Increase in waterborne diseases.3 and drying up of water resources and an agricultural production, decreased quality community assessment reports impact to have been activated.4

WHO, is closely monitoring the situation affected families. The Health cluster, led by providing financial assistance and rice to people are affected. The Government is people died and an estimated 200,000 Naikhongchhari upazilas in Bandarban.19 affected areas are Lama and Bandarban, and Chittagong in agricultural provinces of the country. Drought conditions persist in the key

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Precipitation Forecast

In the next three months, there is an extremely high chance of below normal rainfall in Indonesia and Malaysia. Papua New Guinea and western India are also likely to receive less rainfall than average. Meanwhile above average rainfall is likely across the Pacific, in particular Kiribati, Nauru and Tuvalu.

Source: IRI, Columbia University. June 2015

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INDIA

Unusually heavy monsoon rains since 19 Jun caused flooding in parts of Gujarat State in western India. More than 10,000 people in Amreli, Rajkot and Surat districts were evacuated to higher ground, including 100 people who were airlifted from parts of Amreli district. Thousands of houses were reportedly damaged or destroyed. The National Disaster Response Force, District Emergency Operation Centres and other concerned agencies have been deployed to flood affected areas. State officials announced compensation and relief packages for affected families will be distributed over the coming week. Neighbouring communities and local non-governmental organizations are providing relief goods, including food, water and medicines, to affected communities.5

MYANMAR

Heavy rains over the past week across Rakhine State have led to localized flooding in various parts of the state, with Buthidaung and Thandwe townships the most affected. The local authorities, Myanmar Red Cross and local civil society organizations are providing assistance to those evacuated, including food, water and other items. Latest reports indicate that the flood waters are receding in many places.6

INDONESIA

Mt Sinabung continues to spew hot ash and lava, as its alert status remains at level four. Nearly 6,200 people from seven villages have been prohibited from returning to their homes since June and are located in temporary shelters. The Government has rented houses and agricultural land for them and is beginning the relocation process.7

[Map with precipitation forecast and other information]