## CSSF PROGRAMME SUMMARY

**PROGRAMME TITLE:** Sahel: Stabilisation CSSF Programme

**HMG Partners (LEAD in bold):** Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FCO) and Department for International Development (DFID)

**COUNTRY AND REGION:** Sahel: Mali, Niger, Chad, and Burkina Faso.

**UNIQUE ID:** CSSF-03-000024

**DAC Code:** 15230

**PROGRAMME DURATION:** April 2018 – March 2021

Start Date: April 2018  |  End Date: March 2021

**FY 19-20 BUDGET ALLOCATION:**

- ODA: £5.05 m
- Non-ODA: £0

**CONTACT DETAILS** JointFundsUnit@fco.gov.uk

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROJECT/COMPONENT</th>
<th>LEAD DEPT</th>
<th>IMPLEMENTING ORGANISATION</th>
<th>Implementing Partner Type</th>
<th>CONTRACT START/END DATES</th>
<th>FY19-20 BUDGET (ODA/No-ODA)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Niger Stabilisation</td>
<td>FCO</td>
<td>FCO TBC</td>
<td>Gov Institution NGO</td>
<td>Sept 19 – Mar 20 TBC</td>
<td>£0.30m/£0.30m</td>
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<tr>
<td>Support to Stabilisation in Central Mali</td>
<td>FCO</td>
<td>MINUSMA TF Adam Smith International</td>
<td>Multilateral Org Commercial partner</td>
<td>Aug 19 – Mar 20 Sept 19 – Mar 21</td>
<td>£1.00m/£1.50m</td>
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<tr>
<td>Support to the Malian Peace process</td>
<td>FCO</td>
<td>Institute for Security Studies TBC</td>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Jan 19 – Mar 20 Sept 19 – Mar 20</td>
<td>£0.25m/£0.40m</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stabilisation in Chad</td>
<td>FCO &amp;DFID</td>
<td>Agence française de développement</td>
<td>Gov Agency</td>
<td>Sept 19 – Aug 20</td>
<td>£0.50m</td>
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<tr>
<td>Regional Project</td>
<td>FCO</td>
<td>Search For Common Ground</td>
<td>NGO</td>
<td>Sept 19 – Mar 20</td>
<td>£0.70m</td>
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<td>Third Party MEL</td>
<td>FCO</td>
<td>WYG Group</td>
<td>Commercial Partner</td>
<td>Oct 18 – Mar 21</td>
<td>£0.10m</td>
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**WHAT SUPPORT IS THE UK PROVIDING?**

During FY 19/20 the programme will support the following projects:

- Stabilisation activities in Niger in support of the Nigerien government’s stabilisation strategies; the Strategy for Development and Security (SDS) and the High Authority for Peace Consolidation (HAPC).
- UK support to stabilisation efforts in Central Mali through support to the Malian governments Stabilisation plan (PSIRCC), including the launching of a new UK led intervention.
- Acting on the recommendations of our mediation scoping study and further developing the work achieved to date in piloting the Elite Bargains and Political Deals framework.
- Delivery of gender projects to support Stabilisation activities in Chad in collaboration with the EU and France.
- Research and evidence building to support stabilisation programming across the Sahel
through partnerships with relevant NGOs and through commissioning of studies.

**WHY IS UK SUPPORT NEEDED?**

The situation in the Sahel continues to deteriorate rapidly, with Mali at the centre of this decline. The increased strength of terrorist groups in Central Mali and Burkina Faso, an impending humanitarian crisis, a stalling peace process, and the forthcoming elections mean the risk of the Malian conflict enlarging and spilling over the porous borders of the Sahel is very high.

The UK has strong experience in stabilisation. The UK Stabilisation Unit, has become a global leader in the development of stabilisation doctrine. We aim to incorporate this expertise and apply it to the Malian context and more widely in the Sahel. The UK can play a valuable role in developing international and host governments’ approach to stabilisation challenges in the Sahel. Recognising that instability in Mali drives regional instability, we will continue to concentrate the majority of our efforts in Mali, with some regional expansion into Niger, Chad and Burkina Faso.

**WHICH HMG OBJECTIVES AND IF SPENDING ODA WHICH SDG’S (GOALS, TARGETS AND INDICATORS) DOES THIS CONTRIBUTE TO?**

Using ODA funding from government departments (FCO, DFID), the programme supports national and international organisations and institutions to build trust and social cohesion and implement local stabilisation approaches, while improving understanding of the underlying conflict dynamics and promoting evidence-based decisions.

This works towards HMG objectives to:
- 1.3 Determine and help address the root causes of instability and extremism in the region, including through development programming. (DFID, FCO)
- 2.2 Support peace and political processes throughout the region and promote the inclusion of women and minority groups in peace and stabilisation initiatives. (FCO)

This programme is ODA eligible to support conflict reduction, enhance public safety and security and peacebuilding initiatives. Evidence (including the World Bank’s ‘World Development Reports’ 2011 and 2017) shows that conflict and the absence of inclusive governance are some of the biggest barriers to economic opportunities globally – therefore by helping to reduce conflict and promote inclusive governance, we are supporting poverty reduction objectives.

The programme activities work towards SDG 16 to promote just, peaceful and inclusive societies.

**WHAT RESULTS DOES THE UK EXPECT TO ACHIEVE?**

This programme should deliver the following overarching **outputs** over the following 4 years (use the titles on your results frameworks):

- Providing and disseminating new data/findings on conflict dynamics, interventions and approaches
- Increased UK participation at a strategic level in national and international efforts in Mali, Niger and Chad
- Increased UK support to peacebuilding, initiatives in Mali, Niger and Chad
- Improved cooperation between the local population and security forces in border regions of Mali and Niger

These outputs should contribute to the following **outcomes**:

- Increased use of programme / research data and UK expertise in national and international interventions
- Improved stability in selected parts of the Sahel region in Mali, Niger and Chad.