



WFP Haiti

Country Brief

August 2019

World Food Programme

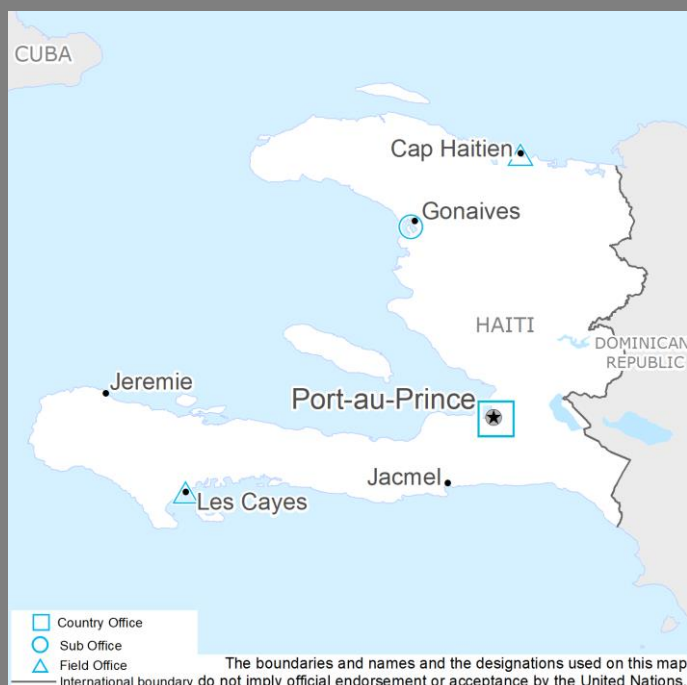
SAVING LIVES
CHANGING LIVES



Operational Context

Haiti ranks 168 out of 189 countries on the 2018 Human Development Index. Haiti has one of the highest levels of chronic food insecurity in the world with more than half of its total population chronically food insecure and 22 percent of children chronically malnourished. Underlying drivers of this situation include extreme poverty and frequent natural disasters. On the 2019 Climate Risk Index, Haiti is fourth among the countries most affected by severe weather events.

WFP has been working in Haiti since 1969. WFP's priority is to support the Haitian Government in developing sustainable solutions to hunger and malnutrition to achieve Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 2 "Zero Hunger".



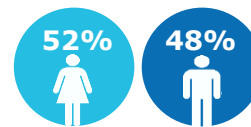
Population: 11 million	2018 Human Development Index: 168 out of 189
Food Imports: over 50% of national requirements	2019 Climate Risk Index: 4th most affected by extreme weather events

In Numbers

USD 1 030 995 cash-based transfers made

USD 199 m Total Requirements

69,010 people assisted
In August 2019



Operational Updates

Emergency response

A total of 13,802 households (69,010 beneficiaries) received emergency food assistance in August.

- 7,870 households received cash-based transfers in the framework of an ECHO-funded response in the Nord-Est department.
- 5,932 households received a cash-transfer in Sud-Est and Nord-Ouest departments in the framework of USAID-FPP funded emergency response.

School Feeding

- WFP received the results of the final Early Grade Reading Assessment (EGRA) conducted in May 2019. This study showed that students of the participating schools had experienced a significant improvement in Creole and French reading compared to the other schools and got closer to the national goal set by the Ministry of Education.

Nutrition

- In the framework of an ECHO funded project, nutrition-sensitive activities for Social Behaviour Change Communication were carried out from 19th to the 31 of August in North-Est department along with Cash-Based Transfers. During these activities, which included forum theatre, 40 adolescents were trained to theatre technics and how to develop a scenario on the nutrition-related problems found in their villages. They presented these theatre plays in 7 villages with community participation.

Food Assistance for Assets

- Through the three-pronged approach (3PA), WFP is organizing Seasonal Livelihood Programming (SLP) workshops in 11 communes of South department. This will help to create valuable planning information on what interventions are required and the best timing in the year.

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Caption: Emergency Cash distributions to the most food insecure
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Country Strategic Plan (July 2019 - December 2023)

Total Requirements (in USD)	Allocated Contributions (in USD)	Six Month Net Funding Requirements (in USD)
199 m	53.1 m	3.6 m

Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food

Strategic Outcome 1: Crisis-affected populations in Haiti can meet their basic food and nutrition needs in times of crisis

Focus area: Crisis Response

Activities:

- Provide emergency food assistance and support risk reduction and the recovery of crisis-affected populations

Strategic Outcome 2: Vulnerable populations in Haiti benefit from nutrition-sensitive safety nets to meet their basic needs all year

Focus area: Root Causes

Activities:

- Design, implement and strengthen nutritious-sensitive safety nets
- Provide daily nutritious school meals

Strategic Result 3: Smallholders have improved food security and nutrition through improved productivity and incomes

Strategic Outcome 3: Smallholder farmers have improved their livelihoods to increase food security

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

- Provide support to smallholder farmers to sell agricultural products
- Provide daily nutritious and 100% local school meals (Home Grown School Feeding)

Strategic Result 4: Food systems are sustainable

Strategic Outcome 4: Vulnerable communities can rely on resilient food systems to mitigate, adapt and recover from shocks

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

- Provide food assistance to vulnerable households for the creation and rehabilitation of assets

Strategic Result 5: Countries strengthened capacities to implement the SDGs

Strategic Outcome 5: Centralized and Decentralized institutions and national stakeholders increased capacities to achieve Zero Hunger by 2030

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

- Provide policy support and technical assistance to national stakeholders in areas of social protection, disaster risk management fortification and local production

Strategic Result 8: Countries strengthened capacities to implement the SDGs

Strategic Outcome 6: The Government and humanitarian and development actors have access to services on demand all year

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

- Provide on-demand services to the Government as well as the humanitarian actors

Social Protection

- On the 8 of August, the closing ceremony of the Kore Lavi programme which started 6 years ago, took place with the presence of representatives from Ministry of Social Affairs and Labour, members of Kore Lavi consortium (Care, Action against Hunger, World Vision and WFP) and USAID-FPP, the donor of the project.

One of the main achievements of Kore Lavi was the launching of the Information System of the Ministry of Social Affairs (SIMAST) to better identify, target and register vulnerable households. Currently, SIMAST is the most important vulnerability database of the country with 320,000 households registered.

- WFP continued to support the elaboration process of the National Protection and Promotion Policy (NSPP). A first draft of the document will be submitted in September to the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (CEPAL) and the partners involved.

Monitoring and Evaluation

- WFP's hotline is a feedback mechanism to strengthen control and accountability and the monitoring of programme activities. In August, WFP received 47 calls most of them related to school feeding, food assistance for assets and cash distributions. They included concerns about food delivery and questions regarding different programmes.

Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping

- The National Coordination for Food Security (CNSA), finalized the data collection for the Emergency Food Security Assessment (EFSA), with WFP's support. The results will be used for the rural and urban Integrated Phase Classification (IPC) exercise that will take place in September. IPC results will be published in October.

Donors

Canada, European Union, France, Germany, Japan, Private Donors, Switzerland and USA.