Highlights

- About 1700 Rohingya refugees from Myanmar and Bangladesh were stranded in the waters of Aceh and North Sumatra in the last fourth period.
- 1722 Rohingya Refugees from Myanmar and Bangladesh have placed in 4 areas evacuation.
- Before arrival Rohingya and Bangladesh refugees in May 2015, there are 11,941 refugees in Indonesia since the ethnic conflict in Myanmar in 2012.
- Accommodation such as food, milk, clothing, medicine already distributed. Medical team of LKC Dompet Dhuafa are included in the refugees camp.
- The Government of Indonesia and Malaysia agreed to accommodate the immigrants from Myanmar and Bangladesh during single year before placed in the third State.

Situation Overview

In recent time a wave of Rohingya and Bangladeshi immigrants landed on the east coast of Aceh after the rescued by fishermen. The first wave of 532 refugees landed in Kuala Cangkoi, North Aceh. After that, 251 immigrants landed in Langsa. A few days ago, 433 immigrants landed in Julok, East Aceh.
Indonesian government prove their commitment to accept Rohingya immigrants (Myanmar) and Bangladesh. They treated them properly, even Acehnese human attention to greet the arrival of immigrants.

Currently the number of Rohingya refugees from Myanmar and Bangladesh amounted to 1,722 people and living in temporary evacuation sites. They were stranded in Aceh was placed in 4 refugee camps, 560 inhabitants in the area of North Aceh district, 47 people in Aceh Tamiang, 682 inhabitants in Langsa and 433 people in East Aceh District. Condition of some refugees are still look weak because it is too long to dehydration in the ocean.

Based on data from the International Organization for Migration, the runaway Rohingya migrants smuggled by boat brokers. The condition of the group is fairly pathetic refugees because of their health condition is deteriorating due to dehydration, lacerations, and fractures.

The principle of humanity has encouraged the people of Aceh to help the Rohingya refugees. Aceh provincial government has to do it in cooperation with local humanitarian agencies. While Dompet Dhuafa committed to helping the refugees for the fulfillment of basic rights in refugee camps such as food aid, health care and education. Logistical assistance in the form of foodstuffs, milk, medicines and hygienic kits were distributed.

Since the outbreak of ethnic conflict in Myanmar in 2012, the Rohingya immigrants fled to several countries to seek asylum. This vile tragedy get the extraordinary attention by the country predominantly Muslim such as Indonesia and Malaysia. Vice President Jusuf Kalla said that the Indonesian government will assist these refugees in order not to be uncertain fate. However, Indonesia can not be alone and takes the role of the international community.

The meeting of Foreign Ministers of Indonesia, Malaysia and Thailand in Malaysia has resulted in an agreement which is to temporarily accommodate them before being placed in a third State. This new breakthrough in efforts to address hunger refugees at sea.

In the ASEAN Ministerial Emergency Meeting on “Transnational Crime Concerning Irregular Movement of Persons in Southeast Asia” in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, July 2, 2015, is formulated the formation of the task force and the trust fund. This ASEAN ministerial meeting discuss the handling of polemic Rohingya refugees and legal immigrants Bangladeshi origin were abandoned in the sea since last May.

The meeting in Kuala Lumpur formulate some recommendations to save as many as 4,800 Rohingyas and Bangladeshis who become the victims of human trafficking and must be stranded at sea for tens of days. They are now stranded in several Southeast Asian countries, such as Indonesia, Malaysia, and Thailand. Hundreds of them are reported still missing.

Dompet Dhuafa Response

Food and Nutrition

- A total of 96 immigrants who were stranded at Pangkalan Susu, Kabupaten Langkat, North Sumatera housed in a multi-purpose building. Personnel deployed rescuers Dompet Dhuafa alert to fast appraisal. Public kitchen operated to provide dining needs.
- Poor condition of the refugees, the children become a priority in terms of nutritional needs. Assistance for their milk has been distributed in Pangkalan Susu, North Sumatra and Langsa, Aceh

Health

- Various disease now whack refugees in Kuala Langsa such as diarrhea and a fever. While in the shelter Kuala Cangkoy, North Aceh, some refugee experience fever, itching and diarrhea. A toddler of Rohingya refugee also died result tetanus disease suffered.
- Health condition of the entourage refugees worsening. Some of them need an intensive care. The medical team of LKC
Dompet Dhuafa provide intravenous fluids and medicines for those who cared at the shelter. The joint personnel evacuating tens of refugees in critical condition to the Langsa hospital eastern part of Aceh province.

**Psychosocial and Protection**

- Volunteers DMC Dompet Dhuafa orient psychosocial approach for children in refugee camps located in Langkat, North Sumatra Province and Kuala Langsa, Aceh Province.
- Dompet Dhuafa build training center to train productive skill of 409 Rohingya immigrants in refugee Beyeun, Bireun, East Aceh, Aceh Province. Young volunteers provide basic education and skills to refugees for one year ahead.