

State of Peace and Security in Africa 2016

Key observations regarding continental-level trends in peace and security in Africa in 2016

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Full report: ipss-addis.org/publications

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Violent events in 2016

33%
of all conflicts occurred in these countries

Libya
Somalia
South Sudan
Nigeria



2016
Active peace operations in Africa



Most active categories of conflict actors

34%
Govt. security forces largely in the horn of Africa

MINUSCA MINUSMA MONUSCO UNAMID
UNMIL UNOCI UNMISS UNISFA AMISOM

30%
Political militia

20%
Rebel groups (Armed Opposition Force)



Scale and kinds of fatalities in 2016

8,050 Most civilians killed by political militias and state security forces
5,098 Non-violent conflict fatalities (Migrant deaths)



A year of protests and riots

2015 — **5%↑** — 2016

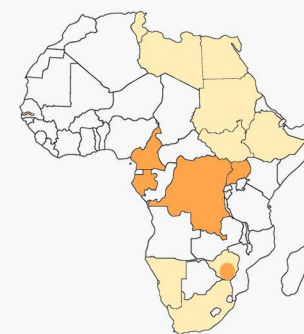
Tunisia South Africa Gabon
Ethiopia Mali Chad



Triggers of protests and riots

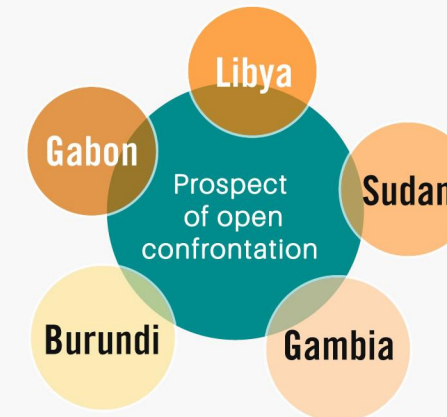
Recorded the highest number

20% South Africa
11.2% Tunisia



Political
Economic

AfSol Progress in African-centred solutions in peace and security



AU/REC led mediation and political settlement initiatives



Continental-level trends of peace and security in 2016

Conflict and Violence

17,539
Total violent events

20% of total reported fatalities in Africa
Somalia

16% of total reported fatalities in Africa
Nigeria



Highest reported cases of rape and gender-based violence in 2016 countries

Sudan
South Sudan
CAR and DRC



Extremist groups were either neutralized or reduced

Boko Haram
fewest attacks in 2016 compared with the previous five years

Al-Shabaab
top leadership degraded affecting effectiveness

IS and its affiliates
sustained containment and effective roll back



Stalled Peace Agreements

Libya 2015

Mali 2015

South Sudan 2015