

Key Messages: UPDATED

- **People confirmed to have COVID-19: 4***
- **People who are presumptive for COVID-19: 10***
- **People who have tested negative for COVID-19: 121***
- **Key concern: border crossing areas in the country's west**

* No updates since 8 March 2020

(Source: Ministry of Public Health of Afghanistan)

Situation Overview: UPDATED

As of 9 March 2020, a total of 109,343 people have been confirmed to have contracted COVID-19 and 3,809 people have reportedly died across 104 countries. On 28 February, WHO increased its assessment of the risk of spread and the risk of impact of COVID-19 to “very high” at the global level – its top level of risk assessment. WHO reminds all countries and communities that the spread of this virus can be significantly slowed or even reversed through the implementation of robust containment and control activities. The increasing spread of the virus from and within Italy, Iran and South Korea remains a concern. Travel restrictions by countries are changing rapidly and should be monitored on daily basis.

On 24 February, Afghanistan’s Ministry of Public Health (MoPH) reported that one person with COVID-19 had been confirmed in the western province of Hirat. On 7 March, three additional people in Hirat were confirmed with the virus. Public health officials reported that all but one case had a previous travel history to Iran. Contact tracing for the people confirmed with COVID-19 is ongoing. It is reported that all schools in Hirat are closed and public gatherings banned until further notice. As of 8 March, MoPH is investigating 10 people presumptive for COVID-19 (see table below). The clinical condition of the people confirmed as having COVID-19 and those presumptive for the virus is good. All 10 people presumptive for COVID-19 are being kept in isolation wards. Local authorities in Hirat recently decided to move the current Paediatric Hospital (located in the eastern part of the city) to Hirat Regional Hospital, so the paediatric hospitals’ facilities can be used as isolation wards.

PROVINCE	CONFIRMED	PRESUMPTIVE
Hirat	4	3
Nimroz	-	2
Samangan	-	2
Kabul	-	1
Nangarhar	-	1
Wardak	-	1
TOTAL:	4	10

Response UPDATED

The focus of activities in Afghanistan is on both preparedness and containment. MoPH is working closely with WHO, Health Cluster partners, IOM and other relevant stakeholders to rapidly expand in-country preparedness and containment capacity, to strengthen detection and surveillance capacity at points-of-entry into Afghanistan, such as airports and border-crossing sites (especially in the west), and to continue the training of medical staff on case-management, risk communication and community engagement. The level of support and activities in all key areas will need to be expanded rapidly to manage the further spread of the disease.

As of 2 March, MoPH has 1,600 screening tests and 150 confirmation tests available in-country. Additionally, MoPH has established five committees for the surveillance of COVID-19 at the national and provincial level: Points of Entry Committee; Population Surveillance Committee; Data Management Committee; National COVID-19 Contact Tracing Committee; and the Lab Surveillance Committee.

There is a need to strengthen sanitation and hygiene promotion at the Sharak-e-Sabz displacement site. UNICEF has installed temporary washing stations for returnees (citizens of Afghanistan) at screening facilities and will, in the coming days, construct permanent WASH facilities at the Islam Qala border crossing.

Cross Border Concerns: **UPDATED**

As of 9 March, there are six people confirmed to have COVID-19 in Pakistan. In Iran, health officials have reported that 6,566 people have COVID-19 and 194 people have died after contracting the virus.

On 7 March, the Spin Boldak border crossing was closed by both Afghan and Pakistani border police, reportedly in connection with COVID-19. The border will remain closed until Monday, 16 March. However, Pakistan's main border crossing with Afghanistan - the Torkham border crossing - remains open. The Islam Qala (Hirat) and Milak (Nimroz) border crossings are also open. IOM reports that the flow of spontaneous returnees (citizens of Afghanistan) from Iran remains high due to the rapid spread of COVID-19. Awareness raising and evidence-based sensitisation on COVID-19 facts remain key gaps and require further strengthening.

IOM and WHO are actively supporting response activities with MoPH to address preparedness and emergency coordination actions in the border provinces with Iran and Pakistan (Nangarhar, Kandahar, Nimroz and Hirat). Support includes: secondment of staff for cross border surveillance; material support; publication of MoPH and WHO Information, Education and Communication (IEC) materials; billboards; community-level awareness raising and sensitisation efforts through health education sessions and Displacement Tracking Matrix focus group discussions; and use of IOM transit facilities as temporary isolation/quarantine spaces.

Education

All schools in Hirat – including temporarily learning spaces (TLS) and community-based education (CBE) – are suspended until further notice to help contain the spread of COVID-19 (although public schools and universities are currently closed for winter break and are expected to resume on 22 March).

WHO Key Message – 10 basic things to do:

- Clean your hands regularly with an alcohol-based hand rub, or wash them with soap and water;
- Clean surfaces regularly with disinfectant – for example kitchen benches and work desks;
- Educate yourself about COVID-19. Make sure your information comes from reliable sources;
- Avoid traveling if you have a fever or cough, and if you become sick while on a flight, inform the crew immediately. Once you get home, make contact with a health professional and tell them about where you have been;
- Cough or sneeze into your sleeve, or use a tissue. Dispose of the tissue immediately into a closed rubbish bin, and then clean your hands;
- Take extra precautions to avoid crowded areas if you are over 60 years old, or if you have an underlying condition;
- If you feel unwell, stay at home and call your doctor or local health professional;
- If you are sick, stay at home, and eat and sleep separately from your family, use different utensils and cutlery to eat;
- If you develop shortness of breath, call your doctor and seek care immediately;
- It's normal and understandable to feel anxious, especially if you live in a country or community that has been affected. Find out what you can do in your community. Discuss how to stay safe with your workplace, school or place of worship.

Coordination:

Global/Regional **UPDATED**

- WHO Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean (EMRO) country support missions to Afghanistan is scheduled for 15 March. The mission team will support WHO Afghanistan in four major areas: surveillance and contact tracing; risk communication; infection prevention and control; and points of entry.

National

- WHO together with the Health Cluster has developed and is implementing a COVID-19 Preparedness Plan to complement the MoPH *Emergency Response Plan for Coronavirus 2020* and additional funding is currently being sought for this plan.
- The Inter-Cluster Coordination Team held its second meeting on Sunday, 1 March, to discuss COVID-19 response and preparedness activities. It was agreed that the current WHO preparedness plan would be updated to cover response activities and include more inter-sectoral components. This project is being led by WHO.

Sub-national

- WHO and OCHA Western Region (Hirat) are supporting the DoPH and humanitarian partners to scale-up their response to COVID-19. OCHA Afghanistan's Head of Office was in Hirat on 1-3 March where, with WHO and IOM colleagues, he met with the Provincial Governor, the Director of DoPH, and humanitarian partners, and visited the Islam Qala border crossing and Sharak-e-Sabz displacement site.

Funding:

- On 24 February, EU committed €232 million for global efforts to tackle COVID-19 outbreak. Part of these funds will be allocated immediately, while some will be released in the coming months.
- According to media reports, on 25 February, the Government of Afghanistan announced the availability of US\$15 million to respond to COVID-19 outbreak and an additional US\$10 million in reserve funds for MoPH.
- On 26 February, the UN Humanitarian Coordinator, supported by the Advisory Board of the Afghanistan Humanitarian Fund (AHF), allocated US\$1.5 million for urgently required COVID-19 preparedness and response capacity in-country.
- On 1 March, the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator released US\$15 million from the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) to support global efforts to contain the COVID-19 virus. The funding will help countries with fragile health systems boost their detection and response operations.
- On 3 March, the World Bank announced an initial package of up to US\$12 billion in loans and grants in immediate support to countries coping with the health and economic impacts of COVID-19. The World Bank support will prioritise the poorest countries and those at high risk with low capacity.

More Information

WHO

- WHO situation dashboard: <https://experience.arcgis.com/experience/685d0ace521648f8a5beeeee1b9125cd>
- General information: <https://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus>
- Advice for public: <https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/advice-for-public>
- Global surveillance for human infection with coronavirus disease: [https://www.who.int/publications-detail/global-surveillance-for-human-infection-with-novel-coronavirus-\(2019-ncov\)](https://www.who.int/publications-detail/global-surveillance-for-human-infection-with-novel-coronavirus-(2019-ncov))
- Advice for international travel and trade: <https://www.who.int/ith/2020-24-01-outbreak-of-Pneumonia-caused-by-new-coronavirus/en/>
- Introduction to COVID-19 online course: <https://openwho.org/courses/introduction-to-ncov>
- WHO Afghanistan Twitter page: <https://twitter.com/WHOAfghanistan>
- COVID-19 myth busters: <https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/advice-for-public/myth-busters>
- When and how to use masks: <https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/advice-for-public/when-and-how-to-use-masks>
- Social stigma associated with COVID-19: https://www.epi-win.com/sites/epiwin/files/content/attachments/2020-02-24/COVID19%20Stigma%20Guide%2024022020_1.pdf
- IEC material (in English, Dari and Pashtun): <https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/en/operations/afghanistan/health/documents/publication-date/2020?search=COVID-19%20Poster>

United Nations

- Medical services around the globe for UN staff: <https://hr.un.org/page/medical-services-around-globe>
- Recommendations developed by UN Medical Directors: https://hr.un.org/sites/hr.un.org/files/Coronavirus_RMP_2020-03-02_FINAL_0.pdf
- Information and guidelines specifically for UN personnel: <https://hr.un.org/page/coronavirus-disease-covid-19>

Inter-Agency Standing Committee

- Key mental health and psychosocial support considerations in relation to the COVID-19 outbreak: <https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/iasc-reference-group-mental-health-and-psychosocial-support-emergency-settings/briefing-note-about>

IATA **UPDATED**

- For the latest available information on travel restrictions, please see table and link below: <https://www.iatatravelcentre.com/international-travel-document-news/1580226297.htm>

DIRECT AIR LINKS WITH AFGHANISTAN	CONFIRMED COVID-19 CASES	RELATED DEATHS	CURRENT STATUS
India	39	0	-
Iran	6,566	194	-
Kuwait	64	0	-
Pakistan	6	0	-
Saudi Arabia	15	0	Tourist visas issued to passengers arriving from Afghanistan are no longer accepted.
Tajikistan	-	-	Passengers who have transited through or have been in Afghanistan in the past 14 days are not allowed to transit or enter Tajikistan.
Turkey	-	-	-
UAE	45	0	-
Uzbekistan	-	-	-

Social Media Campaign

Starting from 5 March, WHO are seeking your support to help mobilize global action by joining the new campaign to urge people to “Be Ready” for the new #coronavirus, #COVID19 by sharing the latest advice to keep people safe, reassured and informed. This will be an ongoing drive to share helpful, action-driven information to protect your health and all those around you. To start, please:

- Retweet [this WHO campaign launch message](#) from your organizational and personal accounts using the following reply, or a variation:
 - All of the @UN is joining in solidarity with @WHO, as they help the world fight #COVID19. Through Being Safe, Smart & Kind we will Be Ready for the new #coronavirus. Learn more about how to prepare at www.who.int/COVID-19*
- Share the following social media post and attached social media tile:
 - Speed is of the essence. We must “Be Ready” for the new #coronavirus today. Look out for the most common symptoms for #COVID19: fever, dry cough & shortness of breath. Find out other ways to prepare for the virus by reading the latest @WHO advice: www.who.int/COVID-19*

For further information, please contact:

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*** The next update will be published on 11 March 2020 unless there is a significant change in the situation ***