

Start members and their partners should consider acting on developing risks through the Start Fund Crisis Anticipation. Click [HERE](#) for more information on Start Fund Crisis Anticipation. Click [HERE](#) for an anticipation alert note template. Click [HERE](#) for advocating anticipatory action.

UPCOMING RISKS

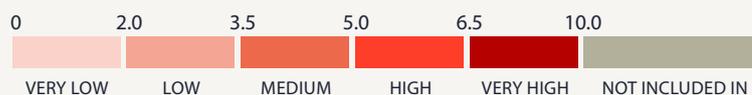
RISK RELEVANCE:

The risk relevance rating considers the relevance of the risk to the Start Fund Crisis Anticipation Window. Risks are categorised with FOREWARN input.

- HIGH RELEVANCE
- MEDIUM RELEVANCE
- LOW RELEVANCE

INFORM GLOBAL RISK INDEX:

The [INFORM](#) risk index identifies countries at risk from humanitarian crises and disasters that could overwhelm national response capacity. It is made up of three dimensions– hazards and exposure, vulnerability and lack of coping capacity.



HIGH RELEVANCE

RISK & COUNTRY/	RISK INFORMATION	SOURCE/KEY
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● FLOODING <p>NEPAL INFORM RISK CLASS: HIGH</p>	<p>GloFAS 4-10 day forecast indicate heavy rainfall in mid-July for the Southern lower belt of Nepal, with a probable 1 in 5 year flood event in some locations. The risk of flooding is high in flat land, particularly with the possibility of further rainfall during a monsoon season forecast as likely to be wetter than normal. Nepal Department of Hydrology and Meteorology forecasts show risk of flooding in locations across country including the Western region, Achham, Baitadi, Dachula, and that river tributaries are expected to increase significantly and reach the alert level, in particular Varshuli, Budhigandaki, Masyangdi. As with previous years likely impacts include flooding, landslides and displacement. IFRC report that in 2020 floods effected 117,390 people, destroying 5,125 and partially damaging 7,457 houses. UNHCR have warned the monsoon seasonal could further exacerbate the ongoing Covid-19 outbreak, impacting vulnerable families and creating challenges for the response.</p>	<p>NEPAL DEPARTMENT OF HYDROLOGY AND METEOROLOGICAL</p> <p>GLOFAS</p> <p>UNOSAT</p> <p>ECHO</p>

MEDIUM RELEVANCE

RISK & COUNTRY/	RISK INFORMATION	SOURCE/KEY
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HURRICANE SEASON <p>HONDURAS, NICARAGUA, GUATEMALA, EL SALVADOR, HAITI</p>	<p>The heightened risk of humanitarian impacts during hurricane season persists in Central America in what NOAA forecast as a likely above average season. Tropical Storm Elsa was downgraded from a hurricane and caused limited impacts, but as it affected similar areas in Haiti to storm Laura in 2020 there has been increased displacement and humanitarian needs in the context of already depleted humanitarian resources. Similarly, populations still recovering from 2020 Hurricanes Eta and Iota could face significant impacts during the season. FEWS NET are reporting crisis levels of food insecurity across Central America as the pandemic has led to un-employment and reduced household income at the same time food and fuel prices have increased. These factors have led to considerable political instability and high levels of migration towards the USA. Start Network members have raised four past alerts for flooding response at this time of the year and so are encouraged to monitor short range forecasts.</p>	<p>NOAA</p> <p>FEWSNET</p> <p>OCHA</p> <p>START FUND ANTICIPATING CYCLONES GUIDANCE NOTE</p>
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FOOD INSECURITY DROUGHT <p>KENYA INFORM RISK CLASS: HIGH</p>	<p>FEWS NET are reporting escalating food insecurity driven by an expected poor long rains harvest in July and August and below-average access to household income. If household food stocks only last through mid-August, instead of the usual late September, this will drive negative coping strategies. Long range forecasting according to FEWS NET predict below-average rainfall during the October to December 2021 season. In addition, even if government restrictions are lifted a slow economic recovery will likely mean non-farm waged work will be below average, and despite this meaning reduced income the above average reliance on the markets for food will continue. This would likely mean a further worsening of the food security situation, with many more people in Emergency IPC Phase 4 in need of food assistance and livelihoods support.</p>	<p>NOAA</p> <p>GEOGLAM</p> <p>FEWS NET</p>

LOW RELEVANCE		
RISK & COUNTRY/	RISK INFORMATION	SOURCE/KEY
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> VOLCANO <p>THE PHILIPPINES INFORM RISK CLASS: HIGH</p>	<p>The Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology raised alert level 3 over Taal Volcano after a eruption from the main crater on 1 July. Surrounding communities were advised to prepare for possible evacuation if the situation escalates, and to mitigate against the individual effects of volcanic ash. Further intensification of volcanic activity could lead to additional eruptions, a larger Danger Zone and increased displacement with the associated impacts.</p>	<p>PHILVOLCS</p> <p>IFRC</p> <p>DROMIC</p>
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CONFLICT <p>YEMEN INFORM RISK CLASS: VERY HIGH</p>	<p>Escalating ground conflict around Marib may intensify further during the summer dust storms which limit airstrike capacity. This insecurity may result in increased levels of displacement and redisplacement, as well as continue to impede humanitarian access. This will impact the already vulnerable population of internally displaced persons, who have been impacted by recent flooding. The CCCM Cluster report people in camps lack basic services, across access to food security and livelihood opportunities, protection WASH facilities, durable shelters, education.</p>	<p>CCCM CLUSTER</p> <p>ICRC</p> <p>REUTERS</p> <p>UNHCR</p>

KEY POLITICAL DATES: JULY-SEPT 2021

This 'Key Dates' section produces tangible events that members of the Start Network can use to inform specific, anticipatory, and preventive actions. Dates are compiled by drawing upon both global risk indexes and national-level risk information sources.

TIMELINE

JULY

10

SYRIA- UN RESOLUTION ENDING

UN Security Council Resolution (UNSCR) 2533—which authorizes the UN to use that crossing—expires on July 10, 2021. There is a vote to decide whether UN agencies can continue to deliver humanitarian assistance across the border into Syria.

[Human Rights Watch & Red Crescent](#)

JULY

20

COLOMBIA- PROTESTS

Following protests in Bogotá and other cities, calling for reform in security, health and education sectors, the next protest is scheduled for 20 July. The National Strike Committee pulled out of negotiations with the government and is seeking to convene local public assemblies. The government have been criticised for excessive and disproportionate use of force in response to the protests.

[Crisis Group & BBC](#)

SEPT

11

AFGHANISTAN- TROOP WITHDRAWAL

Ahead of September 11 deadline for full troop withdrawal, the United States and others have begun major troop withdrawals. There are reports of increased conflict between Taliban and anti-Taliban forces.

[The Guardian & Reuters](#)