

Charter for Change:

Localisation of Humanitarian Aid

We the undersigned organisations, working in humanitarian action welcome the extensive consultations and discussions which have been generated during the World Humanitarian Summit process. We believe that now is the time for humanitarian actors to make good on some of the excellent recommendations arising through the WHS process by committing themselves to deliver change within their own organisational ways of working so that southern-based national actors can play an increased and more prominent role in humanitarian response.

In the case of international NGO signatories we commit our organisations to implement the following 8 point Charter for Change by May 2018.

In the case of southern-based NGOs working in partnership with international NGOs we endorse and support this Charter for Change. We will be holding our international NGO partners which have signed this Charter to account and asking those which are not signatories to this Charter to work towards signing up:

- 1. Increase direct funding to southern-based NGOs for humanitarian action:** At present only 0.2% of humanitarian aid is channelled directly to national non-government actors (NGOs and CSOs) for humanitarian work – a total of US\$46.6 million out of US\$24.5 billion¹. We commit through advocacy and policy influence to North American and European donors (including institutional donors, foundations and private sector) to encourage them to increase the year on year percentage of their humanitarian funding going to southern-based NGOs. We commit that by May 2018 at least 20% of our own humanitarian funding will be passed to southern-based NGOs.² We commit to introduce our NGO partners to our own direct donors with the aim of them accessing direct financing.
- 2. Reaffirm the Principles of Partnership:** We endorse, and have signed on to, the Principles of Partnership, (Equality, Transparency, Results-Oriented Approach, Responsibility and Complementarity) introduced by the Global Humanitarian Platform in 2007.
- 3. Increase transparency around resource transfers to southern-based national and local NGOs:** A significant change in approaches towards transparency is needed in order to build trust, accountability and efficiency of investments channelled to national actors via international intermediaries. We commit to document the types of organisation we cooperate with in humanitarian response and to publish these figures (or percentages) in our public accounts using a recognised categorisation such as the GHA³ in real-time and to the IATI standard⁴
- 4. Stop undermining local capacity:** We will identify and implement fair compensation for local organisations for the loss of skilled staff if and when we contract a local organisation's staff involved in humanitarian action within 6 months of the start of a humanitarian crisis or during a protracted crisis, for example along the lines of paying a recruitment fee of 10% of the first six months' salary

¹ See <http://devinit.org/#!/post/global-humanitarian-assistance-report-2015-2>

² Either national NGOs or local NGOs as defined by the GHA categorisation, see footnote 3.

³ GHA defines 5 categories of NGOs: international NGOs, southern international NGOs, affiliated national NGOs (which are part of an INGO), national NGOs and local NGOs. See <http://www.globalhumanitarianassistance.org/report/gha-report-2014> page 119

⁴ Fully respecting security and not necessarily publishing the names of individual partners in conflict contexts.

5. **Emphasise the importance of national actors:** We undertake to advocate to donors to make working through national actors part of their criteria for assessing framework partners and calls for project proposals.
6. **Address subcontracting:** Our local and national collaborators are involved in the design of the programmes at the outset and participate in decision-making as equals in influencing programme design and partnership policies.
7. **Robust organisational support and capacity strengthening:** We will support local actors to become robust organisations that continuously improve their role and share in the overall global humanitarian response. We undertake to pay adequate administrative support. A test of our seriousness in capacity building is that by May 2018 we will have allocated resources to support our partners in this. We will publish the percentages of our humanitarian budget which goes directly to partners for humanitarian capacity building by May 2018.
8. **Communication to the media and the public about partners:** In any communications to the international and national media and to the public we will promote the role of local actors and acknowledge the work that they carry out, and include them as spokespersons when security considerations permit.

Signed by: (INGOs)

CAFOD (Catholic Agency for Overseas Development)

Caritas Denmark

Caritas Norway

Christian Aid

Danish Church Aid

Diakonie Katastrophenhilfe

Help – Hilfe zur Selbsthilfe

Endorsed by: (National NGOs)

Access Development Services (India)

ACT Alliance (Global)

Adamawa Peace Initiative (Nigeria)

ADES – Agences de Développement Economique et Social ONG (Chad)

Adeso (Kenya)

Adult Literacy Centre (Malawi)

Africa Humanitarian Action (Ethiopia)

Akkar Network for Development (Lebanon)

Amel Association (Lebanon)

American University of Nigeria (Nigeria)
Association Tunisienne De Défense des droits de l'enfant (Tunisia)
Caritas Bangladesh (Bangladesh)
Center for Disaster Preparedness Foundation (Philippines)
Centre for Legal Empowerment (Kenya)
Center of Resilient Development (Nepal)
Centro Intereclesial de Estudios Teologicos y Sociales (CIEETS) (Nicaragua)
Church's Auxiliary for Social Action (India)
Coastal Association for Social Transformation Trust (Bangladesh)
Community World Service Asia (Pakistan)
Coordination, Rehabilitation and Development Service (Afghanistan)
EcoWEB (Philippines)
Emergency Pastoralist Assistance Group – Kenya (Kenya)
Forum Bangun Aceh (Indonesia)
Foundation for Rural Development (Pakistan)
Groupe d'action de Paix et de formation pour la Transformation (GAPAFOT) (Central African Republic)
Health Link South Sudan (South Sudan)
Humanitarian Development Consortium (South Sudan)
Iranian Lifequality Improvement Association (Iran)
InterAid (Uganda)
Jindal School of International Affairs (India)
Jordan Hashemite Charitable Organisation (Jordan)
Lawyers for Human Rights (South Africa)
Legal Resources Centre (South Africa)
Libyan Humanitarian Relief Agency (Libya)
Lutheran World Service India Trust (India)
Mavi Kalem Social Assistance and Charity Association (Turkey)
Mercy Malaysia (Malaysia)

Nuba Relief Rehabilitation and Development Organization (Kenya)
OFADEC (Senegal)
People's disaster risk reduction network, inc. (Philippines)
Seeds India (India)
Settlement Council of Australia (Australia)
Shaik Tahir Azzawi Chaity Organization (Libya)
SHARP – Pakistan Society for Human Rights and Prisoners' Aid (Pakistan)
Strengthening Participatory Organisation (Pakistan)
The Federation of Ethnic Communities' Councils of Australia (Australia)
The Indonesian Society for Disaster Management (Indonesia)
Youth Leadership Forum and Giving Back Movement (Indonesia)
Zanjireh Omid International Charity Institute (Iran)
Zion Emergency and Disaster Rescue Unit (ZEDRU) (Philippines)

To sign or endorse this Charter for Change please email admin@charter4change.org with the full name of your organisation by October 1st 2015.

July 2015