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## Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA) Sri Lanka: Floods and Landslides

 International Federation  
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

DREF n°	MDRLK010	Glide n°:	<a href="#">FL-2019-000171-LKA</a>
For DREF; Date of issue:	27 December 2019	Expected timeframe:	4 months
		Expected end date:	30 April 2020
Category allocated to the of the disaster or crisis: Yellow			
DREF allocated: CHF 592,672			
Total number of people affected:	64,608	Number of people to be assisted:	22,500
Districts affected:	Ampara, Batticaloa, Puttlam, Anuradhapura, Kurunegala, Hambantota, Monaragala, Polonnaruwa, Badulla, Matale, Nuwara Eliya, Kandy, Kegalle	Districts targeted:	Anuradhapura, Batticaloa, Polonnaruwa
<b>Host National Society presence:</b> Sri Lanka Red Cross Society (SLRCS), branches in 25 districts - over 150 staff and 7,000 active volunteers.			
<b>Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners actively involved in the operation:</b> The Sri Lanka Red Cross Society (SLRCS) is a voluntary humanitarian organization; SLRCS has a strong branch network in all the 25 districts of the country, which is well capable in providing relief in times of disasters/emergencies. Over 150 staff and 7,000 active volunteers are trained in disaster response. National Disaster Response Teams (NDRT), Branch Disaster Response Teams (BDRT) and Divisional Disaster Response Teams (DDRT) are available at National, District and Divisional levels. SLRCS has also trained disaster response teams specialized in water and safety which has 150 active members. These members are well-trained on life saving techniques to assist rescue operations in times of need. Further, trained first aid (FA) volunteers are also available in all districts, in readiness for immediate deployment at time of disaster for live saving purposes. SLRCS has a pool of 25 Cash and Voucher Assistance (CVA) trained persons, who could be deployed to set-up and assist implementation of the CVA programs. SLRCS is supported by the IFRC Sri Lanka Office in this operation.			
<b>Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation:</b> Government of Sri Lanka (GoSL), Tri-forces (Sri Lanka Army, Air-force, Navy), Sri Lanka Police, Disaster Management Centre (DMC), The National Dengue Control Unit, UN agencies, INGOs, and other civil society organizations.			

## A. Situation analysis

### Description of the Disaster

Due to an active North-east monsoon conditions, Sri Lanka is experiencing heavy rains over the island since 3 December 2019, particularly in Northern, Eastern, North-Central, Uva and Central provinces and in Hambantota district. Heavy rains have caused floods and landslides in thirteen districts in Sri Lanka, heightening the risks at the central highlands. Anuradhapura, Badulla, Batticaloa, Polonnaruwa and Puttlam are the most affected districts. According to the Disaster

Management Centre (DMC) situation report<sup>1</sup> as of 23 December 2019, total of 65,316 people (19,072 families) have been affected, with two persons reported dead, one person reported missing, 62 houses fully damaged and 1,463 houses partially damaged. Furthermore, 17,776 people (5,277 families) have been evacuated to the 133 safe locations. To view the map of affected area, please click [here](#).



Overflow in Polonnaruwa. (Photo: SLRCS)

Due to ongoing heavy and persistent rains, there is increased risk of further flooding, landslides and landslips in Central highlands. Heavy rain above 100 mm are forecast in several places. If the rain continues, people are advised to evacuate to a safe location to avoid the risk of landslides and mudslides in Badulla, Kandy, Matale and Nuwara-Eliya districts.

During the last 10 days, intense rainfall has led to an overflow of most of the water reservoirs and tanks in East, North, North-central and North-western provinces, triggering flooding in several villages. The Disaster Management Centre (DMC) has issued warnings to the people who live by riverbanks and lowlands to be on alert for flash floods.

## Summary of the current response

### Overview of Host National Society

The SLRCS has been issuing weather warnings to the general public and put branches on high alert from the outset. Social media platforms such as [Twitter](#) and [Facebook](#) as well as the [SLRCS website](#) have been actively used to convey messages to the public and report on response actions

The SLRCS volunteers and first responders have been providing the necessary support to the affected people in coordination with government authorities. Branch disaster response teams (BDRT) are deployed in the field to conduct emergency assessments. NDRT are on alert and three NDRT members will be deployed to Anuradhapura, Batticaloa and Polonnaruwa districts with immediate effect.

Furthermore, branch volunteers are involved in distributing household items, such as standard hygiene pack (adult and baby), sleeping mats, lanterns and bedsheets. SLRCS is utilising its emergency stocks at central warehouse and branches to assist the victims. The National Society is providing first aid services and taking part in the coordination meetings with the Government of Sri Lanka (GoSL), DMC and international non-government organizations (INGOs). As of now, over 50 staff and volunteers are deployed from the SLRCS to support the relief intervention in country.



BDRT conducting emergency assessments. (Photo: SLRCS)

To date, Anuradhapura branch has provided first aid services in six camps and Polonnaruwa branch has provided first aid services in seven camps. Batticaloa branch has provided non-food items (155 kaftans, 226 sleeping mats, 141 bedsheets, 180 towels, 68 water cans (five litres), 50 lanterns, 20 adult kits and six baby kits).

The Director-General of SLRCS visited Anuradhapura district, on 22 December to monitor the situation.

### Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

SLRCS has a longstanding working collaboration with the IFRC and the ICRC in implementing various programmes. During the disaster, IFRC and ICRC have been working together in close coordination to provide technical support to SLRCS and shared information at regional and sub-regional levels. Movement Coordination meetings involving SLRCS, IFRC and ICRC are regularly organized. There is also a Movement contingency plan being drafted and under review for coordinated responses in future.

The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) is actively supporting the SLRCS in developing the Emergency Plan of Action for the DREF request and coordinating with SLRCS for information sharing with the Movement and external partners. The IFRC Country Cluster Support Team (CCST) in Delhi and the Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO) provided further coordination support for information sharing and resources.

### Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

The GoSL and district administrative units are leading the floods and landslide response across the country.

<sup>1</sup> [http://www.dmc.gov.lk/images/dmcreports/Situation\\_Report\\_on\\_2019\\_1577075160.pdf](http://www.dmc.gov.lk/images/dmcreports/Situation_Report_on_2019_1577075160.pdf)

## Needs analysis, targeting, scenario planning and risk assessment



Director-General of SLRCS visited Anuradhapura district together with BDRT to assess. (Photo: SLRCS)

### Need analysis

SLRCS, in coordination with local authorities, is in the process of conducting the 24-hour and 72-hour assessments in the affected districts and branches to identify the immediate needs and priorities.

In the severely affected areas in 13 districts, 65,316 people have been affected, 62 families lost their houses and personal daily life items temporarily lost their income and means for providing themselves with food and basic necessities. Furthermore, families with infants, differently abled persons, people living with chronic illness and pregnant and lactating women might need special support and care.

Due to broken infrastructure and overflow of sewage pits, key water sources contaminated and access to safe water remain a major challenge. Displaced population has limited access to water and sanitation facilities, and necessary hygiene items. Thus, an increase in incidence of water-borne and vector-borne diseases is expected in all affected areas.

### Targeting

SLRCS will prioritize the most vulnerable households among affected populations in the three targeted districts. The selection will be carried out in close coordination with the local authorities. Priority will be given to the people displaced by floods and landslides who are living in temporary shelters/evacuation centres and affected people returning to their homes.

Close coordination among partners will ensure collaboration and avoid duplication. In its responses, SLRCS will ensure that activities under this operation are aligned with its gender commitments as well with the IFRC minimum standard commitments to gender and diversity in emergency programming. Specific considerations will include the elderly, differently abled people, pregnant and lactating women, women-headed households, and households with infants or young children. These groups are more vulnerable to challenges related to access to nutrient-rich food and safe water and are more susceptible to diseases/infections.

**Table 1: Summary of the affected districts**

#	District	Families	People	Dead	Injured	Missing	Housed		Safe locations		
							Fully Damaged	Partially Damaged	# of locations	Families	Persons
1	Ampara	5,185	16,836	-	-	1	15	188	1	1	5
2	Batticaloa	4,920	16,755	-	-	-	1	4	14	1,085	3,378
3	Puttlam	2,273	7,974	-	-	-	-	100	20	941	3,105
4	Anuradhapura	1,504	5,049	-	-	-	16	34	27	1,044	3,377
5	Kurunegala	1,100	3,795	2	-	-	4	47	11	432	1,498
6	Hambantota	829	3,362	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
7	Monaragala	973	3,350	-	-	-	4	163	11	633	2,362
8	Polonnaruwa	936	3,246	-	-	-	7	233	13	604	2,098
9	Badulla	650	2,565	-	6	-	11	302	17	327	1,308
10	Matale	484	1,605	-	-	-	1	289	3	25	86
11	Nuwara Eliya	115	389	-	-	-	2	73	15	152	433
12	Kandy	97	365	-	-	-	1	15	1	33	126

1 3	Kegalle	6	25	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>19,072</b>	<b>65,316</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>1,463</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>5,277</b>	<b>17,776</b>

In Ampara district, the total number of affected people is higher due to higher density of population, but the impact of the flood is lower in comparison to other districts. In Anuradhapura and Polonnaruwa districts, through number of people affected is lower, the impact is higher. Affected villages are scattered across the districts, especially isolated remote farmer villages where the access is extremely limited. Therefore, the most vulnerable people are in Anuradhapura, Batticaloa and Polonnaruwa.

### Scenario planning

Scenario	Humanitarian consequence	Potential Response
<i>Most likely scenario</i>	<i>People moved to evacuation centers, returned to their houses or living with host communities due house damages. Due to damage of their livelihood, houses, crops land etc., there are emergency needs in terms of food, emergency shelter and immediate basic needs. At the same time, there will be need for recovery needs in terms of shelter and livelihood, to be confirmed by the further detail need assessment.</i>	<i>This DREF will address the immediate need of the most vulnerable affected 4,500 families in terms of unconditional cash grants, non-food items and health/WASH. Based on detailed needs assessment, SLRCS will decide on further interventions.</i>

### Risk Assessment

There are constraints in the affected areas due to blocked roads and landslides. Some areas are still cut off due to floodwaters. However, it is expected that access will improve in the coming weeks as water is receding, and roads are clearing. It is made mandatory to ensure volunteers are insured prior deployment and to provide them with the necessary protective gears in order to prevent the lives of the RCRC volunteers at risk.

## B. Operational strategy

### Overall Objective

This operation aims at assisting 22,500 people in 4,500 families affected by floods and landslides attributed to heavy rains in the worst affected districts of Anuradhapura, Batticaloa and Polonnaruwa with shelter/household items, WASH and health care assistance. The operation will be implemented over four months.

### Proposed Strategy

The strategy for this operation is fully in line with SLRCS and IFRC policies, procedures, commitments and mandates. With the support of IFRC, SLRCS seeks to provide immediate support to the most vulnerable households among affected populations in the three targeted districts. The selection will be carried out involving affected community members and in close coordination with the local authorities making sure that the affected communities are engaged throughout. Priority will be given to the people displaced by floods and landslides, mainly considering fully or partially damaged houses, who are living in temporary shelters/evacuation centres. Close coordination among partners will ensure collaboration and avoid duplication. Furthermore, a suitable complaint mechanism will be put in place for the beneficiaries as well as for the partners involved ensuring two-way accountability.

The proposed strategy is formulated based on the short-term needs of the affected people and aligned with the government's strategy. Lessons learned from the flood responses of the recent past had been taken into serious consideration in formulating the strategy. SLRCS and IFRC have heavily invested in CVA in the past years. Since most of the markets are functioning well, SLRCS will prioritize the provision of cash grants. Furthermore, SLRCS mobilize its stocks from the warehouse, funds will be allocated to replenish the items distributed.

In its responses, SLRCS will ensure that programmes under this operation are aligned with its gender commitments as well with the IFRC minimum standard commitments to gender and diversity in emergency programming. Specific considerations will include the elderly, differently abled people, pregnant women, lactating women, women-headed households, and households with infants or young children. These groups are more vulnerable to challenges related to access to nutrient-rich food, safe water and are more susceptible to diseases/infections.

The proposed floods and landslides response operation will run for the next four months and cover the immediate relief needs. The focus will be on providing support to 4,500 affected families through distribution of household items and unconditional cash grants to address the basic needs, along with preventive health, and WASH interventions. SLRCS notes that some harder-hit families may already be receiving assistance in different sectors from the authorities and

other actors. The interventions will focus primarily on three districts; Anuradhapura, Batticaloa and Polonnaruwa although these may be adjusted according to the needs and coordination with other key players. SLRCS, utilizing its presence of staff and volunteers across the affected areas, has been actively engaged in disaster response since onset of the disaster.

**Essential household assistance:** Provision of household assistance via distribution of household items through adult relief packs<sup>2</sup> for 1,000 households. Baby relief packs<sup>3</sup> will be provided to 350 households who has children under five years. SLRCS will mobilise its prevailing stocks from warehouse to meet the immediate needs. Procurement will commence upon completion of non-food items (NFI) distribution and will match with total distributed. Furthermore, unconditional cash grants of LKR 15,000 (CHF 86); 50 per cent of average daily wage into 20 days will be provided to 2,000 families for two months to fulfil the basic needs, such as essential household items, food, medicine and other personal requirements. This is an effective and flexible way to support people affected by emergencies, maintaining their dignity and choice, while fostering local economies. Cash and voucher assistance programmes include all forms of cash and voucher-based assistance. Beneficiaries will be selected giving special attention to female/single headed households, households with differently abled people and elderly people. Cash will be transferred in two instalments. SLRCS has a pool of 25 CVA-trained staff, who could be deployed to set-up the mechanism and assist the operations.



NFI distribution in Polonnaruwa district. (Photo: SLRCS)

**Emergency shelter support:** To be provided via distribution of tarpaulins, ropes and basic awareness materials on the use of tarpaulins to 500 households.

**Water, sanitation and hygiene promotion:** WASH interventions focusing on improving access to safe water and hygiene safe behaviours. A total of 900 wells in three districts will be cleaned. To improve hygiene practices, 15 awareness sessions on safe water and food handling and cleaning campaigns will be conducted in camps. A hygiene pack including soap, toilet cleaning material etc. will be provided to 100 families at each of the 15 hygiene promotion awareness sessions, totalling to 1,500 hygiene packs.

**Support to restart schools:** To assist children to restart school and to ensure safe school environment, if necessary, school latrines of the affected schools will be desludged. Desludging units attached to municipalities will be mobilised for the above purpose. 15 school cleaning campaigns will be carried out using cash for work modality. 10 persons (either parents or volunteers) per school will be mobilized. Required cleaning items will be provided for each campaign. School packs will be provided among 500 most affected school children (which includes books, pens, pencils, erasers, sharpeners, colour pencil box, drawing books, bags etc).

**Health and care:** Health interventions will be focusing on providing basic first aid, medical camps and dengue prevention activities. Soft tissue infections, fungal infections and minor cuts and bruises were the common injuries seen while wading in flood waters. Due to the roads being inundated, the affected communities were cut off from the health institutions, hence the first aid services were needed. Serious medical cases will be referred to hospitals for further care. Psychological first aid including empathetic listening will be provided for those who are in need. With the commencement of monsoons rains, a steep increase of dengue cases has been seen. In addition, it is the epidemiological pattern for the dengue cases to likely increase after floods. Therefore, it is important to remove potential mosquito breeding sites. In addition, prompt detection of patients with fever and referral them to the government health institutions is also critical. Vector control activities will include promoting general environmental health aspects of the camp such as solid waste management and drainage and well cleaning. This activity will target affected communities as well. In addition, specific activities targeting removal of mosquito breeding sites will be conducted.

Key aspects are factored in the strategy for this operation:

- **The National Society leadership:** SLRCS is responsible for the overall coordination and implementation of the humanitarian response operation, supported by the IFRC and in-country Movement partners.
- **Implementing lessons learned from previous operations:** Over the years, SLRCS has implemented various large and medium scale operations that provided various lessons from which this response will draw. These include the large-scale operation in response to the massive damage and resultant needs caused by the 2004 Tsunami, support to populations who were internally displaced due to conflict through the Post Conflict Recovery Assistance

<sup>2</sup> Clothes for both men and women, sleeping mats, kitchen sets. Detailed items' specifications and quantities are provided in Annex 1.

<sup>3</sup> Napkin, bath towels, flannel, and feeding cup. Detailed items' specifications and quantities are provided in Annex 1.

Programme (PCRP) 2010-2016, a medium-scale intervention following floods and landslides of 2011, 2016, 2017 and 2018.

- **A Movement-wide approach:** SLRCS is responsible for the overall coordination and implementation of the disaster response operation, supported by all components of the Movement. Considering the nature and scope of the response, IFRC will mobilize resources via this DREF on behalf of SLRCS, while coordinating with the ICRC at the same time. The latter has a long-time presence in Sri Lanka and will, among others, support restoring family links (RFL) interventions which – although included in this plan to reflect the totality of actions – are not factored in the budget. The budget for RFL interventions will be covered by ICRC outside of this DREF. Contributions of Partner National Societies will be considered and coordinated in the overall approach.

## Strategies for implementation

### Human Resources

SLRCS will allocate full time staff at national headquarters (NHQ) to overlook the operation and assign a finance staff to ensure smooth flow of settlements. Furthermore, at branch level to implement the program a District Project Officer and a Community Mobiliser per each branch will be hired. IFRC will support program implementation via its existing staff. Mobilization of NDRT, BDRT and DDRT as well as staff expenses are covered in the operational budget. A Logistics RDRT will also be requested, to support in the National Society (NS) for a period of two months.

### Logistics and Supply Chain

Logistics activities aim to effectively manage the supply chain, including, procurement, customs clearance, fleet, storage and transport to distribution sites in accordance with the operation's requirements and aligned to IFRC's logistics standards, processes and procedures.

SLRCS has a central warehouse in Colombo, which has pre-positioned items and each branch maintains a small stock sufficient to 100 to 200 families. SLRCS has its own vehicle which are being used for transportation, cater to the increased needs during disaster, based on the needs, sometimes NS rent vehicles. NS's logistics, fleet and procurement departments will handle the logistics and supply chain operations.

The supply chain strategy for this operation is to first use the pre-positioned stocks of the National Society country-wise to quickly meet the basic needs of the affected population. Sourcing of NFI will commence upon completion of the NFI distribution, to match the actual number of items distributed. In-line with the audit guidelines, IFRC will conduct the procurement process in close coordination with SLRCS ensuring the efficient and timely delivery of these items. Hence the new items procured will be used to replenish the contingency stocks. Following items will be procured locally; adult relief pack, sarong, kaftan, sleeping mat, baby pack, schools' packs<sup>4</sup>, school bags, and ropes. Following items will be procured internationally; kitchen sets and tarpaulins. Logistics RDRT together with IFRC Country office will provide logistics technical support to SLRCS ensure transparency and accountability in the procurement process. Additional logistics support can be made available by the Asia Pacific Regional Logistics Unit and Country Cluster Support Team in Delhi, as per need.

### Information Technologies (IT)

High-speed Wi-Fi internet connectivity is available in IFRC Sri Lanka CO as well as in the NHQ of SLRCS. Staff members and volunteers in the field operation will be supported by 3G modems and internet data packages for their smartphones which will enable them communicating electronically with the headquarters and to send reports and pictures in quick time. Open Data Kit (ODK) based assessments will be carried out electronically through mobile applications on digital tablets or mobile phones. An orientation session on digital assessments will be provided to prepare the volunteers using the tablets or mobile phones for assessments.

### Communications

SLRCS communications staffs are working in close coordination with the IFRC regional communications team to ensure that the evolving humanitarian needs and the response of SLRCS is well profiled and disseminated across social media platforms and in the national and international media. A proactive approach will be taken to maintain media outreach and to produce communication materials including press releases, news stories, photos/video, key messages and infographics for external promotion by National Societies in their domestic markets. A Viber group has been created to share information and photos between volunteers, branches, NHQ and IFRC.

### Security

SLRCS and IFRC security focal points will continue to monitor the situation. Any security concerns will be handled with local authorities as per the existing security framework.

## Planning, Monitoring, Evaluation, & Reporting (PMER)

<sup>4</sup> Schools' pack items include books, pens, pencils, erasers, sharpeners, colour pencil box and drawing books.

SLRCS will oversee and monitor all operational, implementation, monitoring and evaluation, and reporting aspects of the present operation in the flood affected area through its country-wide network of branches and volunteers. IFRC, through its CO and CCST in Delhi will provide technical support in program management to ensure the operation objectives are met.

Reporting on the operation will be carried out in accordance with the IFRC DREF minimum reporting standards. At least one operation update will be issued during the operation's timeframe and a final report within three months of the end of the operation.

A post distribution monitoring on cash and NFI will be conducted and at the end of the operation a lesson learned workshop will be conducted to capture learning.

### **Administration and Finance**

Operational expenses such as volunteer per-diem, accommodation, transportation, communication and coordination activities are factored in. Procurement will be done according to SLRCS procedures with IFRC technical support. Finance and administration support to the operation will be provided by SLRCS NHQ, with the assistance from the finance team of the IFRC CO.

### **Crosscutting issues**

#### **Gender, diversity and protection**

Gender, diversity and protection issues will be mainstreamed in this operation. Among others, areas of focus will include prevention of sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and child protection. Mainstreaming of gender, diversity and protection issues will also ensure that accountability lines are in place for GBV response and prevention. SLRCS will strive to capture sex and age disaggregated data for the purpose of understanding the number and specific vulnerability of females to males based on their gender roles and age (i.e. to understand if a higher proportion of women, children or men are made vulnerable).

#### **Community engagement and accountability**

Community accountability and feedback/response mechanisms will be integrated into the operation to ensure that affected populations have access to timely and accurate information on the nature and scope of services provided by SLRCS and expected behaviour of staff and volunteers. Because only a fraction of affected populations will be targeted, the selection criteria will need to be communicated clearly to beneficiaries and wider communities, so that people will understand the rationale behind targeting. This will help to prevent any potential tensions/frustrations by those people who do not meet the beneficiary selection criteria. Community engagement and accountability services will be implemented through context-specific channels, group discussions, face-to-face discussions and publishing of selected lists.

## C. Detailed Operational Plan



### Shelter

People targeted: 2,500 (500 families)

Male: 1,100

Female: 1,400

Requirements: CHF 10,785.71

Sector	Needs analysis	Assistance planned and population to be assisted
Shelter and settlement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Families have lost personal daily life items (personal, kitchen, sleeping).</li> <li>Families whose houses are destroyed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distribution of household items (tarpaulins and ropes for 500 households)</li> </ul>

**Programme standards/benchmarks: reference to Sphere standards, SLRCS Finance Manual, IFRC Financial Guidelines**

P&B Output Code	Shelter Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions	# of people targeted/reached with safe and adequate shelter and settlement (Target: 2,500)				
	Shelter Output 1.1: Short, medium and long-term shelter and settlement assistance is provided to affected households	# of households provided with assistance (Target: 500)				
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
	<b>Households provided with emergency shelter and settlement assistance</b>					
AP005	Identify, register, verify people to support for distributions		x			
AP005	Distribute tarpaulins and ropes from SLRCS stocks, to 500 households		x			
AP005	Mobilize volunteers and provide orientation on distribution protocols and basic awareness on how to fix a tarpaulin		x			
AP005	Provision to people to support of basic awareness via brief demo on how to fix or tied a tarpaulin		x			
AP005	Procure tarpaulins and ropes adequate to replenish SLRCS stock			x	x	

AP005	Undertake post-distribution monitoring		x		
	<b>Monitoring and evaluation</b>				
AP005	Monitor and evaluate the humanitarian shelter response	x	x	x	x



### Livelihoods and basic needs

People targeted: 15,000 (3,000 families)

Male: 6,000

Female: 9,000

Requirements: CHF 420,857

Sector	Needs analysis	Assistance planned and population to be assisted
<b>Shelter and settlement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Families with babies will need access to special care items.</li> <li>Household items have become unusable. Ways of income has interrupted due to disaster.</li> <li>Loss of income affects local economy.</li> <li>Need to stimulate local economy and restore dignity to population</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distribute household item to 1,000 families including Kitchen Set, Sleeping Mats, Kaftan, Sarong, Baby Relief Pack.</li> <li>Distribute school packs (including books, pens, pencils, erasers, sharpeners, colour pencil box, drawing books etc) and school bags for 500 school children</li> <li>Cash grant LKR 15,000 (CHF 86) two times for 2,000 families in the 3 most affected districts to buy essential households/commodities.</li> </ul>

<b>P&amp;B Output Code</b>	<b>Shelter Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through basic needs support.</b>	<i># of people targeted/reached support on basic needs and livelihoods (Target: 15,000)</i>			
	<b>Shelter Output 1.1: Short term basic needs and livelihoods support assistance is provided to affected households</b>	<i># of people provided with a set of essential household items (Target: 5,000) # of children provided with school items (Target: 500) # households provided with emergency cash grants (Target: 2,000 households)</i>			
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3
	<b>Households provided with essential household items</b>				

AP008	Identify, register, verify people to support for distributions	x			
AP008	Mobilize volunteers and provide orientation on distribution protocols	x			
AP008	Distribute household items to 1,000 households, complimented with baby relief packs to 350 households	x			
AP008	Distribution of school items to 500 most affected school children (including books, pens, pencils, erasers, sharpeners, colour pencil box, drawing books, bags etc)	x	x		
AP008	Procure household items to replenish the stock of SLRCS		x	x	x
AP008	Undertake post-distribution monitoring		x		
	<b>Households provided with emergency cash grants</b>				
AP081	Deployment of cash experts (from the local pool)	x	x		
AP081	Consult and agree with the selection criteria of target households (through a participatory process)	x			
AP081	Select beneficiary households, prepare beneficiary lists and sensitize them on the assistance process	x			
AP081	Conduct market assessment to identify whether the markets are functioning	x			
AP081	Provide cash transfers (CHF 86) through bank transfers/mobile cash to households in two instalments	x	x		
AP081	Undertake post-distribution monitoring			x	



## Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

People targeted: 7,500 (up to 1,500 families)

Male: 3,000

Female: 4,000

Requirements CHF 47,285.71

Sector	Needs analysis	Assistance planned and population to be assisted
<b>Water</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Water sources have become contaminated.</li> <li>Challenges relating to access to safe water.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cleaning of 900 wells.</li> <li>Procurement of 300 rubber-boots, 600 gloves, raincoats 300, 6 ladders and 3 water pumps, to assist in well cleaning.</li> </ul>
<b>Sanitation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inundation of pits due to flooding, which could potentially increase incidences of waterborne diseases by</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Desludging latrines in 15 schools.</li> </ul>

	contaminating groundwater sources and surrounding environment.	
<b>Hygiene promotion</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lack of water for sanitation facilities (for handwashing)</li> <li>Lack of soap and toilet cleaning material among affected communities.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>School clean-up campaigns including drainage clean-up with cash for work to support restart schools (at least 15 schools).</li> <li>Provide a cleaning pack for school cleaning activities (15 packs).</li> <li>Procurement of 3 pressure guns.</li> <li>Hygiene promotion (including safe water, food handling, cleaning campaigns vector control and public awareness) will be provided in camps (15 sessions in total).</li> <li>Hygiene packs including soap and toilet cleaning material procured and supplied as a part of the hygiene promotion activities. 1,500 packs to be procured and distributed.</li> <li>Develop/print IEC materials on hygiene promotion, to reinforce messages communicated during hygiene promotion sessions.</li> </ul>

**Programme standards/benchmarks:** *Reference Sphere, Global Water and Sanitation Initiative, Household Water Treatment and Safe Storage in Emergencies Manual.*

<b>P&amp;B Output Code</b>	<b>WASH Outcome1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities</b>	# of people reached in targeted communities have reduced their immediate risks of waterborne and water related diseases (Target: 7,500)				
	<b>WASH Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population</b>	# of wells cleaned (Target: 900)				
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
AP026	Coordinate with the authorities to ensure affected people in camps have access to safe water		x			
AP026	Coordinate with the authorities to aware about well cleaning activity		x			
AP026	Cleaning of 900 wells		x			
<b>P&amp;B Output Code</b>	<b>WASH Output 1.3: Adequate sanitation which meets Sphere standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population</b>	# of school children benefitted via desludging latrines in schools (Target: 15 schools / 7,500 children)				
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
	AP028	Desludging latrines in schools		x	x	
<b>P&amp;B Output Code</b>	<b>WASH Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population</b>	# of school clean-up campaigns in including drainage clearing with cash for work (Target: 15 schools / 7,500 children) # of people reached by hygiene promotion activities (Target: 17,500)				
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4

AP030	School clean-up campaigns including drainage clearing with cash for work to support restart schools	x	x		
AP030	Procurement of pressure guns	x			
AP030	Hygiene promotion (including safe water, food handling, cleaning campaigns vector control and public awareness) will be provided in camps, schools and communities (total of 15 sessions)	x			
AP030	Develop/print IEC materials on hygiene promotion	x	x		



## Health

**People targeted: 7,500 (1,500 families)**

Male: 3,500

Female: 4,000

**Requirements: CHF 12.428.57**

Sector	Needs analysis	Assistance planned and population to be assisted
Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Affected families are more vulnerable to accidents, might have lost their first aid materials during disaster</li> <li>Risks of contracting communicable diseases and potential epidemics increased.</li> <li>Dengue was huge risk before also. The breeding grounds could be created within flooded area has the potential to increase the risks for the vulnerable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Conduct FA services in communities for minimum of two weeks in three districts</li> <li>Organize two medical camps per branch in severely affected areas (2 medical camps in worst affected areas per branch in three branches totalling to 6 medical camps)</li> <li>Clean-up campaigns including houses/public places in three districts</li> <li>Dengue awareness and 5 cleaning campaigns in three districts</li> </ul>

**Programme standards/benchmarks:** *Reference Sphere, SLRCS First Aid Manual, Epidemic Control for Volunteers Toolkit, Psychosocial Support in Emergencies Guidelines.*

P&B Output Code	<b>Health Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced</b>	<i># of targeted people reached have their immediate risks to health reduced (Target: 7,500)</i>
	<b>Health Output 1.2: Target population is provided with rapid medical management of injuries and diseases</b>	<i># of people reached by first aid services (Target: 900)</i> <i># of people reached by medical camps (Target: 1,800)</i> <i># of people reached by clean-up campaigns including houses/public places (Target: 750)</i> <i># dengue awareness and clean-up campaigns (Target: 7,500 people)</i>



## Strategies for Implementation

Requirements: CHF 51,842

P&B Output Code	<b>S1.1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competences and capacities to plan and perform.</b>	# of SLRCS branches that are well functioning (Target: 3)				
	<b>Output S1.1.4: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected</b>	# of volunteers insured (Target: 60) # of volunteers involved in the operation (Target: 60)				
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
AP042	Ensure that volunteers are insured		x			
AP042	Provide complete briefings on volunteers' roles and the risks they face		x			
AP042	Ensure volunteers are aware of their rights and responsibilities		x			
AP042	Ensure volunteers' safety and wellbeing		x			
AP042	Ensure volunteers are properly trained		x			
P&B Output Code	<b>Outcome S2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured</b>	IFRC support to launch a DREF and emergency appeal to raise financial and human resources (Target: yes) Types of coordination tools and mechanisms are in use (Target: NDRT / RDRT) Ratio of people reached by the IFRC disaster response operations to the people affected by these emergencies (Target: minimum of 5%)				
	<b>Output S2.1.1: Effective response preparedness and NS surge capacity mechanism is maintained</b>	# of RDRT deployed (Target: 1) # of NDRT deployed (Target: 3)				
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
AP002	IFRC CO support SLRCS with initial start-up and implementation of the operation		x	x	x	x
AP002	Request and deployment of two NDRT for a period of one month from the SLRCS National NDRT pool		x			
AP002	Deployment local cash trained person to assist the operation		x	x		
AP046	Request and deployment of one RDRT for two months			x	x	
	<b>Output S2.1.3: NS compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance is improved</b>	% compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance (Target: 100%)				

<b>P&amp;B Output Code</b>	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
AP065	Support SLRCS in compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance (CEA-related activities)		x	x	x	x
<b>P&amp;B Output Code</b>	<b>Output S2.1.6: Coordinating role of the IFRC within the international humanitarian system is enhanced</b>		<i># of coordination meetings with other stakeholders (Target: 10)</i>			
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
AP065	IFRC country office supports SLRCS in coordinating with other humanitarian actors on a regular basis		x	x	x	x
<b>P&amp;B Output Code</b>	<b>Outcome S2.2: The complementarity and strengths of the Movement are enhanced</b>		<i>Movement coordination is in place (Target: yes)</i>			
	<b>Output S2.2.1: In the context of large-scale emergencies the IFRC, ICRC and NS enhance their operational reach and effectiveness through new means of coordination.</b>		<i>Involvement in regular coordination meetings. (Target: yes)</i>			
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
AP065	Movement coordination between SLRCS, IFRC, ICRC and possible PNS's, are in place when required		x	x	x	x
<b>P&amp;B Output Code</b>	<b>Outcome S3.1: The IFRC secretariat, together with National Societies uses their unique position to influence decisions at local, national and international levels that affect the most vulnerable.</b>		<i>IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues. (Target: yes)</i>			
	<b>Output S3.1.1: IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues</b>		<i># of communications materials produced (social media, media articles, interviews, etc.) (Target: 7)</i>			
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
AP042	The SLRCS communications team is ensuring that Red Cross response efforts are effectively communicated amongst its key public audiences		x	x	x	x
AP042	SLRCS staff and volunteers across the country are actively contributing to institutional communications through their own social media networks.		x	x	x	x
AP042	SLRCS and IFRC staff will work together to generate high quality photos, video clips, and news stories for use across IFRC and SLRCS multimedia platforms.		x	x	x	x
<b>P&amp;B Output Code</b>	<b>Output S3.1.2: IFRC produces high-quality research and evaluation that informs advocacy, resource mobilization and programming.</b>		<i># of rapid and detailed assessment teams deployed at branch level (Target: 7)</i>			
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3	4
AP002	Mobilize SLRCS staff and volunteers to conduct assessments		x			
AP002	Ensure continuous monitoring of implementation by SLRCS and IFRC teams.		x	x	x	x
AP002	Conduct orientation programs for NHQ and branch staff		x			

AP002	Conduct progress review meeting		x		
AP002	Conduct post distribution survey to determine the level of satisfaction among people			x	
AP002	Conduct lesson learned workshop				x
P&B Output Code	<b>Outcome S4.1: The IFRC enhances its effectiveness, credibility and accountability</b>	<i>IFRC enhances its effectiveness, credibility and accountability (Target: yes)</i>			
	<b>Output S4.1.3: Financial resources are safeguarded; quality financial and administrative support is provided contributing to efficient operations and ensuring effective use of assets; timely quality financial reporting to stakeholders</b>	<i>% of financial reporting respecting the IFRC procedures (Target: 100%)</i>			
	Activities planned	Month	1	2	3
AP065	IFRC country office's finance department supports SLRCS finance unit to comply with finance procedures and reporting standards	x	x	x	x

# Budget

International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

*all amounts in Swiss  
Francs (CHF)*

## DREF OPERATION

MDRLK010 Sri Lanka : Floods and Landslides

24/12/2019

### **Budget by Resource**

<b>Budget Group</b>	<b>Budget</b>
Shelter - Relief	10,786
Clothing & Textiles	17,714
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	26,429
Medical & First Aid	6,857
Teaching Materials	1,429
Utensils & Tools	22,000
Other Supplies & Services	42,286
Cash Disbursement	343,714
<b>Relief items, Construction, Supplies</b>	<b>471,214</b>
Storage	8,000
Distribution & Monitoring	3,429
Transport & Vehicles Costs	8,171
<b>Logistics, Transport &amp; Storage</b>	<b>19,600</b>
National Society Staff	6,514
Volunteers	3,174
<b>Personnel</b>	<b>9,688</b>
Workshops & Training	16,429
<b>Workshops &amp; Training</b>	<b>16,429</b>
Travel	30,143
Information & Public Relations	6,000
Office Costs	2,571
Communications	740
Financial Charges	114
<b>General Expenditure</b>	<b>39,569</b>
DIRECT COSTS	556,500
INDIRECT COSTS	36,172
<b>TOTAL BUDGET</b>	<b>592,672</b>





Click for:

- [Information bulletin](#)

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## **How we work**

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organisations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and the Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



**Save lives,**  
protect livelihoods,  
and strengthen recovery  
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**  
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**  
and a culture of  
**non-violence** and **peace**.

# Annex 1

## Contents of adult relief pack

No	Item	Quantities	Revised Specification
1	Toothbrush	5	Regular, medium
2	Sanitary napkins (ladies)	1 (pkt)	10 pieces normal beltless
3	Bath towel	2	100% cotton, 40" x 20", dark colours preferred
4	Comb	1	Plastic, length 8 "– 9", width 1"- 1.5"
5	Small torch	1	Metal, LED torch light with battery (A type) length between 6" to 9".
6	Plates	5	Plastic, 1" deep, diameter 8 "- 9"
7	Cups	5	Plastic, 3" deep, 200ml
8	Umbrella	1	Small umbrellas (55 – 60cm length), 3 folding, 8 ribs, single colour
9	Bed Sheet	2	single, 45" X 75", 100% Cotton, Assorted colour (dark Colour preferred)

## Contents of baby relief pack

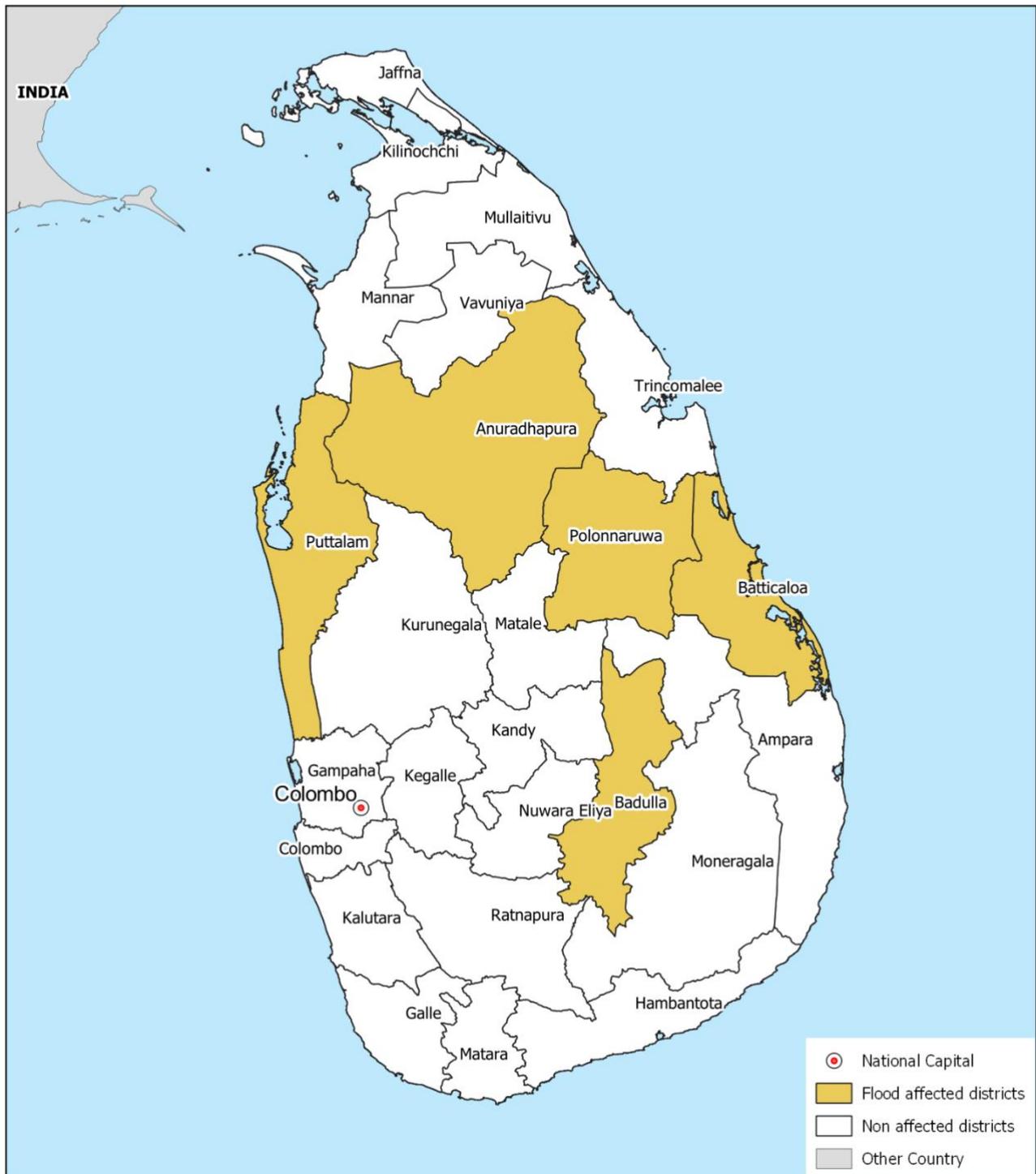
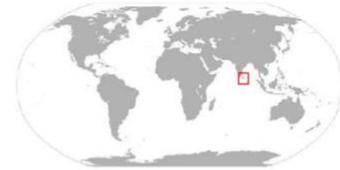
No	Item	Quantity	Revised Specification
1	Napkin	6	Washable, 100% cotton, 22"x22", fringe (single) stitch, single layer, white colour.
2	Bath towels for infants	1	100% cotton, 39"x24", preferred dark colours
3	Baby flannel	1	Woven 50% wool 36"x36", Fringe (Single) stitch
4	Feeding cup	1	Plastic, 6 oz, 180 ml, free from BPA

# Annex 2



## Sri Lanka, Floods: Disaster Relief Emergency Fund

23 December 2019



The maps used do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies or National Societies concerning the legal status of territory or its authorities. Map data sources: OCHA, OSM Contributors, GDACS, ICRC, IFRC

