

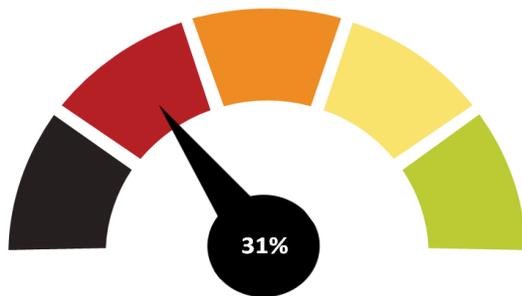


Key Points

- No cholera case recorded over the last two months;
- Partners remain prepared for mass deportation of Zimbabweans by South Africa;
- 2011 CAP funded at 31%; unmet requirement amounts 338 million dollars.

I. Situation Overview

It is gratifying to report that there has been no cholera cases reported in the last two months of July and August. The humanitarian community, through the health, education, water and sanitation clusters, continue to provide support to the Government to prevent a new outbreak of cholera cases especially during the upcoming rainy season (November – February).



Revised Funds Requested for CAP 2011: \$488M

Funds Received by 9 September 2011: \$150M

Following the decision of the South African Government to deport Zimbabweans staying irregularly in its territory in August 2011, partners continue to monitor activities at the border between the two countries in anticipation of an influx of immigrants. Although the special dispensation is still in force, a total of 66 migrants were returned from South Africa in August and are receiving assistance at the Beitbridge Reception and Support Centre. The UNCT has updated its contingency plan in order to be prepared to receive mass Zimbabwean returnees.

The Government through Ministry of Regional Integration and International Cooperation (MORIC) pledged to support humanitarian efforts and to adhere to the standards outlined in the revised SPHERE project handbook launched in-country on 1 September 2011.

The Consolidated Appeal for Zimbabwe is currently funded at 31% according to figures compiled through FTS. About 119 million dollars have been secured out of a global requirement of 488 million. The 2012 CAP workshop took place from 6 to 7 September in Harare. During that meeting, the humanitarian community and the Government agreed to launch in 2012 a programme based CAP for this year. However the 2012 CAP will focus on humanitarian and critical early recovery needs, while other aspects of recovery and transition issues are covered by the Zimbabwe United Nations Development Assistance Framework (ZUNDAF) for 2012-2015.

II. Humanitarian Action

Education Update

Education and WASH clusters intervention in cholera affected districts

Over the reporting period, the partners and the communities carried out repair works in 59 schools in five districts benefitting from the first CERF under-funded window allocation in April 2011.



Three of the 20 builders in a training session at Vhombozi Primary School_August 2011. Credit:education cluster.

The repairs include construction of new toilets, borehole drilling and rehabilitation to augment water supplies, building and repairing hand washing facilities and promoting health and hygiene clubs to influence behaviour change in the long term. The project implementation is progressing and the repair work is at different stages in the target schools. This project is scheduled to be completed by December 2011. Through this project, the institutions will get standard and durable structures and improve the squat hole / number of children ratio.

Health Update

In August, there were no outbreaks of cholera or other epidemic prone diseases. The health cluster was seized with the preparation of the CERF proposal addressing the cholera outbreak risks in Chiredzi and Chipinge districts. The cluster, through its Strategic Working Group also agreed on areas of focus for the 2012 CAP. From 22 to 26 August, there was a joint Ministry of Health – World Health Organisation (WHO) assessment and support mission to Manicaland province. The objectives were to: reassess the current situation on the ground; assess preparedness measures on the ground; establish if previous recommendations were implemented and come up with appropriate recommendations on the way forward.

Agriculture and Food Security Update

a. Agriculture

The Ministry of Agriculture Mechanisation and Irrigation Development, donors and the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) have developed the National Guidelines for the 2011/12 agriculture season. Agriculture Support programmes for the 2011/12 season should focus on supporting farmers through utilising input and output markets. It is proposed that farmers should not receive inputs for free, but contribute towards the inputs through the use of subsidised vouchers or/and contract farming arrangements.

The overall objective of the 2011/12 Agriculture Support Programme is to increase production and productivity of small holder farmers in Zimbabwe, improving food security, livelihoods and on farm incomes.

More specifically the objectives of the Programme are to:

- Target surplus production beyond household food security requirements;
- Enable graduation of farmers from one socio economic group to the next;
- Decrease dependency on annual input support programmes;
- Provide livestock support in Natural Regions IV and V to enable targeted households to generate income to meet their household food requirements.

b. Food Aid

WFP Safety Net programmes

World Food programme (WFP) continues implementing safety net activities, targeting 335,000 beneficiaries. For the July 2011 distribution cycle, a total of 271,221 beneficiaries were reached with 1,650 mt of food, equivalent to 92 percent of the planned beneficiaries and 94 percent of the planned food delivery. The ration cuts implemented in April 2011 for the safety net activities remain in place for Cereals and Pulses, however, Vegetable Oil rations have reverted back to the full ration.

Zimbabwe Vulnerability Assessment Committee (ZimVAC) rural assessment

The ZimVAC which is the key informant on food requirements has been completed and the draft report has been prepared, however, it is yet to be endorsed. In the meantime, ZimVAC teams will visit first the provincial centers before proceeding to the districts for the dissemination exercise starting with the most food-insecure districts from the 13th of September. The information the teams will provide a synopsis of the multi-sectors assessed through the ZimVAC exercise e.g. education, water and sanitation, food security to mention a few. A ZimVAC Methodology Review Workshop is planned for October 2011. The roll-out of the Seasonal Targeted Assistance programme to the most food-insecure districts will accelerate after the ZimVAC district consultations which will establish among other things ward prioritization, targeting, confirmation of WFP Cooperating Partner and planning of the registration process.

Local/Regional Purchase

WFP has prepared a report detailing different procurement models which can be used for the Zimbabwean context. WFP has used the special provisions within the procurement rules for purchases of maize grain from small vendors through localized tenders. One such tender has resulted in 350 mt being

procured from Magunje, a village center deep in the countryside. A further 337 mt of maize grain will be procured in Centenary through a similar localized tender system. Through this initiative the local community will recognize increased demand for its grains which should positively impact on future production levels. Regional tenders for the supply of cereals continue to be issued subject to funding.

Food and Cash for Assets (FFA/CFA)

WFP continues working closely with the World Bank, who in liaison with the Government is looking into developing a national framework for FFA/CFA - Community works. To that effect a national working group has been established, chaired by the Government, with support from the World Bank. FFA/CFA projects commenced in August, in close collaboration with four experienced cooperating partners and budgetary support from other funding sources. WFP is currently in the process of finalizing internal FFA/CFA guidelines.

Electronic Voucher programme

Consultancy services have been engaged for an external evaluation of the e-voucher project which is being implemented within the framework of Health Based Safety Nets. Tango International has been contracted having conducted a similar evaluation for WFP Zambia. In July 6,650 vouchers (i.e. 32,372 beneficiaries) were distributed. Plans are made to expand the programme to Mutare city in October 2011.

Funding constraints

The total shortfall for the period October '11 to March '12 amounts to 60,109 mt. Approximately US\$65 million is required to cover these shortfalls, though the figure might change subject to final ZimVAC consultations at district-level.

Nutrition Update

Consistent with the 2007 joint United Nations statement on the "Community Based Management of Acute Malnutrition (CMAM)," the government of Zimbabwe has adopted CMAM as its primary strategy for treating acute malnutrition. Due to a dry spell, six out of ten provinces in the country have recorded minimal harvest, which has resulted in increased vulnerabilities especially on people living with HIV/AIDS, female and child-headed households and additional people requiring food assistance. It is anticipated that this will put pressure on World Food programme (WFP) and other food pipelines. In response to this

need, the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) is expected to support a multi-Cluster drought response in western Zimbabwe focusing on Matabeleland North and Matabeleland South (western Zimbabwe). Within this area nutrition cluster interventions primarily linked to the scale up of CMAM are expected to overlap with Agriculture, Food and Livelihoods interventions.

LICI Update

Many of the LICI (Livelihoods, Infrastructure and Institutional Capacity Building) Cluster partners are local Zimbabwean NGOs responding to the need for quick impact livelihoods interventions, trainings and basic infrastructure for communities. A sample of community recovery projects carried out by local NGOs in the month of August are:

In the project, set to be concluded on the 31st of December 2011, Help Initiatives for People Organisation (HIPO) trained 80 youths from Harare South and Central Districts on entrepreneurship and business management skills, in August.

Jonpris Foundation Trust is actively promoting interventions that will help rural and urban households to recover and sustainably improve their living environment to facilitate their access their to neighbourhoods and other life enhancing facilities. The Foundation Trust is assisting with the construction of a small bridge over Chipadze River in the Nyaduve Community of Makoni East District with the community participation. This bridge will amongst others issues help especially school children to easily cross the Chipadze river to nearby schools and clinic during the rainy season, the sick and elderly to be carried in carts or cars to access the clinics that are also across the river in Mutasa District, families planning to embark on market gardening and small livestock breeding to be able to transport their produce to the market across the bridge and to increase social cohesion between communities through easy access between and amongst themselves.

Current Africa 2000 Network activities include two planting projects in villages located in Chipinge District. These projects are funded by the European Union and the French Embassy. The Japanese embassy has funded a project for the rehabilitation of Musani irrigation in Ward four Chipinge. The drilling of six Boreholes (one at Musani Irrigation Ward four; one at Mujeyi Ward 23; two at Takunda A Ward 23; one at Chimurenga Ward 23 and 1 at Mupawaneta Ward 25) is being implemented with the support of the Japanese Embassy.

Africa 2000 Network is establishing four nutrition gardens (one at Mujey; one at Chimurenga and two at Mupawaneta) supported by Japan Embassy and supporting Ward 23 Community Solar Powered ICT at Zamchiya near the Clinic.

Protection Update

UNHCR donation to ONHRI

In a move to enhance the capacity of its government operational partner, UNHCR in its Cluster lead role, donated three laptops and two printers to the Organ for National Healing, Reconciliation and Integration (ONHRI) in early August 2011. This support was provided in response to a request from the co-Ministers of the ONHRI. UNHCR has provided this support to the ONHRI given linkages between the mandate of the ONHRI in peace-building, reconciliation and integration, which is integral processes in creating a favourable protection environment for the prevention of displacements associated with political violence and ultimately fostering durable solutions. UNHCR envisages the ONHRI as a strategic partner for current and future interactions in the evolving protection and humanitarian environment.

Gender Based Violence

From 14 to 19 July, UNFPA organized a workshop on the Coordination Handbook on Gender-Based Violence (GBV) for 23 participants representing agencies/institutions working in addressing response to and prevention of GBV. Facilitated by it's author Jean Ward, the Workshop encouraged the participants to roll out the Handbook which contains practical guidance on leadership roles, key responsibilities and specific actions to be taken when establishing and maintaining a GBV coordination mechanisms in a humanitarian setting. The Workshop was conducted back to back with a training on "Caring for Survivors" organized by UNICEF. The Handbook focuses primarily on the work necessary to scale-up coordination from the onset of an emergency (both conflict and natural disasters), and is also relevant to contingency planning and post-emergency stabilization phases. The Handbook aims to improve coordination capacity at the field level in order to facilitate accessible, prompt, confidential and appropriate services for survivors according to a basic set of principles, and to put in place mechanisms to prevent GBV. It is also a useful advocacy tool to educate non-GBV programmers about basic protection responsibilities related to GBV coordination, prevention and response.

A GBV Monitoring and Evaluation Form has been developed by UNFPA and Ministry of Women Affairs, Gender and Community Development and as part of Monitoring and Evaluation Framework within the National GBV Strategy. The form is meant to collect data regarding the GBV indicators on a monthly basis, and is currently piloted in Bulawayo and Masvingo after which a national roll out is planned. An electronic database will be developed to make data collection easier. This database is hoped to be available within the Ministry by the end of the year 2011.

Multi-Sector Update

a. Migrants

Plumtree

IOM assisted 1,248 migrants in August, a 14 % decline from the previous month. Nine returned migrants were referred to the Plumtree district hospital while four of them were medically escorted back to their homes. IOM also conducted 11 outreach missions to schools, workplaces and communities in Plumtree town and surrounding rural communities to promote safe migration.

Beitbridge

A total of 92 vulnerable migrants were provided with assistance. These included twenty two unaccompanied minors (11 males, 11 females), sixty six deported migrants (50 males, 16 females). Among them (92 migrants), 23 (17 males, 6 females) underwent medical assessment; five (three males, two females) referred to hospital for further management.

A total of 20 foreign nationals, all male, were provided with transport assistance from Beitbridge to Tongogara Refugee Camp in Chipinge.

IOM Beitbridge Reception and Support Center (BBRSC) is also in the process of assisting the Chamnangana community to repair school blocks and clinic which were damaged by a storm in November 2010. The uncertainty surrounding the issue of resumption of deportations by the South African Government (widely expected to begin 1st of September) remains a challenge. IOM and stakeholders in Beitbridge and Musina remain prepared to respond and coordinate through the operational response plan should the deportations resume.

b. Refugees/Asylum Seekers

Food donation for Asylum-Seekers/Refugees

At UNHCR request, World Food Program Zimbabwe provided in August 2011 a one-time donation of food items (7,2 metric tons of mealie meal, 1,2 mt of peas, 1,2 mt of CSB and 492 litres of vegetable oil) as part of one-month standard ration for 600 new arrivals to respond to food needs of the steadily increasing influx of asylum seekers and refugees in the Tongogara Refugee Camp. Since January 2011, over 1482 additional asylum seekers/refugees have arrived to the Camp. Zimbabwe currently hosts some 5,600 refugees and asylum seekers of which nearly 4,500 reside in Tongogara Refugee Camp.

Media workshop on Asylum Seekers/Refugees

On 23 and 24 August, UNHCR in coordination with the Department of Social Services of the Government of Zimbabwe organized a media orientation workshop on international protection of asylum seekers and refugees in Zimbabwe in particular, as well as in the southern Africa regional context. Opened by the Director of Social Services of the Government of Zimbabwe in the presence of UNHCR Country Representative, the workshop was attended by some 30 media representatives of Zimbabwe. Principles and provisions of international refugee law, the national policy and refugee law of Zimbabwe, the assistance available for asylum seekers and refugees, and the challenges posed by mixed migration towards meeting the national and international legal/humanitarian obligations on asylum seekers and refugees in Zimbabwe and in the region, were some of the main features covered by the Workshop. The workshop was an opportunity to enhance the relationship with the media community, and the participants provided a very positive feedback.

Water and Sanitation (WASH) Update

Cholera

The last cholera cases reported were from Chiredzi district in week ending 25 June. This means there have not been cholera cases for nine weeks now. Surveillance continued in all districts

Since the beginning of 2011, ten out of the 62 districts, namely: Bikita, Buhera, Chimanmani, Chegutu, Chipinge, Chiredzi, Kadoma, Murewa, Mutare and Mutasa reported cholera cases. A total of 1140 cholera cases and 45 deaths were reported by the 17th July 2011, giving a crude case fatality rate of 4.0%. Majority of cases 697 cases (61%) and 219 cases (21%) were recorded in the two districts of Chipinge and Chiredzi respectively. The focus of the WASH and Health

clusters looking forward will be on this south eastern part of Zimbabwe with particular emphasis on the two districts of Chipinge and Chiredzi..

CERF:Under Funded Emergencies (UFE)

The WASH and education clusters have benefitted from an allocation from the CERF for life-saving and life-reserving activities with a focus to provide longer term solutions to the underlying causes of Cholera. The interventions will focus on the districts of Chipinge and Chiredzi. The adjoining districts of Buhera and Bikita will also be included.

The interventions will be closely coordinated with the Health Cluster which has been allocated US\$ 600,000 for public health interventions in the same two most cholera affected districts of Chiredzi and Chipinge.

The WASH component of this comprehensive catchment area based response will include response activities at clinics, schools and affected communities and will consist of 1) borehole rehabilitation and drilling; 2) rehabilitation of piped water schemes; 3) renovation of existing toilets and construction of new ones; 4) Community Based Maintenance (CBM) through formation and training of Water Point Committees and Village Pump Minders on operations and maintenance of water facilities as well as financial management; 5) Health & Hygiene Promotion through establishment and training of School Health Clubs and School Health Teachers/Coordinators through Participatory Health & Hygiene Promotion.

Selection of implementing partners has already been conducted on competitive basis and discussions are underway with partners to finalize the memorandum of understanding so that implementation could start as soon as the CERF fund is approved and made available. The implementing partners are: Christian Care for Chiredzi; World Vision International for Chipinge, Africare for Buhera and Care International for Bikita.

Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Update

Delivery as One Initiative

As part of the initiative the ONE United Nations (UN) ICT project will be rolled out. An inter-agency ICT assessment team has completed an assessment of the Local environment, infrastructure and capacity. The mission report which includes project options, cost and schedule of events has been prepared and is currently under review by the ICT Working Group.

Some of the expected benefits to be derived from the One UN ICT project include inter-alia high speed internet connectivity; VSAT sharing; Establishment of an inter-agency telephone system, UN Common ICT contracts whereby UN agencies jointly negotiate for the best deal for ICT services.

III. Funding

CAP 2012 workshop

The CAP workshop for 2012 took place from 6 to 7 September 2011 in Harare. The workshop was attended by around 40 government representatives, humanitarian actors from United Nations agencies and the donor community.

CAP 2011 funded at 31%

The CAP for Zimbabwe is currently funded at 31% according to figures compiled through the financial tracking system. For 2012, the Government of Zimbabwe encourages the launch of a CAP with the same format than 2011. [Source: Financial Tracking Service (FTS) <http://fts.unocha.org/>] All humanitarian partners including donors and recipient agencies are encouraged to inform FTS of cash and in-kind contributions by sending an email to: fts@reliefweb.int

- Wednesday, 21 September 2011
Multi-Sector cluster meeting. IOM. 02:30pm.
Contact: NPerez@iom.int
- 76666 Thursday, 22 September 2011
ETC cluster meeting. WFP. 10:00am.
Contact: Solomon.Misigna@wfp.org
- Wednesday, 28 September 2011
Food Assistance Working Group Meeting. WFP. 09:30am.

Contact Details

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IV. Coordination

Key Meetings for August 2011

Key meetings scheduled for September 2011 are

- Thursday 8 September 2011
LICI Cluster Meeting: UNDP 02.30 pm
Contact: kirstine.primdal@undp.org
- Friday, 9 September 2011
Nutrition cluster meeting. UNICEF. 09:00am.
Contact: tstillman@unicef.org
- Tuesday, 13 September 2011
Health Cluster Meeting. WHO Boardroom at Parirenyatwa Hospital. 02:30pm.
Contact: charimari@zw.afro.who.int
- Wednesday 14 September 2011
Protection Cluster Meeting: UNICEF 11:00 am
Contact: schuler@unhcr.org
- Wednesday, 14 September 2011
Education cluster meeting. UNICEF Children's Room at 11 am
Contact: mtmukabeta@yahoo.com.uk
Contact: liljana.jovceva@wfp.org
- Thursday, 29 September 2011
Agriculture Cluster Meeting. Celebration Centre, 162 Swan Drive, Borrowdale, Harare. 09:00am.
Contact: constance.oka@fao.org
- Friday, 30 September 2011
WASH Cluster Meeting. UNICEF. 09:00am.
Contact: bwoldeamanuel@unicef.org

For more information, please visit www.ochaonline.un.org/Zimbabwe

To be added or deleted from this mailing list, please email muwani@un.org or visit www.ochaonline.un.org/Zimbabwe

Cluster/Sector Membership List, August 2011¹

COORDINATION – OCHA: CONTACT Vincent Omuga : omuga@un.org

| Agriculture | Economic Livelihoods, Infrastructure and Institutional Capacity Building | Education | Emergency Telecommunications | Food Aid | Health |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Lead: FAO Contact: Constance Oka constance.oka@fao.org Contact: Jacopo Damelio jacopo.damelio@fao.org | Lead: UNDP Contact: Kirstine Primdahl kirstine.primdal@undp.org Co-Lead: IOM Contact: Andrew Ziswa aziswa@iom.int | Lead: UNICEF Contact: Moses Mukabeta mtmukabeta@yahoo.co.uk | Lead: WFP Contact: solomon.misigna@wfp.org | Lead: WFP Contact: Liljana Jovceva liljana.jovceva@wfp.org | Lead: WHO Contact: Lincoln Charimari charimari@zw.afro.who.int |
| ACF, Action Aid, ACHM, ACTED, ADRA, Africa 2000, Africare, AGRITEX CADS, CAFOD, CARE, Christian Care, Concern, Cordaid, CSO, CRS, CTD, Dabane Trust, DAPP, DVS, Environment Africa, FACHIG, FCTZ, GAA, GRM, GOAL, HELP, Help Age, ICRAF, ICRISAT, IFRC, IOM, LEAD Trust, Mercy Corps, MoAMID, MTLC, ORAP, OXFAM America, Oxfam GB, PENYA Trust, Plan, Practical Action, PSDC, River of Life, SAFIRE, SAT, SC-UK, SIDA, SIRDC, FEWSNET, Solidarités, USAID, UZ, WFP, WFT, WVI, ZCDT, ZFU, ZRCS | ADRA, CARE, Christian Aid, Christian Care, CRS, FABAZIM, FAO, GOAL, IFRC, IOM, IRC, LDS, MTLC, NHF, NPA, NRC, Oxfam GB, Progressio, SCN, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNFPA, UNHABITAT, UNHCR, UNICEF, USAID, WFP, WHO, ZPT | Africare, CARE, CFU, Chiedza, CRS, FAO, FAWEZ, GCN, IOM, Mercy Corps, MOESC, NHF, NRC, PLAN, SCN, SCU, SNV, SOS, TDH, UNESCO, UNHCR, UNICEF, WFP, WVI, ZIMTA | CARE, FAO, HIVOS, ICRC, ILO, IOM, Oxfam, Save the Children, UNICEF, UNDP, UNDSS, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, WFP, WHO, World Bank, World Vision, | ADRA, Africare, CARE, COSV, CRS, Christian Care, Concern, GOAL, HAZ, ICRC, IOM, IPA, Mashambanzou Care Trust, NRC, ORAP, Oxfam-GB, Plan International, SC-UK, USAID, WVI | ACF, ADRA, Africare, Action Aid, CARE Zimbabwe, CDC CH, CRS, CWW DAPP, Elizabeth Glaser Pediatric AIDS Foundation, Merlin, GOAL Humedica, ICRC, IFRC, IMC, IOM, IRC, MSF (Belgium, Holland and Spain), MDM, Plan International, Sysmed, International Red Cross Societies (Japanese, Spanish, Zimbabwe) UNFPA, UNICEF WHO, WVI |
| Logistics | Nutrition | Protection | WASH | Multi Sector | OCHA Cluster Focal Points |
| Lead: WFP Contact: Vladimir Jovcev vladimir.jovcev@wfp.org | Lead: UNICEF Contact: Tobias Stillman tstillman@unicef.org | Lead: UNHCR Contact: Beat Schuler schuler@unhcr.org | Lead: UNICEF Contact: Belete Woldeamanuel bwoldeamanuel@unicef.org | Lead: IOM Contact: Natalia Perez nperez@iom.int | Agriculture – Kudakwashe Mhwindagara Education – Lilian Nduta ETC – Brighton Munatsi Food – Kudakwashe Mhwindagara Health – Wojtek Wilk LICI – Vincent Omuga Logistics – Godfrey Takavarasha Nutrition – Kudakwashe Mhwindagara Protection – Vincent Omuga WASH – Lilian Nduta |
| ACF, Concern, GOAL, IFRC, MDM, NCM, SC-UK, UNICEF, WFP | ACF, Action Aid, ACTION, ADRA, AFRICARE, Batsirai, CAFOD, CARE, CESVI, CFU, Christian CARE, CONCERN, COSV, CRS, C-SAFE, CTAZIM, ACHICARE, FACT, FAO, FCTZ, FNC, FOST, GAA, GOAL, GTZ, HELPAGE, HKI, IPA, LINKAGE, MDM, MERCYCORPS, MoHCW, MSF-B, MSF-H, MSF-L, MSF-Spain, MTLC, NHFZ, Nutrigain Trust, OXFAM, PLAN, SAFIRE, SC-N, SC-UK, SIRDC, TDH, Tree Africa, UNICEF, USAID, WFP, WHO, WVI, ZAPSO, ZCCJP, ZRCS, Zvitambo, ZWBTC | Cadec Care, Childline, Christian Care, CRS, Helpage, ICRC ² , IOM, IRC, ISL, Mercy Corps, MSF-H, Musasa project, NRC, OCHA, OHCHR, OXFAM GB, Plan International, SCN, SCU, Transparency International, UNDP, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, USAID, WVI, WHO, ZACRO, ZCDT, ZYWNP | ACF, Action Aid, ADRA, Africare, ARUP, Ayani, CAFOD, CDC, Christian Aid, Christian Care, Concern, CRS, Dabane, FAO, FCTZ, GAA, GOAL, Help Age, Help Germany, IDEZIM, ICRC, IFRC, IOM, IRC, IWSD, JRC, Lead Trust, Mercy Corps, MSF-A, MSF-B, MSF-L, MSF-S, MTLC, NCA, OXFAM, Padare, Plan, Practical Action, PSI, Pump Aid, SC-UK, Solidarités, UNDP, UNHCR, UNICEF, USAID, UZ, WFP, WHO, WVI, WWF, ZCDT, ZINWA | Plan international, UNICEF, UNHCR, CARE Zimbabwe, ZYWNP, HIPO, Red Cross Zimbabwe, CP Trust, Mushawasha Trust, Tariro Trust, CRS, NRC, Save the Children and IOM. | |

¹ Please note that this matrix is constantly being updated. Kindly send the names of new member organisations and/or any proposed changes to OCHA.

² The ICRC, as a strictly independent humanitarian organisation participates as a standing invitee in cluster meetings to complement and strengthen the coordination for an efficient and effective humanitarian response.

A monthly overview of humanitarian issues and activities in Zimbabwe produced by OCHA in collaboration with the humanitarian community.