CRIME AND VIOLENCE
IN LATIN AMERICA
AND THE CARIBBEAN

By Diego M. Fleitas Ortiz de Rozas,
Germán Lodola and Hernán Flom

English Summary
Crime and Violence in Latin America and the Caribbean

Regional Country Profiles

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With the collaboration of Clara Pelly

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Institutional Information

The **Asociación para Políticas Públicas (APP)** is an independent and nonprofit civil society organization, registered in Argentina in 2002. Its mission is to promote more efficacy and transparency in Government management and public policy implementation, both at a local level and at the international level; by increasing knowledge, developing policies, and creating discussion and participation forums. Thus, APP has stood out for the successful promotion and design of firearms control policies, for leading international campaigns in international forums like the United Nations, and for carrying out research with great impact on the media and decision makers. [www.app.org.ar](http://www.app.org.ar)

**Action on Armed Violence (AOAV)** is a UK-based charity that works to reduce the incidence of armed violence and its impact on vulnerable populations around the world. AOAV has a successful track record in developing international law, global civil society networks, and local programs for weapon control, armed violence reduction and civilian protection. [www.aoav.org.uk](http://www.aoav.org.uk)

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1. Introduction

Latin America and the Caribbean is one of the regions most affected by violence and crime, but at the same time, has little available information about this problem. When data exist, it is not always presented in a comprehensive way, and usually suffers from reliability problems.

Consequently, this publication intends to provide detailed and comprehensive information about the problem of insecurity in the region, using three different data sources. This will help to ensure not only a broad perspective but also to compare and validate the scope and quality of the different sources. One reason for that approach is that another of the publication’s goals is precisely to contribute to a better understanding of the characteristics and limitations of security data.

This document is a translation of the publication written in Spanish “Delito y Violencia en América Latina y el Caribe”, where the reader can find a complete analysis, methodological notes, and a statistic Annex. Whereas this English version contains only the introduction, with a description of the main findings, and the “Country Profiles”, which provide detailed information about each country.

One of the information sources in this work is the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), which primarily receives crime statistics from National Polices or Justice Ministries. Another source is the Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), which collects mortality data from each country, including violent deaths, provided by national health systems, with a detail of event characteristics, as well as the victims’ age and sex.

The last source was the Americas Barometer survey – Lapop, coordinated by Vanderbilt University in 2012, which contains questions on personal victimization and citizens’ opinions on security, justice and the police in 24 countries from the region. The survey contains a sample of 38,631 cases.

Regarding the three sources, we not only verified the internal consistency of their data, but we also compared them in order to identify problems or understand their differences. In the Lapop and PAHO cases, we also worked directly with their databases.

In addition, this paper conducts statistical analyses to look for tentative explanations of, among other things, victimization levels, fear of crime, trust in the community and the police. We control these variables among themselves as well as with socio-demographic factors at the individual and aggregate (country) levels of analysis, conducting a cross-sectional comparison of countries, which can be found in the full Spanish version.

When presenting this complex amount of information, we intended that the content be interesting to both academics and policy makers, as well as for a lay audience. Therefore, in order to facilitate its comprehension, the literature and analyses used have an intermediate level of difficulty. Also to this end, we left some coefficients or statistical analyses in footnotes or in the Annexes.

One particularly original aspect of this publication will be to present a data sheet where the reader can see, in a snapshot, a crime and violence profile of each country, including socio demographic data, information on homicides, violent deaths, and other crimes. In addition, there are indicators of the citizens’ perception of security problems as well as their opinion on related institutions.

Finally, we include Appendices on the methodology used, and also a set of statistical data more detailed and comprehensive than that presented throughout the text (in the Spanish version), all of which we hope will be helpful for researchers interested in the subject, and would also allow them to verify our previous analysis, if they wish to do so.

It is noteworthy that, from the Caribbean region, we only take into account the cases of Haiti, Jamaica, Dominican Republic, and Trinidad and Tobago. Other countries or islands were not considered due to lack of sufficient information. In any case, as they tend to be small populations, their absence does not significantly
change the aggregate analysis. Anyway, to compensate their exclusion from the body of this work, the Statistical Annex contains some information about homicides on those islands.  

Within the research’s findings, it is worth to note the following ones:

**Homicides**

- 139,256 homicides occurred in Latin America and the Caribbean, representing an annual rate of 23.5 per 100,000, according to the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) in 2012.  
- Central America has the highest homicide rate, 26.5 per 100,000, while in South America the homicide rate is 22.6, and in the Caribbean is 19.5 per 100,000.  
- In the region homicides increased by 15% between 2008 and 2012, but their evolution was uneven. It increased in some countries, like Haiti, Mexico, Honduras and Panama, and decreased in others such as Ecuador, Costa Rica and El Salvador.  
- Over a longer period, from 2003 to 2012, there was a 99% increase in homicides in Central America, and of 42% in Venezuela, whereas in Colombia homicides fell 35%.

- In some countries, there are notable differences between the homicides data reported to UNODC and to the Pan American Health Organization (PAHO).
- Different explanations can be offered for this; for example in Chile, according to Health data records there are 43% more homicides than those reported by the Carabineros police, which could be caused by under-recording problems and the lack of unified police information systems.
- On the other hand, in Argentina the health system recorded 19% fewer homicide cases than the police, which could result from the use of residual categories, such as "firearm deaths of undetermined intent", to qualify events that are in fact homicides. This issue also occurs in other countries. However, that does not imply -in this case or in others- that police record systems are free of error or underreporting.
- One cannot establish a general rule about which source is the most reliable, so it is advisable to use both, to observe their weaknesses case by case, and to try to complement both sources in the analysis.

- According to calculations made using the Pan American Health Organization database, there were 110,849 homicide cases, at a rate of 20.8 per 100,000, in Latin America and the Caribbean, taking into account the latest year with available information.
- 91% of homicide victims were men (101,041 cases) and 9% women (9,704 cases).
- Young people are the main age group victimized in homicides; for example, there were 21,593 cases in the group from 20 to 24 years old (19.5%).
- The weight of each age group varies by country; thus, in Central American countries, the young and teenager groups have a relatively larger share of the victims, while in Colombia and Mexico the modal groups of victims are slightly older, which can be related to different conflicts or recruitment patterns: one more linked to gangs and the other to organized crime.

- 73% of homicides were committed with firearms (80,387 cases), according to calculations with PAHO data.
- The highest levels of homicide by country are associated to greater proportions of use of firearms.
- Though they do not entail a significant percentage of the total, it is worth highlighting that 269 homicides were committed with explosives.

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1 In the last year of available information, there were 1,832 homicides in the Caribbean islands not analyzed in this work, 978 cases were in Puerto Rico and 411 in Cuba, for more details see the statistic Annex.

2 All homicide data from the countries is of the year 2012, with the exception of Argentina which only has information till 2010, then regarding this country, the values of that last year were used in order to calculate the regional totals.
• More than ten thousand (10,161) firearm deaths of undetermined intent occurred in Latin America and the Caribbean, according to the PAHO. If one assumes that they are homicides and consequently adds them to this category, there would be 121,010 murders in the region, with a rate of 22.7 per 100,000, a figure similar to that reported by the UNODC.

Firearm Deaths

• 96,389 firearm deaths occurred in the region, which represents a rate of 18.1 per 100,000. This covers homicides, suicides, accidents, deaths of undetermined intent with those arms, and legal interventions, according to data from the PAHO.

Suicides

• There were 26,213 suicides in Latin America and the Caribbean according to PAHO data, from the latest year available, representing a rate of 4.9 per 100,000 h.
• 80% of suicide victims are men (20,860 cases), and 13% of the total were committed with firearms (3,475 cases).
• Uruguay is characterized by having high rates of suicides, 15.3 per 100,000, and by a high proportion of arms use (30%), which could be associated with the large firearm proliferation in the country.

General Victimization

• 18% of the population states they have been the victim of a crime in Latin America and the Caribbean; the victimization levels in the Andean region are the highest (25%), followed by South America (20%) and Central America (16%), according to the Americas Barometer – Lapop- processed database.
• There are broad differences in the victimization percentage between countries, which are not related to homicide levels.

Victimization by Robbery and Armed Robbery

• 14% of the population has been victim of a robbery in the region. This is the most common type of crime, according to Lapop.
• 4.9% of the total population has been the victim of armed robbery.
• There is a wide variation between countries in levels of robbery and the proportion of those carried out with arms. For example, in Venezuela 17.1% of surveyed individuals were the victim of a robbery, and 9.7% by armed robbery, while in Uruguay 18.9% were the victim of a robbery, but only 2.3% were victims of robberies with arms. This finding can partially explain the different levels of violence and homicides between both countries.
• There is a statistical relationship between the levels of armed robbery and levels of homicides in Latin American and the Caribbean countries. In this sense, the variation in armed robbery explains 36% of the increase in homicides.
• The robbery statistics in police reports informed by the countries to the UNODC, in many cases are not at all proportional to the victimization levels for that crime that arise from the LAPOP survey. Due to the magnitude of those differences, we can deduce that, beyond the crime dynamic, in some cases there may be serious recording problems.
Rape Victimization

- 87,589 rapes were reported in the region, at a rate of 16.4 per 100,000 according to UNODC data for the latest year available.
- This type of crime is particularly affected by underreporting and data problems. With this caveat in mind, it is worth pointing out that there appears to be notably higher rape rates in the Caribbean, Central American and Andean countries.

Perceptions about Security as a Problem

- 29% of the population states that security is the main problem in their country, according to the LAPOP survey. The countries with the highest concern about this issue were Venezuela, Trinidad and Tobago, and – surprisingly - Uruguay.
- There is not a direct statistical relation between victimization levels and the concern about insecurity in each country. That would also be affected by public opinion factors, and by the relative weight of other problems.
- Regression analysis pointed out that the larger perception of security as a problem is partly explained by higher levels of homicide and income, by country, and consequently it is associated less with concern over the economy. This implies for example that in countries with very low income, the main concern tends to be the economy, except when there are very high levels of crime.

Feeling of Insecurity

- 38.4 is the average index of feeling insecure in one’s neighborhood, which is higher in the Andean sub region according to Lapop.
- The feeling of insecurity is in part explained, at an individual level, by the fact that the neighborhood is affected by gangs, by lower interpersonal trust, by being the victim of a crime, and by a negative perception of the police force.
- A comparative and cross sectional analysis of the countries found that 72% of the variation in the levels of subjective insecurity would be explained by the perception that neighborhoods are affected by gangs, by trust in the community, and by victimization levels.

Trust in the Community and Crime

- Trust in the community, or interpersonal trust, is considered relevant, first because it is undermined by violence and crime, and second because its existence is an important condition not only to develop basic economic and social activities, but also to be able to carry out security policies.
- Regarding its distribution in the region, according to Lapop, there are lower levels of trust in the community in the Andean and Caribbean regions, but trust would be higher in the Southern Cone.
- At an individual level of analysis, the explanations for the lower interpersonal trust are first, perception of insecurity, followed in importance by the existence of gangs, the darker skin color of the interviewee, the perception that police are complicit with crime, and distrust in the judiciary, among others.
- At an aggregated and country level of analysis, the finding was that 64% of the negative variation of interpersonal trust was explained by lower percentages of literacy and a greater perception of neighborhood insecurity, which can be linked to the strong interrelationship between development, trust and security.
Trust in the Police, Crime and Corruption

- Confidence in the police is considered a very important condition for its effectiveness, since it facilitates cooperation and exchange of information with the community.
- In the region there are large variations of confidence, which is lower in the Andean and Caribbean regions. For example, it varies from an index of 29 in Honduras to 66 in Chile, according to Lapop.
- Distrust is mainly explained by the perception that the police are involved in crime, by the corruption of officials, and by the fact that the police asked the individual for a bribe.
- It is worth noting that these variables have more explanatory weight than those related to the broader insecurity situation or to individual victimization. The perception of police involvement in crime explains 74% of the variation of distrust in police, when analyzed in a comparative and cross sectional way across countries.
- 10.2% of the population in the region has suffered a bribe request by police officers. There are higher victimization percentages in the Andean region, and in the northern Central American countries, according to Lapop.

Effects of Crime: The Need to Move to another Neighbourhood

- To consider moving away from the neighborhood due to insecurity can be considered one the most meaningful indicators regarding the effects of crime.
- 12.9% of the population considered moving away from their neighborhood in Latin America and the Caribbean, according to Lapop. This percentage was particularly high in the Dominican Republic and in the Andean region.
- The probability of considering necessary to move away increases when gangs affect the neighbourhood, when there is a perception that it is insecure, and when one has been victimized, among other explanatory variables.

Following this synthesis of the study’s main findings, the next section presents the country profiles of twenty-four countries from the region, containing the main indicators on crime and violence, as well as perceptions on security and state security institutions. For additional details please consult the original document in Spanish.
2. Country Profiles on Crime and Violence
Argentina: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 41.1 m (Year 2012) GDP (per capita): 11,557 US$ (Year 2012)
Km2: 2.7 m Human Development Index UNDP: 0.811 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 2,237 (Year 2010)
Homicide Rate: 5.5 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)

Total Homicides: 1,787
Homicide Rate: 4.5 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Homicide Victims by Age Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>N°</th>
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<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
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Total Suicides: 2,910
Suicides Rate: 7.3 per 100,000 h

Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 49.5% (885 cases)
Homicides Victims by Sex

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<tr>
<th>N° &amp; %</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
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<td>Male</td>
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Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 22% (643 cases)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 1,050
Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 22
Legal Intervention: 2

Total Violent Deaths: 5,771
Total Deaths with Firearms: 2,602

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: 386,828 Rate: 974 per 100,000 h (Year 2008)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359

Rape: 3,367 Rate: 8.5 per 100,000 h (Year 2008)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 21.4%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%

% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 6.1%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%

% of Robbery Victimization: 17.7%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%

% Victims of Police Corruption: 9.5%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 39.8%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%

% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 38.8%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%

Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 47.7
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

% Need to move due to crime: 9.9%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%

Confidence in the Police - Index: 43.3
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3

Trust in the Community - Index: 62.2
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “CTS/Ministry of Justice” but it only reports till 2010. It is worth noting the disproportional number of firearm deaths of undetermined intent, what points out a mistake in their categorization; being most of them homicides in reality (see the general analysis section). Our estimation with health data sources is that in 2012, 2,857 homicides occurred with a rate of 6.9 per 100,000 h.
Belize: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 0.3 m (Year 2012)  GDP (per capita): 4,577 US$ (Year 2011)
Km2: 0.02 m
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.702 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 145 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 44.7 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Homicides Victims by Age Group

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
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<td>2012</td>
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Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)

Total Homicides: 84
Homicide Rate: 27.9 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 52.4 % (44 cases)

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

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Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 52.4 %

Homicides Victims by Sex

- Male: 74
- Female: 8

Total Suicides: 15
Suicides Rate: 5.0 per 100,000 h

Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 7% (1 caso)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 5

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: 447 Rate: 140.6 per 100,000 h (Year 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359
Rape: 27 Rate: 8.5 per 100,000 h (Year 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 11%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%

% of Robbery Victimization: 8.8%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%

% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 1.2%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%

% Victims of Police Corruption: 7.6%
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Confidence in the Police - Index: 51.4
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3

Trust in the Community – Index: 55.7
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “CTS/OAS”.

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<td>2012</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 52.4 %

Homicides Victims by Sex

- Male: 74
- Female: 8

Total Suicides: 15
Suicides Rate: 5.0 per 100,000 h

Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 7% (1 caso)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 5

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: 447 Rate: 140.6 per 100,000 h (Year 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359
Rape: 27 Rate: 8.5 per 100,000 h (Year 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 11%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%

% of Robbery Victimization: 8.8%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%

% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 1.2%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%

% Victims of Police Corruption: 7.6%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 19.8%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%

% Need to move due to crime: 9.7%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%

% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 39.9%
% in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%

Confidence in the Police - Index: 51.4
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3

Trust in the Community – Index: 55.7
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “CTS/OAS”.
Bolivia: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information
- **Population**: 10.5 m *(Year 2012)*
- **GDP (per capita)**: 2,576 US$ *(Year 2011)*
- **Km2**: 1,08 m
- **Human Development Index UNDP**: 0,675 *(Year 2012)*

### Homicides and Violent Deaths

**Source**: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

**Total Homicides**: **1,270** *(Year 2012)*

**Homicide Rate**: **12.1** per 100,000 h

*Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)*

**Source**: Pan American Health Organization *(Year 2009)*

**Total Homicides**: -

**Homicide Rate**: Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

### Total Suicides: -
### Suicides Rate: -

**Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent**: -

**Accidental Deaths with Firearms**: -

**Legal Intervention**: -

### Total Violent Deaths: -
### Total Deaths with Firearms: -

### Victimization in Other Crimes

**Source**: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime *(quantities and rates)*

**Robbery**: **11,872** Rate: 117.6 per 100,000 h *(Year 2011)*

*Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359*

**Rape**: **2,572** Rate: 25.5 per 100,000 h *(Year 2011)*

*Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6*

**Source**: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **% of Total Victimization (individual): 27.8%**
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
- **% of Armed Robbery Victimization**: 3.8%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%
- **% of Robbery Victimization**: 20.7%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
- **%Victims of Police Corruption**: 18.7%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

### Perceptions on Security and Institutions

**Source**: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **Security is the main problem in the country**: 20.2%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
- **% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood**: 44.8%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
- **Confidence in the Judiciary - Index**: 40.2
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47
- **% Need to move due to crime**: 16.6%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%
- **Confidence in the Police - Index**: 39.3
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3
- **Trust in the Community – Index**: 54.4
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “National Police”. It is worth noting the large difference between data reported by UNODC and by the OAS in another year. Bolivia does not count with OPS data.
Brazil: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Km²: 9.5 m Human Development Index UNDP: 0.730 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
Total Homicides: 50,108 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 25.2 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)
Total Homicides: 47,369
Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 71% (33,839 cases)
Homicide Rate: 24.5 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Total Suicides: 8,516
Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 12% (982 cases)
Suicides Rate: 4.4 per 100,000 h

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 2,204
Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 355
Legal Intervention: 307
War Operations: 1

Total Violent Deaths: 58,752
Total Deaths with Firearms: 37,687

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)
Robbery: 1,087,059 Rate: 552.8 per 100,000 h (Year 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359
Rape: 41,294 Rate: 21 per 100,000 h (Year:2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
% of Total Victimization (individual): 16.4%
% of Robbery Victimization: 12.1%
% of Total Victimization (individual): 18%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 14.4%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 6.5%
% of Victims of Police Corruption: 4.3%
% of Victims of Police Corruption: 4.9%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
Security is the main problem in the country: 19.7%
% Need to move due to crime: 10.9%
% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 36.9%
Confidence in the Police - Index: 51.6
Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 45.3
Trust in the Community – Index: 58
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “Anuario Brasileiro de Segurança Publica”. The casualty by “war operation” is probably caused by a mistake in the health information systems.
Chile: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 17.4 m (Year 2012)
Km2: 0.7 m
GDP (per capita): 15,363 US$ (Year 2012)
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.819 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 550 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 3.1 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)

Total Homicides: 903
Homicide Rate: 5.3 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

Homicides Victims by Sex

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>N°</th>
<th>Masculino</th>
<th>Femenino</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>10-14</td>
<td>6</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>15-19</td>
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<tr>
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<td>18</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Suicides: 2,148
Suicides Rate: 12.6 per 100,000 h

Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 6% (134 cases)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: -
Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 14
Legal Intervention: -

Total Violent Deaths: 3,065
Total Deaths with Firearms: 414

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: 91,982 Rate: 532.6 per 100,000 h (Year 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359

Rape: 3,590 Rate: 20.8 per 100,000 h (Year 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 14%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 1.1%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%

% of Robbery Victimization: 10.4%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
% Victims of Police Corruption: 1.8% %
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 34.3%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 38.3%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 47.7
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

% Need to move due to crime: 12.1%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%
Confidence in the Police - Index: 53.7
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3
Trust in the Community – Index: 62.1
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “CTS/NSO”. It is worth noting the difference between homicides reported by UNODC and by the PAHO. Interviewed experts considered that in Chile health data is more reliable than the police one, since this last one count only the reported by one force, the Carabineros.
Colombia: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 47.7 m (Year 2012)
GDP (per capita): 7,752 US$ (Year 2012)
Km²: 1.1 m
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.719 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 14,670 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 30.8 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2008)

Total Homicides: 16,921
Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 78% (13,125 cases)
Homicide Rate: 36.9 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

Total Suicides: 2,234
Suicides Rate: 4.9 per 100,000 h

Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 23% (509 cases)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 449
Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 46
Legal Intervention: 237
Operaciones de Guerra: 205

Total Violent Deaths: 20,092
Total Deaths with Firearms: 14,366

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: 63,440 Rate: 135.2 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359

Rape: 3,577 Rate: 7.6 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Victims of Police Corruption: 9.5%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 39.6%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%

% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 37.2%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%

Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 48.9
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

Need to move due to crime: 16%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%

Confidence in the Police - Index: 53.5 %
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3

Trust in the Community – Index: 64
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “National police/CTS”
Costa Rica: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 4.8 m (Year 2012)
Km2: 0.05 m
GDP (per capita): 9,391 US$ (Year 2012)
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.773 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 407 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 8.5 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2010)

Total Homicides: 409
Homicide Rate: 8.9 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<td>527</td>
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<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>407</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Homicides Victims by Age Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
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<td>5-9</td>
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<td>10-14</td>
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<td>15-19</td>
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</tr>
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<td>25-29</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>75+</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2010)

Total Suicides: 280
Suicides Rate: 6.1 per 100,000 h

Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 18% (51 cases)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 5

Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 4
Legal Intervention: -

Total Violent Deaths: 698
Total Deaths with Firearms: 331

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: 40,427 Rate: 855.3 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359

Rape: 1,641 Rate: 34.7 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 17.5%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 5.3%
%Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%
% of Robbery Victimization: 15.1%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
% Victims of Police Corruption: 4.9%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 41.5%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 36.5%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 46.8
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

% Need to move due to crime: 11.8%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%
Confidence in the Police - Index: 45.5
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3
Trust in the Community – Index: 66.6
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “CTS/Ministry of Justice/SES”
Ecuador: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information
Population: 15.5 m (Year 2012)  GDP (per capita): 5,456 US$ (Year 2012)  Km2: 0.2 m  Human Development Index UNDP: 0.724 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
Total Homicides: 1,924 (Year 2012)  Homicide Rate: 12.4 per 100,000  Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)
Total Homicides: 2,178  Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 65% (1,413 cases)
Homicide Rate: 14.8 per 100,000  Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Total Suicides: 965  Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 7% (72 cases)
Suicides Rate: 6.5 per 100,000

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 144
Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 10
Legal Intervention: -

Total Violent Deaths: 3,297  Total Deaths with Firearms: 1,639

Victimization in Other Crimes
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)
Robbery: 52,655  Rate: 386 per 100,000 h (Year: 2006)  Rape: 1,484  Rate: 10.9 per 100,000 h (Year: 2006)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359  Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
% of Total Victimization (individual): 28.1%  % of Robbery Victimization: 25.1%
% in Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%  % in Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%

% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 9.3%  %Victims of Police Corruption: 15.2%
% in Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%  % in Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions
Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
Security is the main problem in the country: 29.3%
% Need to move due to crime: 16.3%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%  % Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%

% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 44%
Confidence in the Police - Index: 53.7
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%  Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3

Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 42.9
Trust in the Community – Index: 59.9
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “CTS/OAS/SES/National police”. The official data on robbery and rape is not too up dated.
El Salvador: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information
Population: 6.3 m (Year 2012)  
GDP (per capita): 3,777 US$ (Year 2012)  
Km2: 0,2 m  
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.680 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 2,594 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 41.2 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)

Total Homicides: 3,763
Homicide Rate: 60,9 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Homicide Victims by Age Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>N°</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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</table>

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “National police/CTS”

Victimization in Other Crimes
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: 5,769  
Rate: 92.6 per 100,000 h (Year: 2009)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359

Rape: 326  
Rate: 5.2 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 17,4%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 5,1%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%

% of Robbery Victimization: 12,4%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
% Victims of Police Corruption: 5,6%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions
Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 49%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 43.8%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 50.1
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

% Need to move due to crime: 7%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%
Confidence in the Police - Index: 53.9
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3
Trust in the Community – Index: 59
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2
Guatemala: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information
Population: 15.1 m (Year 2012)  GDP (per capita): 3,368 US$ (Year 2012)
Km2: 0.1 m  Human Development Index UNDP: 0.581 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
Total Homicides: 6,025 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 39.9 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)
Total Homicides: 5,997
Homicide Rate: 42.9 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 83% (4,972 cases)

Homicides Victims by Age Group

Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 9% (45 cases)

Total Suicides: 510
Suicides Rate: 3.6 per 100,000 h

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 373

Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 176
Legal Intervention:

Total Violent Deaths: 7,056
Total Deaths with Firearms: 5,566

Victimization in Other Crimes
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)
Robbery: 9,539 Rate: 68.0 per 100,000 h (Year: 2009)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359

Rape: 401 Rate: 2.9 per 100,000 h (Year: 2009)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
% of Total Victimization (individual): 20.8%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 8.5%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%

% of Robbery Victimization: 17.2%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
% Victims of Police Corruption: 18%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions
Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
Security is the main problem in the country: 40.2%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%

% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 38.2%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%

Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 46.2
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

% Need to move due to crime: 9.9%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%

Confidence in the Police - Index: 34.9
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3

Trust in the Community – Index: 62
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “CTS/National police/OAS”
Guyana: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 0.8 m (Year 2012)
Km2: 0.2 m
GDP (per capita): 3,584 US$ (Year 2012)
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.636 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 135 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 17 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2010)

Total Homicides: 118
Homicide Rate: 15.2 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 47% (55 cases)

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

Homicides Victims by Age Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-24</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-29</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-34</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-39</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-44</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45-49</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-54</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55-59</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-64</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65-69</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-74</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75+</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Homicides Victims by Sex

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>N</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>94</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 1% (2 cases)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent:
- Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 1
- Legal Intervention: -

Total Violent Deaths: 288
Total Deaths with Firearms: 58

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: 1,191 Rate: 157.5 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359
Rape: 240 Rate: 31.7 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 8%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 1.6%
% of Robbery Victimization: 6.3%
% of Victims of Police Corruption: 13.3%

Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 5.5%
% Need to move due to crime: 7.1%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%

% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 34.7%
Confidence in the Police - Index: 45.8
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3

Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 56.4
Trust in the Community – Index: 65.9
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “NSO/CTS”
Haití: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information
Population: 10.2 m (Year 2012) GDP (per capita): 771 US$ (Year 2012)
Km2: 0.03 m Human Development Index UNDP: 0.456 (Year 2012)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Homicides and Violent Deaths</th>
<th>Evolution of Homicides (quantity)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Homicides: 1,033 (Year 2012)</td>
<td>1.033</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homicide Rate: 10.2 per 100,000 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Pan American Health Organization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Homicides:</th>
<th>Percentage of Homicides with Firearms:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homicide Rate:</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Suicides:</th>
<th>Percentage of Suicides with Firearms:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suicides Rate:</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent:</th>
<th>Legal Intervention:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Violent Deaths:</th>
<th>Total Deaths with Firearms:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Victimization in Other Crimes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Robbery: No data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% of Total Victimization (individual): 20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 6.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Need to move due to crime: 9.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 44.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of Robbery Victimization: 13.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of Victims of Police Corruption: 11.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confidence in the Police - Index: 62.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trust in the Community – Index: 40.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Perceptions on Security and Institutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Security is the main problem in the country: 6.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 44.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 41.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is "UN-PKO". The PAHO does not have mortality data about Haiti,
# Honduras: Crime and Violence Country Profile

## General Information
- **Population**: 7.9 m (Year 2012)
- **GDP (per capita)**: 2,264 US$ (Year 2012)
- **Km2**: 0.1 m
- **Human Development Index UNDP**: 0.632 (Year 2012)

## Homicides and Violent Deaths

### Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

**Total Homicides**: 7,172 (Year 2012)
- **Homicide Rate**: 90.4 per 100,000 h
- **Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean**: 23.6 (Year 2012)

### Source: Pan American Health Organization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Homicides</th>
<th>Percentage of Homicides with Firearms</th>
<th>Homicide Rate</th>
<th>Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>18.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Suicides</th>
<th>Percentage of Suicides with Firearms</th>
<th>Suicides Rate</th>
<th>Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>19.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent</th>
<th>Legal Intervention</th>
<th>Total Violent Deaths</th>
<th>Total Deaths with Firearms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Victimization in Other Crimes

### Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

- **Robbery**: 24,808 Rate: 319.9 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
- **Rape**: 1,794 Rate: 23.1 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)

### Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **% of Total Victimization (individual)**: 18.9%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
- **% of Armed Robbery Victimization**: 9.1%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%

- **% of Robbery Victimization**: 15.6%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
- **% Victims of Police Corruption**: 15.4%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

## Perceptions on Security and Institutions

### Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **Security is the main problem in the country**: 20.9%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
- **% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood**: 32.1%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
- **Confidence in the Judiciary - Index**: 36.7
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

- **% Need to move due to crime**: 15.3%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%
- **Confidence in the Police - Index**: 29
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3
- **Trust in the Community - Index**: 64
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “OCAVI/NSO”. The PAHO does not have mortality data about Honduras. An Honduran official pointed out that they have submitted a complaint regarding the UNODC information, but he did not provide additional details about it.
Jamaica: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 2.7 m (Year 2012)
GDP (per capita): 5,472 US$ (Year 2012)
Km²: 0.01 m
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.730 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 1,087 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 39.3 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)

Total Homicides: 19
Homicide Rate: 0.71 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Homicides Victims by Age Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>42%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-24</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-29</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-34</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-39</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-44</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45-49</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-54</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55-59</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-64</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65-69</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-74</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75+</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>79%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 8.5%
% of Robbery Victimization: 5.9%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 1.1%
% of Victims of Police Corruption: 4.4%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 38.5%
% Need to move due to crime: 12.4%

% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 28%
% Confidence in the Police - Index: 48

Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 52.6
Trust in the Community – Index: 60.5

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “CTS/National police/OAS”. In the PAHO data, the homicides number is very low; also they do not report suicides and accident levels looks inexact.
**México: Crime and Violence Country Profile**

### General Information
- **Population**: 120.8 m (Year 2012)
- **Km²**: 1.9 m
- **GDP (per capita)**: 9,742 US$ (Year 2012)
- **Human Development Index UNDP**: 0.775 (Year 2012)

### Homicides and Violent Deaths
**Source**: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

- **Total Homicides**: 26,037 (Year 2012)
- **Homicide Rate**: 21.5 per 100,000
- Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

**Source**: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)

- **Total Homicides**: 18,919
- **Homicide Rate**: 16.3 per 100,000
- Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

**Homicide Victims by Age Group**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Nº</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>1525</td>
<td>90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-24</td>
<td>2698</td>
<td>89%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-29</td>
<td>2887</td>
<td>88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-34</td>
<td>2704</td>
<td>87%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-39</td>
<td>2603</td>
<td>86%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-44</td>
<td>1753</td>
<td>85%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45-49</td>
<td>1214</td>
<td>84%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-54</td>
<td>889</td>
<td>83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55-59</td>
<td>605</td>
<td>82%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-64</td>
<td>403</td>
<td>81%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65-69</td>
<td>290</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-74</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>79%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75+</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>78%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>439</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Percentage of Homicides with Firearms**: 65% (12,265 cases)
- **Total Suicides**: 5,059
- **Suicides Rate**: 4.3 per 100,000
- **Percentage of Suicides with Firearms**: 12% (618 cases)

**Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent**: 699

**Accidental Deaths with Firearms**: 403

**Legal Intervention**: 3

**Total Violent Deaths**: 25,080

**Total Deaths with Firearms**: 13,985

### Victimization in Other Crimes
**Source**: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

- **Robbery**: 751,750 Rate: 654.9 per 100,000 (Year: 2011)
- **Rape**: 14,938 Rate: 13.0 per 100,000 (Year: 2011)

**Source**: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **% of Total Victimization (individual)**: 23.1%
- **% of Robbery Victimization**: 15.3%
- **% of Armed Robbery Victimization**: 5.7%
- **% Victims of Police Corruption**: 20.5%
- **% Need to move due to crime**: 15.2%

### Perceptions on Security and Institutions
**Source**: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **Security is the main problem in the country**: 31.9%
- **% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood**: 43.1%
- **Confidence in the Judiciary - Index**: 49

**% Average in Latin America and Caribbean**:

- 29.6%
- 38.3%
- 47

**Confidence in the Police - Index**: 39.9

**Trust in the Community – Index**: 56.3

**Notes**: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “NSO”,...
Nicaragua: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information
Population: 6 m (Year 2012)  GDP (per capita): 1,754 US$ (Year 2012)
Km2: 0.1 m  Human Development Index UNDP: 0.599 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
Total Homicides: 675 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 11.3 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2010)
Total Homicides: 353
Homicide Rate: 6.1 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Homicide Victims by Age Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>0-4</th>
<th>5-9</th>
<th>10-14</th>
<th>15-19</th>
<th>20-24</th>
<th>25-29</th>
<th>30-34</th>
<th>35-39</th>
<th>40-44</th>
<th>45-49</th>
<th>50-54</th>
<th>55-59</th>
<th>60-64</th>
<th>65-69</th>
<th>70-74</th>
<th>75+</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 50% (178 cases)

Total Suicides: 351
Suicides Rate: 6 per 100,000 h
Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 5% (19 cases)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 26
Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 9
Legal Intervention: -

Total Violent Deaths: 739
Total Deaths with Firearms: 232

Victimization in Other Crimes
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)
Robbery: 28,429 Rate: 491.2 per 100,000 h (Year: 2010)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359
Rape: 1,829 Rate: 31.6 per 100,000 h (Year: 2010)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
% of Total Victimization (individual): 13.5%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 4.2%
% of Robbery Victimization: 10.4%
% of Victims of Police Corruption: 5.5%

% Need to move due to crime: 12.4%
Confidence in the Police - Index: 60.5
Trust in the Community – Index: 61.5

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “National police/OAS”. There is a high difference of homicides number between the UNODC and PAHO.
Panamá: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 3.8 m (Year 2012)
Km²: 0.07 m

GDP (per capita): 9,534 US$ (Year 2012)
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.780 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 654 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 17.2 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)

Total Homicides: 795
Homicide Rate: 22 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 85% (674 cases)

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

Total Suicides: 178
Suicides Rate: 4.9 per 100,000 h

Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 11% (19 cases)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 4
Accidental Deaths with Firearms: -
Legal Intervention: 1

Total Violent Deaths: 978
Total Deaths with Firearms: 698

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: 9,668 Rate: 270 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359

Rape: 1,030 Rate: 28.8 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 6.9%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%

% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 2.3%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%

% of Robbery Victimization: 5.3%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%

% Victims of Police Corruption: 3.4%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 25.6%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%

% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 31.9%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%

Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 45.3
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

% Need to move due to crime: 7.3%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%

Confidence in the Police - Index: 60.2
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3

Trust in the Community – Index: 68
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is "National police"
Paraguay: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information
- Population: 6.7 m (Year 2012)
- GDP (per capita): 3,813 US$ (Year 2012)
- Km2: 0.4 m
- Human Development Index UNDP: 0.669 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
- Total Homicides: 649 (Year 2012)
- Homicide Rate: 9.7 per 100,000 h
  Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)
Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)
- Total Homicides: 664
- Homicide Rate: 10.5 per 100,000 h
  Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Homicide Victims by Age Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Nro</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
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<td>15-19</td>
<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td>20-24</td>
<td>114</td>
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<td>25-29</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-34</td>
<td>87</td>
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<td>35-39</td>
<td>72</td>
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<td>40-44</td>
<td>43</td>
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<td>45-49</td>
<td>53</td>
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<td>55-59</td>
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<tr>
<td>60-64</td>
<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>65-69</td>
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<tr>
<td>70-74</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75+</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Homicides Victims by Sex
- 69% Male
- 31% Female

Total Violent Deaths: 1,021
- Total Deaths with Firearms: 496

Victimization in Other Crimes
Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)
- Robbery: 13,514 Rate: 205.7 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
  Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359
- Rape: 1,263 Rate: 19.2 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
  Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6
Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
- % of Total Victimization (individual): 15.3%
  % Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
- % of Armed Robbery Victimization: 4%
  % Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%
- % of Robbery Victimization: 12.6%
  % Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
- % Victims of Police Corruption: 13.6%
  % Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions
Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
- Security is the main problem in the country: 21.3%
  Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
- % Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 29.8%
  % Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
- Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 36.9
  Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47
- % Need to move due to crime: 9.3%
  % Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%
- Confidence in the Police - Index: 41.6
  Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3
- Trust in the Community – Index: 67.1
  Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is "OAS/CTS"
Perú: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 30 m (Year 2012)
Km2: 1.3 m
GDP (per capita): 6,573 US$ (Year 2012)
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.741 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
Total Homicides: 2,865 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 9.7 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2007)
Total Homicides: 464
Homicide Rate: 1.6 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Evolution of Homicides (quantity)

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
Total Homicides: 464
Percentage of Homicides with Firearms: 37% (172 cases)

Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Total Suicides: 408
Suicides Rate: 1.4 per 100,000 h
Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 3% (12 cases)

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 87
Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 261
Legal Intervention: -

Total Violent Deaths: 1,220
Total Deaths with Firearms: 532

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)
Robbery: 48,785 Rate: 169.6 per 100,000 h (Year: 2009)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359
Rape: 6,751 Rate: 23.5 per 100,000 (Year: 2009)
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
% of Total Victimization (individual): 28.1%
% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 4.7%
% of Robbery Victimization: 23.3%
% of Victims of Police Corruption: 16.4%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012
Security is the main problem in the country: 30.3%
% Need to move due to crime: 16.3%
% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 48.6%
Confidence in the Police - Index: 40
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47
Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 39.7
Trust in the Community – Index: 50.3
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “CTS/National police/OAS”. According to an official from the “Consejo Nacional de Seguridad Ciudadana” in Perú, as a result of homicide data validation, they found out that their levels would be lower, with a rate of approximately 6.9 per 100,000 h,
**Dominican Rep.: Crime and Violence Country Profile**

**General Information**
- **Population**: 10.3 m (Year 2012)
- **GDP (per capita)**: 5,736 US$ (Year 2012)
- **Km²**: 0.05 m²
- **Human Development Index UNDP**: 0.702 (Year 2012)

### Homicides and Violent Deaths

**Source**: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

- **Total Homicides**: 2,268 (Year 2012)
- **Homicide Rate**: 22.1 per 100,000 h
- **Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean**: 23.6 (Year 2012)

**Source**: Pan American Health Organization

- **Total Homicides**: -
- **Homicide Rate**: -
  - Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

- **Total Suicides**: -
- **Suicides Rate**: -

- **Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent**: -
- **Accidental Deaths with Firearms**: -
- **Legal Intervention**: -

- **Total Violent Deaths**: -
- **Total Deaths with Firearms**: -

### Victimization in Other Crimes

**Source**: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime *(quantities and rates)*

- **Robbery**: 53,821
  - Rate: 572 per 100,000 h (Year: 2006)
  - Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359

- **Rape**: No data
  - Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

**Source**: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **% of Total Victimization (individual)**: 19.1%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
- **% of Armed Robbery Victimization**: 6.1%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%
- **% of Robbery Victimization**: 16.6%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
- **% Victims of Police Corruption**: 14.6%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

### Perceptions on Security and Institutions

**Source**: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **Security is the main problem in the country**: 30.1%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
- **% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood**: 43.6%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
- **Confidence in the Judiciary - Index**: 42.7
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47
- **% Need to move due to crime**: 21.6%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%

- **Confidence in the Police - Index**: 34.9
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3
- **Trust in the Community – Index**: 60.8
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “NGO (a)/SES/CTS”. The PAHO does not give mortality data about Dominican Republic.
Suriname: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

- **Population:** 0.5 m (Year 2012)
- **Km²:** 0.15 m²
- **GDP (per capita):** 8.864 US$ (Year 2012)
- **Human Development Index UNDP:** 0.684 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

**Source:** UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

**Total Homicides:** 33 (Year 2012)

- **Homicide Rate:** 6.1 per 100,000 h
- **Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean:** 23.6 (Year 2012)

**Source:** Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)

**Total Homicides:** 36

- **Homicide Rate:** 6.9 per 100,000 h
  
  **Homicide Victims by Age Group**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Nro</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-24</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-29</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-34</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-39</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-44</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45-49</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-54</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55-59</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-64</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65-69</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-74</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75+</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Suicides:** 132

- **Suicides Rate:** 25.4 per 100,000 h
- **Percentage of Suicides with Firearms:** 4% (5 cases)

**Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent:** 5

**Accidental Deaths with Firearms:** 1

**Legal Intervention:** -

**Total Violent Deaths:** 174

**Total Deaths with Firearms:** 13

Victimization in Other Crimes

**Source:** UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

- **Robbery:** No data
  
  **Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean:** 359

- **Rape:** 223
  
  **Rate:** 23.5 per 100,000 h (Year: 2004)
  
  **Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean:** 19.6

**Source:** Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **% of Total Victimization (individual):** 15%
  
  **% Average in Latin America and Caribbean:** 18%

- **% of Armed Robbery Victimization:** 2%
  
  **% Average in Latin America and Caribbean:** 4.9%

- **% of Robbery Victimization:** 12.9%
  
  **% Average in Latin America and Caribbean:** 14.4%

- **% Victims of Police Corruption:** 5%
  
  **% Average in Latin America and Caribbean:** 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

**Source:** Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **Security is the main problem in the country:** 11.8%
  
  **Average in Latin America and Caribbean:** 29.6%

- **% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood:** 48.6%
  
  **Average in Latin America and Caribbean:** 38.3%

- **Confidence in the Judiciary - Index:** 64.2
  
  **Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean:** 47

- **% Need to move due to crime:** N/D
  
  **Average in Latin America and Caribbean:** 13%

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data in 2012 is “WHO”, for previous years it is the “OAS”. The levels of homicides are notably low, whereas of the suicides are high in relation to the region. Also, the decrease of homicides looks abnormal, what makes necessary to explore if that occurs in the reality or if there is an statistical problem.
Trinidad & Tobago: Crime and Violence Country Profile

**General Information**

- **Population**: 1.3 m (Year 2012)
- **GDP (per capita)**: 17,934 US$ (Year 2012)
- **Km2**: 0.05 m
- **Human Development Index UNDP**: 0.636 (Year 2012)

---

### Homicides and Violent Deaths

**Source**: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

- **Total Homicides**: 379 (Year 2012)
- **Homicide Rate**: 28.3 per 100,000 h
  - Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

**Source**: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2007)

- **Total Homicides**: 420
- **Homicide Rate**: 32.1 per 100,000 h
  - Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

#### Homicide Victims by Age Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Nro</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>9.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>20-24</td>
<td>82</td>
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<tr>
<td>25-29</td>
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<td>0.4</td>
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<tr>
<td>70-74</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75+</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Total Suicides**: 131
- **Suicides Rate**: 10 per 100,000 h
  - Percentage of Suicides with Firearms: 2% (3 cases)

- **Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent**: 5
- **Accidental Deaths with Firearms**: 3
- **Legal Intervention**: 25

- **Total Violent Deaths**: 584
- **Total Deaths with Firearms**: 354

---

### Victimization in Other Crimes

**Source**: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

- **Robbery**: 3,718 Rate: 276.2 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
  - Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359
- **Rape**: 200 Rate: 14.9 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)
  - Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

**Source**: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **% of Total Victimization** (individual): 15.6%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%
- **% of Armed Robbery Victimization**: 3.5%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%
- **% of Robbery Victimization**: 10.4%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%
- **%Victims of Police Corruption**: 6.7%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

---

### Perceptions on Security and Institutions

**Source**: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

- **Security is the main problem in the country**: 55.9%
  - Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%
- **% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood**: 30.5%
  - % Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%
- **Confidence in the Judiciary - Index**: 42.9
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

- **% Need to move due to crime**: 13.8%
  - % Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%
- **Confidence in the Police - Index**: 32.5
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3
- **Trust in the Community – Index**: 58
  - Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

---

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is “OAS/CTS”,

---

![Map of Trinidad & Tobago](image)
### Uruguay: Crime and Violence Country Profile

#### General Information
- **Population:** 3.4 m (Year 2012)
- **GDP (per capita):** 14,449 US$ (Year 2012)
- **Km²:** 0.18 m
- **Human Development Index UNDP:** 0.792 (Year 2012)

#### Homicides and Violent Deaths
**Source:** UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Homicides: 267 (Year 2012)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Homicide Rate:</strong> 7.9 per 100,000 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** Pan American Health Organization (Year 2009)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Homicides: 172</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Homicide Rate:</strong> 5.1 per 100,000 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Homicide Victims by Age Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Nro</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>31.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
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<td>63.6</td>
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<td>47.1</td>
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<td>20-24</td>
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<td>56.9</td>
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<td>25-29</td>
<td>18</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>30.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75+</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>16.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Suicides: 514</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Suicides Rate:</strong> 15.3 per 100,000 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Percentage of Suicides with Firearms:** 30% (154 cases)

#### Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent:
- **2**

#### Accidental Deaths with Firearms:
- **66**

#### Legal Intervention:
- **-**

#### Total Violent Deaths:
- **754**

**Total Deaths with Firearms:** 309

#### Victimization in Other Crimes
**Source:** UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Robbery: 14,936</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rate:</strong> 441.9 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rape: 227</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rate:</strong> 6.7 per 100,000 h (Year: 2011)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% of Total Victimization (individual): 22.8%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 2.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of Robbery Victimization: 18.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Victims of Police Corruption: 3.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Perceptions on Security and Institutions
**Source:** Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security is the main problem in the country: 39.1%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 38.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 52.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% Need to move due to crime: 8.9%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confidence in the Police - Index: 52.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trust in the Community – Index: 66.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:** The original UNODC source for homicides data is “Ministry of Interior/SES”,
Venezuela: Crime and Violence Country Profile

General Information

Population: 30 m (Year 2012)
GDP (per capita): 12,766 US$ (Year 2012)
Km2: 0.9 m
Human Development Index UNDP: 0.748 (Year 2012)

Homicides and Violent Deaths

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

Total Homicides: 16,072 (Year 2012)
Homicide Rate: 53.7 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 23.6 (Year 2012)

Source: Pan American Health Organization (Year 2007)

Total Homicides: 9,478
Homicide Rate: 34.3 per 100,000 h
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 18.9

Total Suicides: 896
Suicides Rate: 3.2 per 100,000 h

Firearm Deaths of Undetermined Intent: 5,070
Accidental Deaths with Firearms: 45
Legal Intervention: 163

Total Violent Deaths: 15,652
Total Deaths with Firearms: 13,824

Victimization in Other Crimes

Source: UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (quantities and rates)

Robbery: No data
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 359

Rape: No data
Average Rate in Latin America and Caribbean: 19.6

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

% of Total Victimization (individual): 19.4%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 18%

% of Robbery Victimization: 17.1%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 14.4%

% of Armed Robbery Victimization: 9.7%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 4.9%

% Victims of Police Corruption: 7.8%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 10.2%

Perceptions on Security and Institutions

Source: Americas Barometer. LAPOP - 2012

Security is the main problem in the country: 64.7%
Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 29.6%

% Feeling of Insecurity in the Neighborhood: 47.6%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 38.3%

Confidence in the Judiciary - Index: 47.8
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47

% Need to move due to crime: 15.7%
% Average in Latin America and Caribbean: 13%

Confidence in the Police - Index: 37.6
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 47.3

Trust in the Community – Index: 60.2
Average Index in Latin America and Caribbean: 60.2

Notes: The original UNODC source for homicides data is an “NGO”, what implies that it is not an official source. It is worth noting the high levels of death with firearms of undetermined intent. If they are added to homicides data by health sources, that results in a figure very similar to the informed by UNODC for the respective year.
For a more complete information please consult the full version in Spanish

“Delito y violencia en América Latina y el Caribe: Perfil de los países de la región”