

Cameroon: Population displacement due to violence against civilians (as of 20 March 2015)



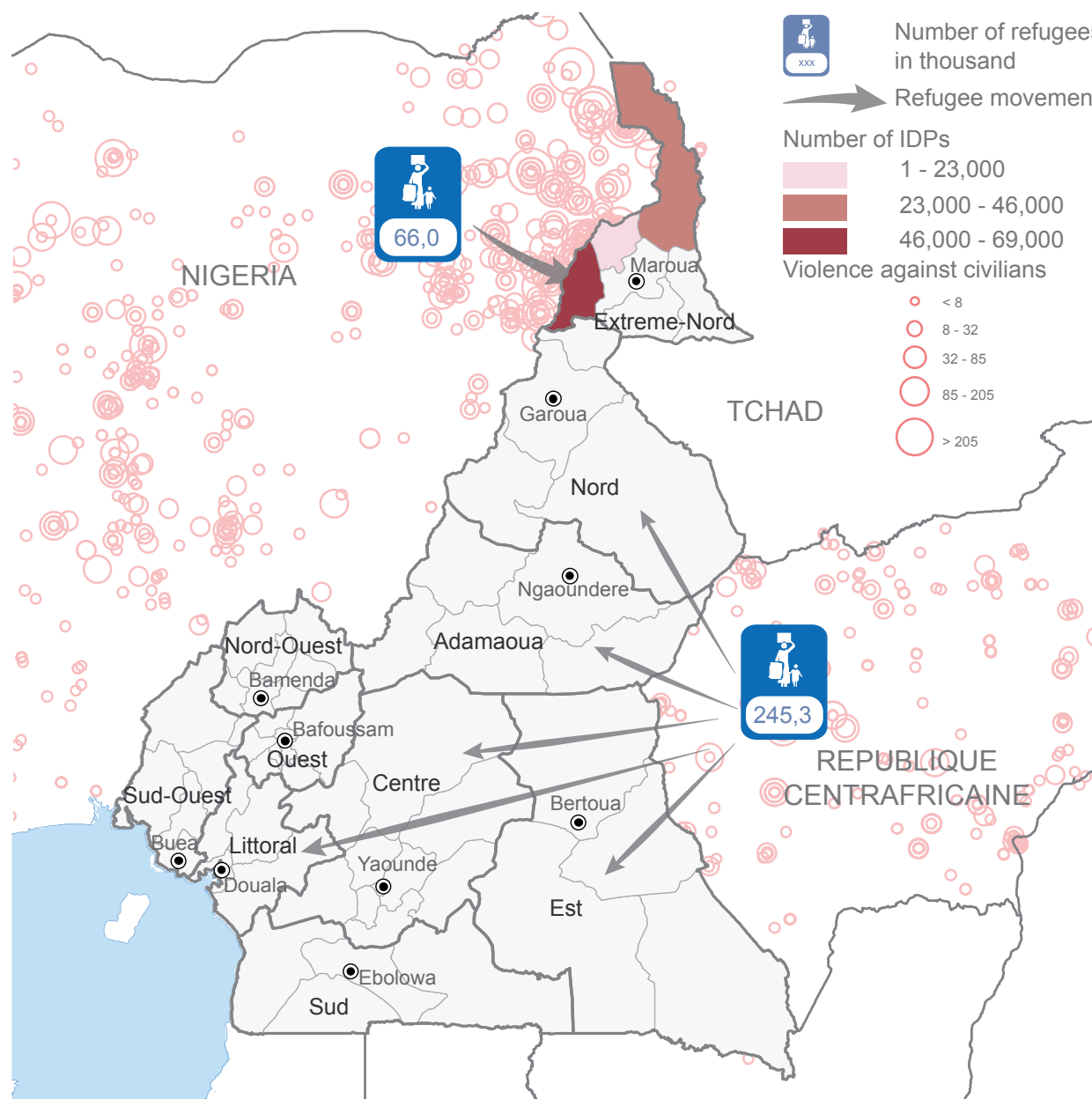
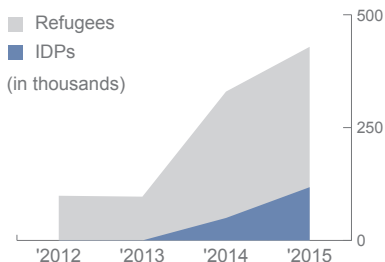
Four regions in Cameroon (Est, Nord, Adamaoua, Extreme Nord) are deeply affected by the crises in neighbouring Nigeria and the Central African Republic (CAR). Cameroon now hosts a total of 311,000 Nigerian and CAR refugees. In addition, Boko Haram attacks and insecurity along the Nigerian border in the Far North Region have caused further internal displacements. Meanwhile, the refugee and IDP influx is overstressing host communities' limited resources and basic services in addition to worsening vulnerabilities.

117,700
Internally displaced persons

311,000
refugees

245,300 CAR refugees
including 138,400 new arrivals since December 2013

66,000 Nigerian refugees



HUMANITARIAN NEEDS AND RESPONSE

With the recent increase of IDPs and refugees in the Far North Region, and the deterioration of the humanitarian situation, including those of host communities, humanitarian actors are scaling up response. However, additional funding and operational response capacity are needed to adequately address the multi-sector needs of the affected populations.

94% of the 70,000 Nigerian refugees planned in the 2015 SRP have been reached in February.

57,700 additional IDPs identified out of the 60,000 planned in the 2015 SRP.

Funding requirements for 2015

264 million is required for the response in Cameroon. \$7 million will be allocated to Cameroon by the CERF, which is part of a regionally coordinated \$28 million rapid-response allocation targeting humanitarian operational agencies working for the Nigerian crisis.

264 million requested for all the response (SRP 2015)

113.6 million requested for the Northern regions in Cameroon*