NEWS HIGHLIGHT

Signing Ceremony of the ASEAN Declaration on One ASEAN, One Response: ASEAN Responding to Disasters as One in the Region and Outside the Region

NEWS STORY

ACDM Working Group on Preparedness and Response

9th Delsa Project Steering Committee Meeting

INSIGHTS

Technology and the Effectiveness of Humanitarian Action
The ACDM Working Group on Preparedness and Response is jointly chaired by Malaysia and Singapore with representation from Laos People’s Democratic Republic, Republic of Korea, and the ASEAN Coordinating Centre for Humanitarian Assistance on disaster management (AHA Centre).

The ACDM Working Group on Preparedness and Response recently co-chaired the 9th Project Steering Committee (PSC) meeting for the “Establishment of a Disaster Emergency Logistics Systems for ASEAN” (DELSA) in SCDP Head Quarter, Singapore. Review of the meeting will be described in the following article.
On December 2012, the Disaster Emergency Logistics System for ASEAN (DELSA) Project was established in Subang, Malaysia. The DELSA Project aims to establish a logistics system which can serve disaster-affected Member States in a timely manner, as well as to enhance the capacity of the AHA Centre and ASEAN Member States in handling disaster emergency logistics operation, through various trainings and technical supports, which made available from the support of the Government of Japan.

Since its establishment, DELSA has played a fundamental role in providing substantial supports, which made available from the support of the Government of Japan.

The meeting adopted 12 agendas including updates of activities resulting from the previous 9th DELSA PSC, review and evaluation of the ACE Programme 3rd batch Completion Report and discussion of the next batch, updates on the communication activities, status of DELSA stockpiles and the procurement process of batch 3, development of the 5 Years Logistics Framework of the AHA Centre as well as discussion regarding several essential aspects.

One of the highlights of the meeting was the presentation of the very first DELSA Relief Items Catalogue, presented by Mr. Andri Suryo, the Communications Officer of the AHA Centre.

The meeting suggested the catalogue to be presented at the upcoming ACDM Meeting and ASEAN Ministerial Meeting in October, to be held in Malacca, Indonesia.

On 27 September 2016 at the SCDF Head Quarter, Singapore, the meeting was attended by representatives from Japan Mission to ASEAN, Japan ASEAN Integration Fund (JAF) Management Team, Office of Civil Defence Region 8 of the Philippines, ASEAN Secretariat, and the AHA Coordinating Centre for Humanitarian Assistance on disaster management (AHA Centre).

The meeting adopted 12 agendas including updates of activities resulting from the previous 9th DELSA PSC, review and evaluation of the ACE Programme 3rd batch Completion Report and discussion of the next batch, updates on the communication activities, status of DELSA stockpiles and the procurement process of batch 3, development of the 5 Years Logistics Framework of the AHA Centre as well as discussion regarding several essential aspects.

One of the highlights of the meeting was the presentation of the very first DELSA Relief Items Catalogue, presented by Mr. Andri Suryo, the Communications Officer of the AHA Centre.

The meeting suggested the catalogue to be presented at the upcoming ACDM Meeting and ASEAN Ministerial Meeting in October, to be held in Malacca, Indonesia.
Technology and the Effectiveness of Humanitarian Action

Ms. Adelina Kamal
Director for Sustainable Development
Asian and Pacific Disaster Reduction Centre

Creating knowledge networks and sharing best practices in humanitarian response at both the national and geographical levels

Technology for disaster mitigation

The very first and most important phase in communicating disaster is during the warning stage. A proper early warning system could prevent the magnitudes of possible impacts. However, there are several factors that influence the effectiveness of the system, including:

Good scientific knowledge of the risks

Highly automated response systems and warning services

People-centred approaches to warning and response

Community-driven public awareness building

Technology for disaster preparedness

The last phase probably holds the most difficult situation, which is to recover. It is however at this phase the most critical, and the task of the AHA Centre on the very first draft of the AADMER and the first one to put the idea of having the AHA Centre as part of the ASEAN family.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.

I joined the AHA Centre in December 1994. From the twenty-two years of my service there, I have served five Secretaries-General of ASEAN. Back then, the AHA Centre was, at that time, still referred to as the ASEAN Secretariat’s technical division. Before that, the predecessors only served as Secretaries-General for the ASEAN Secretariat.
About ASEAN

The Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) was established on 8 August 1967. The Member States of the Association are Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam. The ASEAN Secretariat is based in Jakarta, Indonesia. As set out in the ASEAN Declaration, the aims and purposes of ASEAN among others are to accelerate the economic growth, social progress, cultural development, to promote regional peace and stability as well as to improve active collaboration and cooperation.

About The AHA Centre

The AHA Centre is an inter-governmental organisation established on 17 November 2011, through the signing of the Agreement on the Establishment of the ASEAN Coordinating Centre for Humanitarian Assistance on disaster management (AHA Centre) by ASEAN Foreign Ministers, witnessed by the ASEAN Heads of States, from 10 ASEAN Member States: Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, and Viet Nam. The Centre was set-up to facilitate the cooperation and coordination among ASEAN Member States and with the United Nations and international organisations for disaster management and emergency response in the ASEAN region.

About AADMER

The ASEAN Agreement on Disaster Management and Emergency Response (AADMER) is a legally-binding regional multi-hazard and policy framework for cooperation, coordination, technical assistance and resource mobilisation in all aspects of disaster management in the 10 ASEAN Member States. The objective of AADMER is to provide an effective mechanism to achieve substantial reduction of disaster losses in lives and in social, economic and environmental assets, and to jointly respond to emergencies through concerted national efforts.

Talk To Us:

URL  www.ahacentre.org

@ahacentre

aha centre

@ahacentre

THE AHA CENTRE
Badan Pengkajian dan Penerapan Teknologi (BPPT) 1st Building, 17th Floor
Jl. MH. Thamrin No.8 Jakarta 10340
INDONESIA

Tel : +62 21 230500 6

SUPPORTED BY:

Japan-ASEAN Cooperation