Letter dated 29 January 2020 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council

I have the honour to transmit herewith the seventy-sixth monthly report of the Director-General of the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW), submitted pursuant to paragraph 12 of Security Council resolution 2118 (2013) (see annex). The report covers the period from 24 December 2019 to 23 January 2020.

The Declaration Assessment Team continues its efforts to clarify all outstanding issues related to the initial declaration of the Syrian Arab Republic to OPCW. In this context, the twenty-second round of consultations between the Team and the Syrian Arab Republic were held from 14 to 23 October 2019. The outcome of this work will be reported to the OPCW Executive Council accordingly. On 6 January 2020, the OPCW Technical Secretariat notified the Syrian Arab Republic that the Team was prepared to deploy to Damascus between 21 and 31 January 2020 to conduct the twenty-third round of consultations. However, due to previously planned obligations and a full work schedule, the Syrian Arab Republic informed the OPCW Technical Secretariat on 17 January 2020 that it was ready to accommodate the Team’s mission after 10 February 2020. The Technical Secretariat is considering the feasibility of this time frame for the deployment of the Team.

Pursuant to OPCW Executive Council decision EC-83/DEC.5, the Technical Secretariat conducted its sixth round of inspections at the Barzah and Jamraya facilities of the Scientific Studies and Research Centre from 6 to 11 November 2019. Furthermore, the Technical Secretariat has conducted its analysis of the explanation provided by the Syrian Arab Republic regarding the chemical listed in schedule 2 that was detected at the Barzah facility during the third round of inspections conducted in November 2018. The OPCW Executive Council will be informed accordingly.

The OPCW fact-finding mission continues to study all available information related to allegations of use of chemical weapons in the Syrian Arab Republic and is currently analysing the information collected from recent deployments. The mission is planning further deployments and will report to the OPCW Executive Council on the results of its work in due course.

Regarding the work of the Investigation and Identification Team established by decision C-SS-4/DEC.3, I note that the Team is in the process of concluding its work on the first incidents under investigation. The next progress report on the implementation of the aforementioned decision is to be submitted to the OPCW Executive Council at its ninety-third session, to be held from 10 to 13 March 2020.
As I have stated previously, the use of chemical weapons by anyone and anywhere is intolerable, and impunity for their use is equally unacceptable. It is imperative to identify and hold accountable all those who have used chemical weapons. Unity in the Security Council is essential to achieve this urgent obligation.

(Signed) António Guterres
Annex

[Original: Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish]

I have the honour to transmit to you my report entitled “Progress in the elimination of the Syrian chemical weapons programme”, prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of OPCW Executive Council decision EC-M-33/DEC.1 and United Nations Security Council resolution 2118 (2013), both dated 27 September 2013, for transmission to the Security Council (see enclosure). My report covers the period from 24 December 2019 to 23 January 2020 and also covers the reporting requirements of Executive Council decision EC-M-34/DEC.1, dated 15 November 2013.

(Signed) Fernando Arias
Progress achieved by the Syrian Arab Republic in meeting the requirements of Executive Council decisions EC-M-33/DEC.1 and EC-M-34/DEC.1

6. Progress by the Syrian Arab Republic is as follows:
(a) As stated in previous reports, the Secretariat has verified the destruction of all 27 chemical weapons production facilities (CWPFs) declared by the Syrian Arab Republic.

(b) On 17 January 2020, the Syrian Arab Republic submitted to the Council its seventy-fourth monthly report (EC-93/P/NAT.4, dated 17 January 2020) regarding activities on its territory related to the destruction of its chemical weapons and CWPFs, as required by paragraph 19 of EC-M-34/DEC.1.

Progress in the elimination of Syrian chemical weapons by States Parties hosting destruction activities

7. As stated in previous reports, all of the chemicals declared by the Syrian Arab Republic that were removed from its territory in 2014 have been destroyed.

Activities carried out by the Technical Secretariat with respect to Executive Council decisions EC-81/DEC.4 and EC-83/DEC.5

8. The Declaration Assessment Team (DAT) continues its efforts to clarify all outstanding issues regarding the initial declaration of the Syrian Arab Republic in accordance with paragraph 3 of Council decision EC-81/DEC.4 and paragraph 6 of Council decision EC-83/DEC.5.

9. The twenty-second round of consultations between the DAT and the Syrian Arab Republic took place from 14 to 23 October 2019. These consultations built upon the work carried out during the previous two rounds that had taken place, respectively, in March and in April 2019. The outcomes of this deployment, together with further information provided by the Syrian Arab Republic and/or collected by the DAT, as well as the results of the analysis of information and samples obtained by the DAT during the previous rounds of consultations, will be reported to the Council accordingly.

10. Through a note verbale dated 6 January 2020, the Secretariat notified the Syrian Arab Republic that the DAT is prepared to deploy to Damascus between 21 and 31 January to conduct the twenty-third round of consultations. On 17 January 2020, the Secretariat received a note verbale from the Syrian Arab Republic stating that, due to previously planned obligations and a full work schedule, it is ready to accommodate the DAT mission after 10 February 2020. The Secretariat is currently considering the feasibility of this time frame for the DAT’s deployment.

11. In accordance with paragraph 10 of Council decision EC-83/DEC.5, the Secretariat continues to assess conditions for the conduct of inspections at the sites identified by the OPCW-United Nations Joint Investigative Mechanism in its third and fourth reports. Pursuant to paragraph 11 of Council decision EC-83/DEC.5, the Secretariat conducted the sixth round of inspections from 6 to 11 November 2019. The outcome of these inspections will be reported to the Council in due course.

12. With regard to the explanation provided in a note verbale by the Syrian Arab Republic for the finding of a Schedule 2.B.04 chemical that was detected during the third round of inspections at the Barzah facilities of the Scientific Studies and Research Centre (SSRC), the Secretariat has conducted its analysis and will engage with the Syrian authorities in due course. The Council will be informed accordingly.
Other activities carried out by the Technical Secretariat with respect to the Syrian Arab Republic

13. The United Nations Office for Project Services (UNOPS) continues to provide support to the OPCW Mission in the Syrian Arab Republic in accordance with the Tripartite Agreement concluded between the OPCW, UNOPS, and the Syrian Arab Republic. A meeting of the Steering Committee to discuss the next extension of the Tripartite Agreement, which facilitates the Secretariat’s mandated activities in the Syrian Arab Republic, including the deployments of the FFM and DAT, and SSRC inspections, is planned to take place in the coming weeks.

14. As at the cut-off date of this report, one OPCW staff member was deployed as part of the OPCW Mission in the Syrian Arab Republic.

Activities carried out with respect to the OPCW Fact-Finding Mission in Syria

15. Guided by Council decisions EC-M-48/DEC.1 and EC-M-50/DEC.1 (dated 23 November 2015), as well as by United Nations Security Council resolution 2209 (2015), the FFM continues to study all available information relating to allegations of use of chemical weapons in the Syrian Arab Republic. The FFM is currently analysing information collected from recent deployments, is planning further deployments, and will report to the Council on the results of its work in due course.

Activities carried out by the Technical Secretariat with respect to decision C-SS-4/DEC.3 of the Conference of the States Parties at its Fourth Special Session related to the use of chemical weapons in the Syrian Arab Republic


17. Pursuant to paragraph 10 of C-SS-4/DEC.3, the Secretariat established the Investigation and Identification Team (IIT) to identify the perpetrators of the use of chemical weapons in the Syrian Arab Republic by identifying and reporting on all information potentially relevant to the origin of those chemical weapons in those instances in which the FFM determines or has determined that use or likely use occurred, and cases for which the OPCW-United Nations Joint Investigative Mechanism did not issue a report. The IIT is conducting its investigations, has reached out to States Parties requesting their cooperation, and is in the process of concluding its work on the first incidents under investigation.

18. Pursuant to paragraph 24 of decision C-SS-4/DEC.3, the next progress report on implementation of that decision will be submitted to the Council at its Ninety-Third Session, which will take place from 10 to 13 March 2020.

Supplementary resources

19. As previously reported, the Trust Fund for Syria Missions was established in November 2015 to support the FFM and other remaining activities, which include the work of the DAT and IIT, and the biannual inspections of the SSRC. As at the cut-off date of this report, total contributions to this fund stood at EUR 31.2 million.
Contribution agreements had been concluded with Australia, Canada, Chile, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Luxembourg, Monaco, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, the Republic of Korea, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, and the European Union.

**Conclusion**

20. The main focus of the future activities of the OPCW Mission in the Syrian Arab Republic will be on the activities of the FFM; the implementation of Council decisions EC-83/DEC.5 and EC-81/DEC.4, including declaration-related issues; inspections at the Barzah and Jamrayah sites of the SSRC; and the implementation of Conference decision C-SS-4/DEC.3.