



Context

The Naivasha IDP Camp is adjacent to United Nations Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS) compound was established in June 2016, following violence in and around Wau town, making it the most recently established IDP in South Sudan. In April 2017, an outbreak of violence resulted in a major influx, at which point IOM conducted an exercise to biometric register IDPs for food assistance, which recorded the population at 39,165. The population of Naivasha IDP Camp is 9,423 individuals in July 2021.

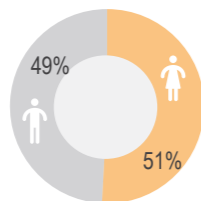
Site demography

Total IDPs

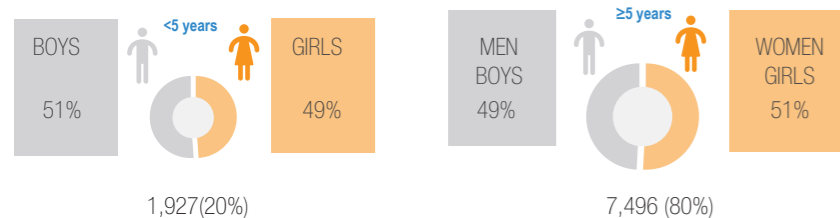


9,423
(2,544 HHs)

total IDPs living inside Naivasha IDP Camp



Age and sex disaggregated data



Population count by sector as of July 2021

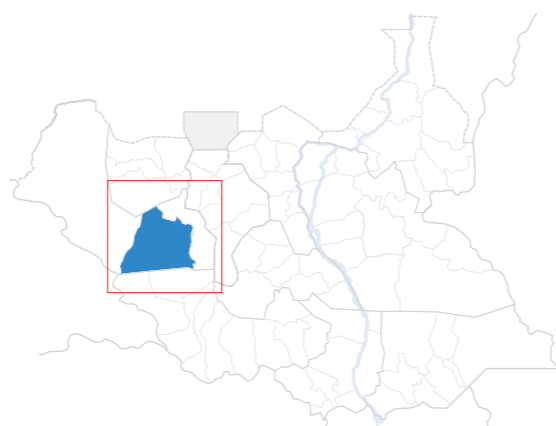
Quarterly Highlights

- 1. Monitor service provision in the sites and flag any duplication or gaps in service provision.
- 2. Continue to conduct key messaging on Covid-19 preparedness and awareness.
- 3. Monitor the trend of movement to understand return dynamics.

Site overview

Site location

Latitude: **7.717⁰** Site area: **200,000m²**
Longitude: **27.966⁰** Established in: **June 2016**



Sector overview

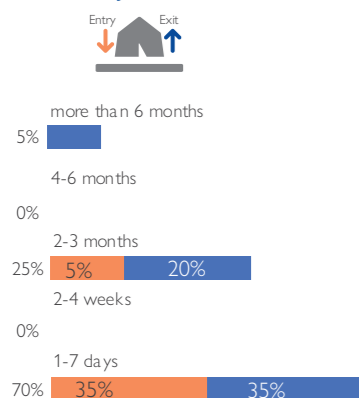
Sector	Indicator	Target	Achieved	Implementing Agencies
CCCM	Land area per person	30m ²	23.8m²	IOM
	% of IDPs covered with non-food items	100%	100%	IOM
Shelter/NFI	Average floor area/person	>3.5m ²	6.3	IOM
	Water availability (liters per person per day)	>15	17.5	IOM
WASH	# people per water tap	<250	72	IOM
	# people per latrine	<20	16.2	Darcas
	# people per shower	<100	-	Darcas
Education	Teacher to students ratio	50:01:00	-	UNICEF
	% of enrollment in primary school	100%	0%	UNICEF
Food/Livelihood	% of household receiving food ration	100%	99%	ACTED, WFP
	Mortality below 5 years of age	<2	-	IOM,IMC,Johanniter, WHO
Health	Mortality above 5 years of age	<2	-	IOM,IMC,Johanniter, WHO
	% of SAM prevalence below 5 years of age (by MUAC)	<2%	0.9%	Johanniter, UNICEF
Nutrition	% of MAM prevalence below 5 years of age (by MUAC)	<10%	4.17%	Johanniter
	% of newly identified Unaccompanied or Separated children registered for Family Tracing and Reunification	100%	-	Hold the Child
Protection	% of newly identified Unaccompanied or Separated children registered for Family Tracing and Reunification	100%	0	Hold the Child

● Target reached ● Target more than 50% reached ● Target less than 50% reached ○ Unknown

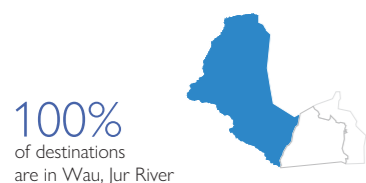
Flow monitoring



TIME SPENT AWAY FROM SITE AND INTENDED JOURNEY LENGTH



MAIN DESTINATIONS



For more details and methodology, please visit DTM website:- <https://dtm.iom.int/>



NEW ENTRY

TOP REASON FOR ENTRY: Hunger because of conflict

FOLLOWED BY: Not safe/ insecurity because of conflict

INTENDED PERIOD OF STAY

Intended period of stay	% of new entry	Top departure locations
1—7 days	0%	NA
2—4 weeks	0%	NA
2—3 months	18%	Wau
4—6 months	29%	Jur River
Probably >6months	54%	Jur River, Juba

PERMANENT EXITS

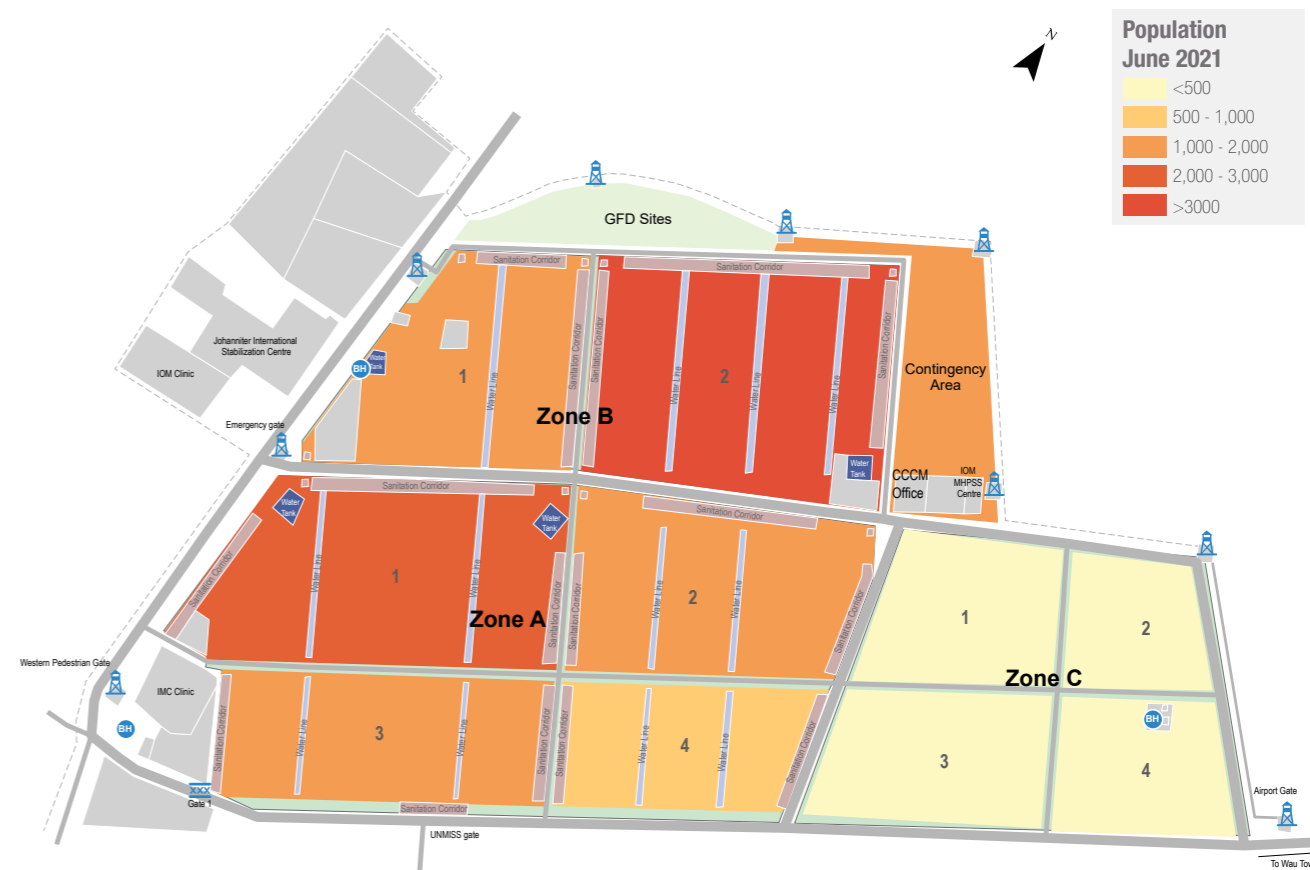
TOP REASON FOR EXIT: Life is now better in destination

FOLLOWED BY: N/A

NATURE OF DESTINATION

Nature of destination	% of perm. exits	Top destinations
former home	35%	Wau
new home, different area	59%	Wau
former area but new home	6%	Wau
displacement site	-	

Population heat map as of July 2021





Naivasha IDP Camp



Satellite image of Naivasha IDP Camp

Naivasha IDP Camp Service Provision Status

Service	Partner	Issue	Implication
Education	WCC, PC & UNICEF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Suspension of early educational activities in the camp due to lack of funds as at January 2021 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protection risk for young children walking long distances to government schools in the communities. High need to provide farming groups with appropriate seedlings and the required land access for cultivation to facilitate the positive intention of the WFP to wean off the dependency attitude by the displaced community and to take ownership of their livelihood.
FSL	WFP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Food deduction from 70-50% and complete cut in October to December in all the IDP camp sites 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protection concerns when IDP will move out in search of water
Water	OXFAM, UNICEF, IOM & DOCAS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Limited pipeline supplies available, funds available till May 2021 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IOM plans to support the IDP site community including government actors to take self-management capacities
Camp Management	IOM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Camp management service continues through 2021 with reduced activities due to uncertainty of funding availability 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IDP will resort to open defecation leading to high risk of Cholera and outbreak of water born diseases.
Sanitation	OXFAM, UNICEF, IOM & DOCAS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of functioning latrines or a pileup of waste No funding for solid and liquid waste management No funding for latrine upkeep and repair for entire 2021 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continued deterioration of service in the IDP site is putting the lives of 8,603 individuals composed of 4,457 children, 3,823 adults and 323 elderly persons above 60 years at high risk

Movement Profile

- Movement at Naivasha IDP site is almost exclusively composed of same day travels for various livelihood activities
- In the first quarter of 2021, there were at least 11 new arrivals who came to the camp to join their families. At the same time, IOM noted 57 permanent exits who reported going home as the situation at the destination improved
- Main areas of return: Wau and Jur River

	Baggari	Besselia	Rocrocdong	Wau North	Wau South
General improvement of security situation in area of return	80%	71%	84%	77%	73%
Humanitarian support	48%	56%	31%	41%	39%
Assurance from government on safety	23%	24%	18%	2%	11%
Resolution of communal clashes /disagreements between families/tribes	32%	15%	18%	5%	8%
Access to land or housing	27%	7%	13%	4%	9%
Area becomes free of military/armed groups	1%	6%	12%	3%	3%
Access to work/livelihoods	0%	0%	10%	1%	3%
Business space and opportunity	1%	6%	6%	1%	1%
Access to school	3%	0%	5%	1%	3%
Access to critical facilities and infrastructure	1%	0%	1%	1%	0%
Removal of land mines/UXO	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%
Other	0%	0%	2%	0%	1%
None	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%