering from SAM were admitted for treatment. Among these children, 29,758 cases (11.8%) presented medical complications (admitted for inpatient therapeutic care), while 222,718 cases (88.2%) were admitted for outpatient therapeutic care. Compared to the same period last year (week 1-39), an increase in admissions of 5% (10,394 children) was observed in outpatient care while a decrease of 14% (4,858 children) was observed in inpatient facilities. This represents 66.4% of the annual target.



Health

Lake Chad Basin crisis

At the end of September 2019, epidemiological surveillance data included a total of 223 measles cases and 0 death, 14 cases of meningitis with 1 death, 38 cases of Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP), and 57,770 cases of malaria with 16 deaths. For measles, this represents 17% increase compared to last year at the same time. The health districts most affected by measles were Mainé-Soroa (110 cases and 0 deaths), N'guigmi (61 cases and 0 deaths) and Diffa (40 cases and 0 deaths). With regard to Acute Flaccid Paralysis, the health districts of Mainé-Soroa, Diffa and Goudoumaria registered respectively 18, 9 and 5 cases.

A **National measles vaccine campaign** was organized from 13 to 19 September, enabling the region to achieve measles immunization coverage of 99% and 100% completeness; 232,780 doses were used with a loss rate of 2%. However, 23 villages have not been reached in the Diffa region, for security reasons. This suggests that we can still have measles outbreaks next year.

ICCM, HIV / AIDS sensitization and the third round of the seasonal malaria chemoprophylaxis campaign were carried out during this month of September for the benefit of host and refugee populations in the Diffa region.

The implementation of the activities of Possible Serious Bacterial Infection (PSBI) began with a planning workshop held at the Diffa Public Health Regional Directorate with the support of the Ministry of Health and UNICEF.

Mali Border crisis

Mobile clinics in Tillabéri Districts have reached 12,788 children by the end of September, including 4,334 internally displaced persons and 876 refugees. One of the main constraints is the availability of community relay data in hard-to-reach emergency areas. Coordination meetings in the Health Centers have been initiated to collect these data.

WASH



Lake Chad Basin crisis

Since January 2019, the WASH Cluster actors have helped 21,098 people access sustainable water sources (84% of the annual target) of which 4,400 with UNICEF's support. In addition, the construction works for a UNICEF-supported piped water supply system in Awaridi villages targeting 13,648 people is nearing completion.

Related to hygiene and sanitation, 34,620 people were reached since January 2019 by the WASH Cluster actors including 5,909 people with UNICEF support. The ongoing implementation of Community Led Total Sanitation (CLTS) in Chetimari and Foulatari by the NGO ADESA since August and of emergency sanitation and hygiene promotion activities in the IDP sites of Kitchendi and Awaridi by the NGO DEMI E, both with UNICEF support, will assist another 13,545 people.

Border crisis in Mali (Tahoua and Tillabéri regions)

In September 26,008 people gained access to sustainable safe drinking water (including 8,675 with UNICEF support), increasing the number of people gaining access to sustainable safe drinking water to 43,341, against an annual target of 48,600. In addition, 33,2891 people gained access to emergency water supply through UNICEF and partner activities

since January 2019. 18,535 people were reached with sanitation facilities in September, bringing the total of people reached in 2019 to 25,239 (126% of UNICEF's annual target).

Other crises

In Maradi region, the implementation of CLTS in 15 villages hosting 15,195 Nigerian refugees by the NGO CISP with UNICEF support has started in mid-September. Moreover, 355 latrine blocks were built, and 1,273 hygiene kits distributed to 891 refugee and 382 host households by the NGO World Vision.

Education



Lake Chad Basin crisis

Access: In September 2019, as a prelude to the start of the school year 2019/2020, a preparatory workshop was organized by the Regional Directorate of Primary Education (DREP) with the support of UNICEF for two days in Diffa. The participants analyzed constraints related to the beginning of the school year and the school attendance, especially for displaced children, and proposed relevant solutions. The constraints are the security threat and the psychosis from these attacks. Participants recommended to increase awareness among communities, to update school-based risk management plans as soon as school start, and capacity building for teachers who have not received psychosocial support training.

Quality: In partnership with UNICEF, the Regional Directorate of Primary Education (DREP) and the Regional Directorate of Secondary Education (DRES) of Diffa organized community sensitization sessions to launch the "Connect My School" pilot project in two schools of Diffa district, which aims to enhance children's learning using electronic tablets. As a part of this pilot, 12 primary and secondary teachers were trained on the use of tablets.

The DRES of Diffa, with the support of UNICEF, trained 82 school directors, supervisors and pedagogical advisors (including 7 women) on psychosocial support and conflict and disaster risk management. Among those trainees, 46 are school teachers, and since there are in low school, each of them teaches at least two classes. The other 36 either provide pedagogical support to teachers or provide advices to students.

The DREP of Diffa, in collaboration with UNICEF, organized a workshop for 29 managers (12 women) on the RapidPro reporting methodology and the use of data collection to improve planning capacity in schools.

UNICEF partner Concern trained 93 teachers including 58 women and 10 pedagogical supervisors on Mother-tongue Education and Early Grade Reading Assessment (EGRA) in a twenty-day training. At the end, a total of 4,150 students will benefit from this training.

Mali Border crisis (Tahoua and Tillabéri regions)

Access: CONCERN with the support of UNICEF organized sensitization and community mobilization missions for the enrollment and retention of children in school in Tillabéri. This activity reached more than 900 people (including about 300 women) in different villages in Torodi and Gothye departments bordering Burkina Faso.

DREP Tillabéri in collaboration with CONCERN and support from UNICEF organized a 2-day workshop on the "safe school declaration" and the preparation of the back to school campaign. The workshop concluded that **community conflicts (affecting school attendance) and attacks on schools remain the major challenges.**

COOPI organized sensitization and community mobilization missions that reached more than 4,000 community members in Tahoua and Tillabéri. This awareness campaign aims to encourage parents to massively send and maintain their children in school.

During September 2019, NGO SwissContact trained 119 young people out of school in Tillabéri region (71 girls, 48 boys) in catering, agro-processing (cowpeas and groundnuts), motor pump and hand pump reparation.

Quality: UNICEF partner CONCERN trained 154 members of SMC and Mothers' Associations including 38 women on peace education and prevention of violence in schools for three days in Tillabéri.

Likewise, COOPI trained 51 directors and advisors (including 6 women) and 191 teachers (including 94 women) on psychosocial support and risk management for eight days in Tahoua and Tillabéri.

Advocacy by members of the Tahoua Education Working Group, under the leadership of the DREP and the support of education partners, resulted in the Tahoua Regional Council endorsing the creation of a college in Intikane, in order to facilitate access for all students, including refugee and internally displaced children.

The Safe School Working Group has been revitalized and the 2018 work plan has been evaluated. A new plan is being developed, considering lessons learnt from the implementation of the 2018 work plan.



Child Protection

Lake Chad Basin crisis

Child protection organisations in Diffa are continuing psychosocial support reaching 1,837 children (1,004 girls) through child friendly's spaces and individual follow-ups (for example through social workers and community-based actors).

Four new cases of unaccompanied and separated children were identified, documented and placed in alternative care arrangements in the Diffa region through UNICEF's technical support to the government. 48 separated and

unaccompanied children (22 girls) benefitted from follow-up by social workers at department levels through UNICEF support after being reunified with their families.

In September, four children (2 girls) escaped from non-state armed groups and transferred by the antiterrorist cell in Diffa to the Regional Directorate for child protection (DRPE) where they benefitted from temporary care and family reunification, supported by UNICEF. At Niamey level, four boys who were detained at the juvenile quarter end of 2018, were transferred to the transit centre managed by the Regional Directorate this month for alternative care before preparing for their reunification process.

Mali border Crisis


The situation at the borders with Mali and Burkina Faso worsened where child protection organisations are scarce in the region and have little access to children in need. UNICEF partners COOPI and national NGO DIKO offered psychosocial support to 4,109 children through 15 child friendly spaces (CFS) (five of them in Tahoua) and counselling sessions. This month, an average of 273 children per CFS per week joined the activities. UNICEF partners also identified 78 vulnerable children and referred them to the adequate structures (for example health centres) or handed out NFI kits. No cases of separated and unaccompanied children have been identified yet, mostly due to conflict-induced preventive family movements in the region. 9,954 people (including 5,498 children) participated in sensitization activities including mine risks education. One child associated to a non-state armed group, from the region of Ouallam, was transferred from detention to the transit centre in Niamey for alternative care under the lead of the Regional Directorate for child protection.

Children on the move

In September, UNICEF and its partners continued to strengthen the assistance mechanism to take care of unaccompanied children on the move identified in transit in the Agadez region. The Regional Directorate for child protection took care of 41 children (including nine girls), among them 32 children expelled from Algeria (aged 2 to 17 years old). The One stop shops in the region of Agadez, including the Arlit One stop shop, are being consolidated through the collaboration between the Regional Directorate for child protection social workers and IOM transit centers. Social workers can interact directly with the children in the IOM center in Arlit to offer psychosocial support and refer them to the reunification process.

Non-Food Items (NFI)

Between 1st January and 30th September 2019, UNICEF and its Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) partners distributed 8,041 NFI kits to 56,287 people, out of which 1,615 kits to 11,305 people in Diffa region and 6,426 kits to 44,982 people in Tahoua and Tillabéri regions. The overall response of the RRM involved 9,832 households in non-food items, of which 80% were financed by ECHO and UNICEF.

 In September, 20 out of 51 health centers sent complete reports on nutrition performance. In WASH, UNICEF received 63 reports out of 249 expected water points reports. 89 alerts were registered since January 2019 while 5 in September, out of which 59 were resolved and the remaining are being followed up by technicians and local authorities. The alerts are discussed during WASH working group meetings, and an updated "alert tracker" is shared with Diffa WASH actors. In the education sector, schools were on annual holidays, therefore only 32 reports have been sent. We expect reporting to improve in October with school opening again.

Sector	Real time reporting on alerts and the functionalities of services			
	Received real time report	Target real time report	Registered Alerts	Addressed Alerts
Nutrition	20	51	12	12
WASH	63	249	84	59
Education	32	217	0	0

Media and External Communication

Marixie Mercado, UNICEF spokesperson in Geneva, highlighted the humanitarian needs of 123,000 children affected by flooding in Niger during the press briefing at the Palais des Nations in Geneva. The briefing received international media coverage including pitches at VOA and Relief Web. In addition, UNICEF released a series of multimedia products to highlight the support provided by partners to respond to the on-going humanitarian crises in Niger. A multimedia piece produced in Maradi was amplified at the regional level to highlight the support of ECHO on the humanitarian response to fight child malnutrition. The 'Kits for new-born babies' video was widely shared across digital platforms as part of the Rapid Response Mechanism to support the global campaign on life-saving supplies to families displaced by conflict and natural hazards. A communications package to raise awareness on the need to protect children on the move by providing continuous care was released on digital platforms thanks to the support of DFID-UK and the Government of Italy.

Security

The security environment in Niger continued to be negatively affected by the presence of non-state armed groups. In Diffa region, this materialized by targeted violence against Nigerien security forces (IED incidents, rocket fires...) and civilians (targeted assassinations, kidnappings, lootings, cattle theft). In Maradi region, incidents of armed robbery and cattle theft, mostly attributed to armed elements coming from Nigeria, were registered along the Nigerian border. In Tillaberi region, frequent incursions of violent extremist militants (mostly affiliated to the organization Islamic State) coming from Mali and Burkina Faso resulted in asymmetric attacks against Nigerien security forces and sporadic violence against civilians. Humanitarian organizations were also affected, like on 10 September in Tongo (Tillaberi region), when 2 vehicles belonging to a major international humanitarian organization were seized by presumed ISGS elements. Different sources also mentioned that Tillaberi and Dosso regions were frequently used by elements affiliated to the organization Islamic State to move from Mali or Burkina Faso to Nigeria and vice-versa.

Funding

In 2019 UNICEF has received funding from UNICEF-United Arab Emirates, the government of Japan, the government of Italy, the Czech government, the German Natcom for UNICEF through the Global Thematic Fund, the CERF funds through OCHA, SIDA Sweden and ECHO. The carry-forward funding from 2018, included a significant UK Aid grant that was received at the end of the year and that is reported on this table. UNICEF wishes to express its sincere appreciation to all donors for their generous 2019 contribution.

Funding Requirements (as defined in Humanitarian Appeal of 2019)					
Appeal Sector	Requirements	Funds available		Funding gap	
		Funds Received Current Year	Carry-Over	\$	%
Nutrition	24,500,000	5,990,191	8,474,561	10,035,248	41%
Health	1,648,000	381,319	-	1,266,681	77%
WASH	6,040,000	1,960,457	440,391	3,639,153	60%
Child Protection	3,066,419	1,206,496	36,874	1,823,049	59%
Education	4,984,281	1,288,350	-	3,695,931	74%
Non-Food Items (NFI)	4,702,386	2,387,466	979,648	1,335,273	28%
Cluster Coordination	1,000,000	1,091,433	-	0	0%
Total	45,941,086	14,733,610¹	9,931,473	21,795,335	47%

* Funds available includes funding received against current appeal as well as carry-forward from the previous year.

Next SitRep: October 2019

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UNICEF Niger Humanitarian Action for Children appeal: <http://www.unicef.org/appeals/index.html>

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¹ Total funds received include one donor contribution which has not yet been attributed to specific sectors.

Annex A - SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS

	UNICEF and IPs				Cluster Response		
	Overall needs	2019 Target	Total Results*	Change since last report	2019 Target	Total Results*	Change since last report
NUTRITION							
# of children under 5 with SAM admitted into therapeutic feeding programmes	380,166	380,166	252,476	45,855 ▲	380,166	252,476	45,855 ▲
HEALTH							
# children under 5 accessing life-saving interventions through fixed, mobile and community-based activities	266,000	125,000	29,132	4,653 ▲			
# of children aged 6 months to 14 years in humanitarian situations vaccinated against measles	239,400	100,000	316,703	-			
WASH							
# people affected by population movements and natural disasters accessing drinking water	215,619	120,000	67,861	-	168,600	117,116	-
# people affected by an outbreak of water-borne disease accessing hygiene kits and sensitization activities	972,908	459,000	388,713	-	905,183	397,624	6,916 ▲
# of malnourished children admitted for SAM/MAM and benefiting WASH minimum package in the community	392,706	15,000	2,133	81 ▲	67,589	3,933	81 ▲
CHILD PROTECTION							
# of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child-friendly spaces	484,000	25,000	4,620	1,893 ▲	75,000	10,588	1,893 ▲
# of registered unaccompanied and separated children benefiting from family tracing and reunification services and family-based care or alternative care arrangements	N/A	515	473	41 ▲	670	690	45 ▲
# children affected by population movements benefiting from sensitization activities on child protection risks	484,000	88,979	10,197	5,700 ▲	174,240	22,549	7,365 ▲
EDUCATION							
# girls and boys (4-17) affected by crisis who have a continuous access to education	344,000	103,600	4,538	-	219,000	13,420	-
# girls and boys aged 4 to 17 years affected by crisis receiving learning materials	344,000	116,800	30,227	119 ▲	219,000	33,912	119 ▲
# of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis accessing education	344,000	68,300	11,972	119 ▲	136,700	23,485	119 ▲
# of boys and girls (4 -17 years) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support	344,000	71,100	20,557	-	149,598	24,877	-
NON-FOOD ITEMS							
# people affected by conflict or natural disasters provided with essential household items and emergency shelters	583,000	101,500	56,287	8,400 ▲			

Lake Chad Basin Crisis Response

LCB targets and results are also included in the "Summary of programme results" table above.

	Overall needs	UNICEF and IPs			Cluster Response		
		2019 Target	Total Results	Change since last report	2019 Target	Total Results	Change since last report
NUTRITION							
# children under 5 years affected by SAM admitted for treatment in Diffa	15,635	15,635	9,820	1,232 ▲	15,635	9,820	1,232 ▲
HEALTH							
# children under 5 accessing life-saving interventions through fixed, mobile and community-based activities	117,271	75,000	14,721	-			
# of children aged 6 months to 14 years in humanitarian situations vaccinated against measles	60,300	30,000	135,128	-			
# of children who have access to community case management in emergency in the N'Guigmi and Diffa health district	33,500	15,000	2,294	-			
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE							
# of malnourished children admitted for SAM/MAM and benefiting WASH minimum package in the community	7,658	5,000	-	-	5,817	924	144 ▲
# of people affected by the crisis in Diffa who have improved access to safe water to respond to their long-term1 needs	48,600	25,000	4,400	-	48,600	21,098	1,598 ▲
# of people affected by the crisis in Diffa who have improved access to safe water to respond to their immediate2 needs	10,000	10,000	5,867	-	10,000	11,467	-
# of people affected by the crisis in Diffa with access to sanitation infrastructure taking into account accessibility for children and the specific needs of women and men	48,600	15,000	1,025	-	48,600	18,864	1,086 ▲
# of people affected by the crisis in Diffa having access to hygiene kits and sensitization activities	48,600	45,000	5,909	90 ▲	48,600	34,620	5,437 ▲
CHILD PROTECTION							
# of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child-friendly spaces	258,000	7,200	446	-	45,750	6,414	-
# of separated and/or unaccompanied children placed in alternative care arrangements and / or who benefitted from individual follow up	N/A	360	250	-	500	453	4 ▲
# of children suspected or verified CAAFAG identified benefitting from temporary care and/or family/community reintegration support	N/A	147	62	4 ▲	155	62	4 ▲
# of children affected by population movements benefitting from sensitization activities on child protection risks	258,000	56,364	4,699	202 ▲	174,240	17,051	1,867 ▲
EDUCATION							
# boys and girls (4-17) affected by crisis who have a continuous access to education"	144,000	58,000	3,506	-	115,000	12,388	-
# of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis accessing education	144,000	25,500	8,359	-	51,100	11,251	-
# of boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis receiving learning materials	144,000	58,000	12,950	-	115,000	14,840	-
# of boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support	144,000	25,500	484	-	51,100	484	-
NON-FOOD ITEMS							
# of displaced persons provided with NFI kits	255,000	10,500	11,305	6,377 ▲			

Mali border Crisis Response

Mali boarder crisis targets, and results are included in the in the "Summary of programme results" table above.

	Overall needs	UNICEF and IPs			Cluster Response		
		2019 Target	Total Results*	Change since last report ▲ ▼	2019 Target	Total Results*	Change since last report ▲ ▼
NUTRITION							
# of children under-five with severe acute malnutrition admitted into therapeutic feeding programme in the border with Mali	108,104	108,104	67,509	11,170 ▲	108,104	67,509	11,170 ▲
HEALTH							
# of children aged 6 months to 14 years in humanitarian situations vaccinated against measles in Tillabéri and Tahoua	179,100	20,000	55,656	-			
# of children who have access to life-saving interventions in the supported health districts (Abala, Banibangou, Ayorou, Tilia, Torodi)	99,500	25,000	12,788	4,275 ▲			
WASH							
# of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali who have improved access to safe water to respond to their long-term ³ needs	162,019	25,000	27,526	10,193 ▲	100,000	27,256	10,193 ▲
# of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali who have improved access to safe water to respond to their immediate ⁴ needs	10,000	-	31,771	-	10,000	41,611	-
# of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali with access to sanitation infrastructure taking into account accessibility for children, and the specific needs of women and men	162,019	20,000	25,239	18,535 ▲	80,000	31,943	25,239 ▲
# of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali having access to hygiene kits and sensitization activities	162,019	60,000	103,105	27,210 ▲	162,012	103,105	27,210 ▲
CHILD PROTECTION							
# of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child-friendly spaces	226,000	17,300	4,174	1,893 ▲	28,500	4,174	1,893 ▲
# of registered unaccompanied and separated children benefiting from family tracing and reunification services and family-based care or alternative care arrangements	N/A	35	0	-	50	0	-
# of children released from armed forces or groups who have benefited from community reintegration support	N/A	120	7	-	120	7	-
# of children affected by population movements benefitting from sensitization activities on child protection risks	226,000	32,615	5,498	5,498 ▲	66,880	5,504	5,498 ▲
Education							
# boys and girls (4-17) affected by crisis who have a continuous access to education"	114,000	45,600	1,032	-	91,200	1,032	-
# of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis accessing education	114,000	42,800	2,686	119 ▲	85,600	6,157	119 ▲
# of boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis receiving learning materials	114,000	45,600	17,227	119 ▲	91,200	17,651	119 ▲
# of boys and girls (4 -17 years) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support	114,000	45,600	5,456	-	91,200	9,776	-
NON-FOOD ITEMS							
# of people affected by conflict provided with an NFI kit	178,000	56,000	44,982	2,023 ▲			