

SUDAN

UNHCR OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR SOUTH SUDAN

23 to 29 January 2015

KEY FIGURES

***120,401**

South Sudanese have arrived to Sudan since 15th December 2013.

*this figure currently does not include a number of newly arrived South Sudanese known to be living with host communities. These statistics will be determined following individual registration in host communities.

91%

Average percentage of female heads of household in sites in White Nile State (Al Alagaya, Jouri, Al Kashafa and El Redis).

71%

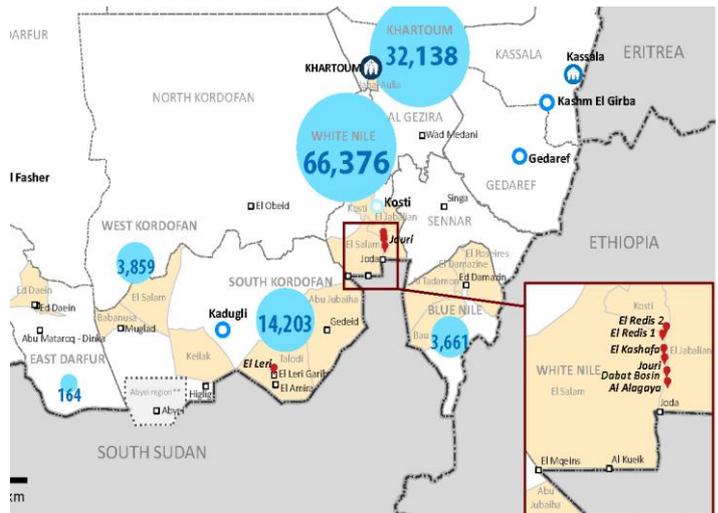
Percentage of children living in sites in White Nile State.

PRIORITIES

- Implementation of the Memorandum of Understanding between UNHCR, the Commissioner for Refugees and the Ministry of the Interior on registration. Issuance of cards and enjoyment of associated rights is foreseen under this agreement.
- Relocation of the South Sudanese community in Shagara (Khartoum) to the new Bantiu site.

HIGHLIGHTS

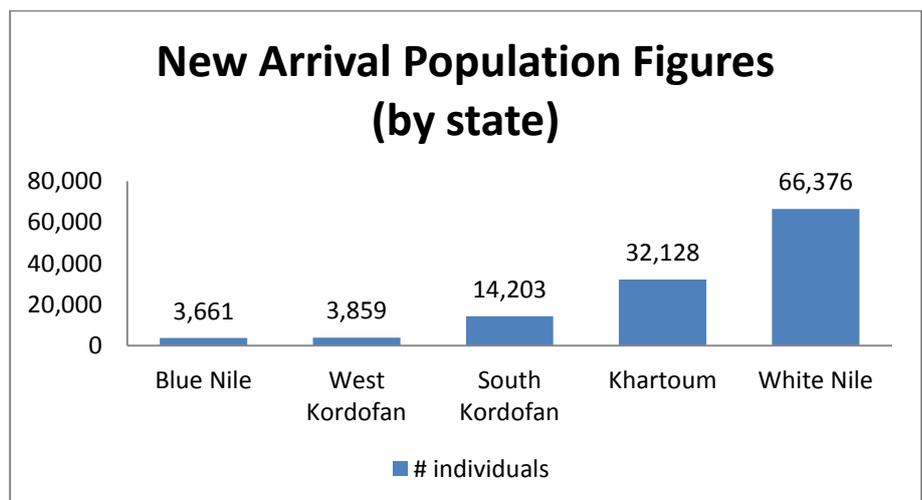
Construction of the Joda border reception centre has now been completed, and the Sudanese Red Crescent Society (SRCS) has appointed a coordinator for the management of the site. The centre is expected to be operational as of February 1st.



Repair and extension of 250 metres of feeder road is underway (with UNHCR support) to improve access and mitigate other consequences of winter flooding on El Redis 1 and 2, White Nile State. SRCS has contracted a local road construction company, with works expected to be complete on 29 January.

Population of concern

A total of **120,401** individuals



UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational Context

The overall security situation of South Sudanese communities in Khartoum as well as in relocation sites and host communities remains stable. Following postponement of the planned WFP food distribution in South Kordofan, a security assessment has been scheduled for 2 February. Distributions are intended to occur simultaneously with this mission, so as to reach South Sudanese new arrivals within the next week.

Achievements and Needs Assessment

Protection

Achievements and Impact

- As part of youth activities funded by UNHCR, the Ministry of Social Welfare (MoSW) has established football teams in Al Alagaya, Jouri and Al Kashafa, including provision of sport materials. The MoSW will schedule matches between various sites (football and volleyball).
- 371 birth notifications have now been issued in White Nile State (152 in El Redis, 180 in Jouri and 39 in Al Alagaya). The exercise is continuing (including Al Kashafa site).

Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

Achievements and Impact

- ASSIST (with UNHCR support) has now installed and preliminarily tested four grinding mills in Jouri, Al Kashafa, El Redis and Al Alagaya sites as part of the livelihoods programme in White Nile State. Four South Sudanese beneficiaries were selected and trained on book-keeping and operational aspects. The handover process of these grinding mills to community members was due to start on Wednesday 28 January 2015 with an inauguration ceremony attended by ASSIST, UNHCR, HAC, SRCS and site committees.

Nutrition

Achievements and Impact

- 3,018 children were screened during the past week for acute malnutrition, of which 20 (0.7%) were identified with Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) and 58 (2%) with Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM).
- By the end of the reporting week, a total of 128 children were enrolled in the MAM treatment programme and 102 in the SAM treatment programme. MAM treatment (targeted supplementary feeding) is currently provided in Al Alagaya and Al Kashafa sites, while outpatient SAM treatment is provided in Al Alagaya, Al Kashafa, Jouri and El Redis sites. There were also seven new admissions to the Stabilisation Centre in Al Kafasha. Supplies for both MAM and SAM treatment are adequate for the next month.
- 96 pregnant women were supplemented with folic acid. 67 mothers and caregivers were counselled and 1,115 home visits conducted to promote best infant feeding practices.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Technical agreements with implementing partners need to be finalized as a matter of priority given recent delays and a risk of interruption of nutrition interventions.

 Education

Achievements and Impact

- With the support of UNICEF, El Eithar and Rafaa organizations delivered and distributed textbooks to host community schools for a total 1,510 school children (one book for each student in grade 1 and 1 set for 2 students for other grades). 56 blackboards were also distributed to host community schools (of a total 88, which also included South Sudanese hosting sites. A remaining 12 blackboards will be delivered to Dabat Bosin and El Redis 2.
- Plan Sudan distributed school bags to 3,602 children among South Sudanese schools and host communities in Al Salaam locality (White Nile State).
- Child clubs have now been established by Plan Sudan in Jouri and Al Kashafa sites. Each club is composed of 40 students, and will be complemented by upcoming teacher training.
- Construction of semi-permanent schools and permanent schools in White Nile State (funded by UNICEF and UNHCR respectively) is now almost complete.
- The Ministry of Education in White Nile State has approached Comboni College (Khartoum) with a request to facilitate examinations for Grade 8 South Sudanese students who wish to be evaluated in English. These examinations are currently scheduled for March, 1st 2015.
- 5,065 South Sudanese children are currently enrolled in the existing five emergency schools as follows:

Site School	# Students	Remarks
Al Alagaya	508	
El Redis	1,528	Working in two shifts
Al Kashafa	1,474	Working in two shifts
Jouri School A	706	
Jouri School B	849	
Total	5,065	

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- While the Ministry of Education in White Nile State is managing recruitment, training and teacher salaries in host community schools, the issue of incentives for South Sudanese volunteer teachers remains unresolved. Food for work discussions are continuing with the World Food Program. UNHCR has also supported payment of incentives (through ADRA) until March.
- Accelerated learning (transitional education) is needed to support the transition of South Sudanese children to joint formal education. Programme modalities are under discussion with the White Nile State Ministry of Education.
- The Ministry of Education has prepared a preliminary budget to assess the educational situation of children with disabilities in all six sites in White Nile State. All partners have now agreed to combine this into one exercise assessing the issue of out of school children.

 Health

Achievements and Impact

- A total of 886 medical consultations were held this week in Al Kashafa site, along with 529 in Jouri, 587 in El Redis and 704 in Al Alagaya. Acute respiratory infection (ARI) remains the primary cause of attendance, followed by malaria, diarrhoea and eye infection.
- In Khartoum, the Commission for Voluntary and Humanitarian Work (with UNHCR) provided medical care to 22 children from Soba Kongor open area at the Turkish Hospital.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- The incidence of malaria has increased to account for 19% of attendances (compared to 15% last week). The Ministry of Health and World Health Organization are discussing preventative response.
- Given increased new arrivals and the establishment of two additional sites in White Nile state, prompt development of temporary health services in these new locations is required.



Logistics

Achievements and Impact

- Repair and extension of 250 metres of feeder road is underway (with UNHCR support) to improve access and mitigate other consequences of winter flooding on El Redis 1 and 2, White Nile State. The Sudanese Red Crescent Society (SRCS) has contracted a local road construction company, with works expected to be complete on 29 January.



Water and Sanitation

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Within the regular sector coordination meeting, WASH partners noted the need for establishment of modified latrines for persons with special needs in all sites in White Nile State. ASSIST will conduct a rapid needs assessment of vulnerabilities and numbers of affected beneficiaries. UNICEF has committed to then provide appropriate designs depending on key findings.
- A gap of approximately 80 block latrines is estimated in El Redis 2, with no new construction by partners this week. SIBRO has now committed to build 20 of the required blocks, with an additional 60 to be managed by WES.



Shelter and NFIs

Achievements and Impact

- In Khartoum, UNHCR's Protection Monitoring Team and CVHW jointly distributed ES/NFI assistance to five households following an accidental fire in Soba Block 11.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

Location	Total HHs	Total HHs assisted	Current Shelter Gap/per HH
Al Kashafa	1,804	1,431	373
El Redis	3,071	1,389	1,682
Jouri	2,032	1,839	193
Al Alagaya	1,898	1,504	394
El Redis 2	740	740	0
Dabat Bosin	500	500	0
Total	10,045	7,403	2,642

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

TOTAL 2014 REQUIREMENTS	\$113,565,811
FUNDING LEVEL (31st December 2014)	\$30,272,109
FUNDING PERCENTAGE	26.7%

The 2015 South Sudan Regional Refugee Response Plan was launched on 17th December 2014. Inter-agency requirements for Sudan amount to USD \$152.1 million for an anticipated 196,000 South Sudanese refugees in Sudan by end of year. No new contributions have been recorded as yet.

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programs with un-earmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

Contact:

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Links:

Regional portal-UNHCR South Sudan operation - <http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/country.php?id=204>

ANNEX 1 - SUDAN ARRIVALS FROM SOUTH SUDAN MAP



SUDAN: Arrivals from South Sudan | 15 December 2013 - 28 January 2015

Over **120,401** persons have arrived in Sudan from South Sudan

- 78,214 persons have received humanitarian assistance (specific assistance only)
- Sudan hosts an estimated 350,000 Southern Sudanese individuals following the separation of South Sudan from Sudan
- * Abyei PCA Box is estimated to have received 2,496 (IOM)

	Refugee arrivals from South Sudan	Percentage
White Nile	66,376	55%
Khartoum	32,138	27%
South Kordofan	14,203	12%
West Kordofan	3,859	3%
Blue Nile	3,661	3%
East Darfur	164	0.1%
Total	120,401	

- UNHCR Country Office
- UNHCR Sub Office
- UNHCR Field Office
- UNHCR Field Unit
- South Sudanese refugee sites
- Town of interest
- International boundary
- Undetermined boundary*
- State boundary
- Localities hosting South Sudanese

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.
 * Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. ** Final status of the Abyei area is not yet determined.
 Creation date: 28 January 2015 Sources: UNHCR, SRC, UNCS, UNDP
 Feedback: UNHCR Regional Support Hub in Nairobi kenrsgis@unhcr.org

