MONTHLY OVERVIEW

WASH

- EVD team participated in marking the 16 days of activism against gender based violence from 25th November to 10th December.
- Conducted end of year review meetings with volunteers from Yei SSRRC, Yei Airstrip, Attende, Marakonye and Gimunu.
- Supplied IPC/WASH materials to five health facilities (Kerwa PHCC, Morobo PHCC, Kaya PHCC, Rhodoba PHCU and Khorjiho PHCU).
- IOM team continued to support IPC/WASH activities at the 15 PoEs (Yei Airstrip, SSRRC, Kaya, Sala Musala, Morobo, Bazi, Kerwa, Pure, Khorjiho, Khar Kaya, Bori, Berigo, Nimule check-point, Nimule river docking and Juba Airstrip), as well as seven health facilities (Yei state hospital, Kaya PHCC, Rhodoba PHCU and Khorjiho PHCU).
- IOM team continued to support IPC/WASH activities at the 15 PoEs (Yei Airstrip, SSRRC, Kaya, Sala Musala, Morobo, Bazi, Kerwa, Pure, Khorjiho, Khar Kaya, Bori, Berigo, Nimule check-point, Nimule river docking and Juba Airstrip), as well as seven health facilities (Yei state hospital, Kaya PHCC, Rhodoba PHCU and Khorjiho PHCU). Two IOM supported health facilities (Lasu PHCC, Kinkwa PHCC) remain suspended following a security incident on 27th October 2019. As part of the support to health facilities, IOM conducted health facility assessments in seven health facilities and supplied various IPC/WASH materials to Panyume PHCC in Kajokeji County and Yei State hospital.

DTM

- Twenty-two EVD-dedicated FMPs continued operating at the borders with DRC, Uganda and CAR, of which six are operated in cooperation with DTM Uganda on the Ugandan side of the border. Lasu and Tokori FMPs (Yei County) remained inactive due to security constraints.
- IOM delivered a presentation to the EVD National Strategy Workshop on the results of Flow Monitoring and of the two Participatory Mapping Exercises held in Yei and Juba. The presentation focused on prioritizing mobility corridors, points of entry, and points of congregation deemed at high risk of EVD transmission based on the collected evidence on flows from EVD-affected areas, healthcare seeking behavior and other flows at-risk.

HEALTH

- Active screening ongoing in 17 active IOM-supported PoEs sites in Yei river, Jubek, Wau and Torit states.
- Renovation of Nimule PoE.
### Programme Updates

#### Health

**Individuals Screened for EVD at PoE Sites**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Locations</th>
<th>Individuals Screened This Month</th>
<th>Cumulative Screenings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bazi</td>
<td>4,761</td>
<td>68,365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birgo</td>
<td>4,774</td>
<td>48,524</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birgi</td>
<td>4,268</td>
<td>32,029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaya</td>
<td>17,179</td>
<td>217,847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kerwa</td>
<td>6,869</td>
<td>89,196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khorjo</td>
<td>8,403</td>
<td>130,390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khorjo</td>
<td>15,718</td>
<td>117,819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lasu</td>
<td>6,598</td>
<td>2,665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Okaba</td>
<td>22,365</td>
<td>90,122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pure</td>
<td>15,801</td>
<td>175,789</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silla-Musala</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>139,645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tokori</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>6,057</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yei Airport</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>1,404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yei SSRRC</td>
<td>388</td>
<td>2,752</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isiabi</td>
<td>1,404</td>
<td>3,946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juba Airport</td>
<td>18,845</td>
<td>140,452</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nimule</td>
<td>115,818</td>
<td>217,847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nimule River</td>
<td>3,436</td>
<td>140,452</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wau Airstrip</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>4,277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Movcon Airstrip</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>203</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The number of inbound travelers screened in December was 243,263 compared to 95,769 in November. This represents a 154% increase in the number of inbound travelers compared to the previous reporting period. The number of travelers who underwent secondary screening also increased from 241 in November to 336 in December. The travelers who underwent secondary screening were found with non-EVD fevers and were treated for common illnesses like malaria, typhoid and pneumonia, among others. Despite the numbers of inbound travelers screened, three PoEs including Tokori, Lasu and Isiabi did not operate for epidemiological weeks 49, 50, 51 and 52 after they were closed due to insecurity. Nimule PoE had the highest number of inbound travelers in December, with Yei airport reporting the least number of inbound travelers. IOM continues participating actively in EVD related national and state coordination mechanisms through participation in the SAG, NTF, STF and health cluster meetings, among others.

#### WASH

During the reporting period, IOM continued hygiene promotion activities in and around all the 14 locations (Attendee, Marakonye, Yei SSRRC, Gimunu, Morobo, Kaya, Pure, Khorjo, Silla-Musala, Birki, Kerwa, Bazi, Birgi, Busia/Khor-Kaya). Hygiene promotion sessions also continued at schools, markets and water points, reaching approximately 10,326 individuals (2,843 women, 2,195 men, 2,430 boys and 2,858 girls). There was 35% decrease in the number of people reached compared to the previous reporting period. The number of travelers who underwent secondary screening also increased from 241 in November to 336 in December.

#### DTM

DTM continued surveying people on arrival to South Sudan from DRC, Uganda and CAR at 22 Flow Monitoring Points. Tokori and Lasu FMPs in Yei County remain inactive as a result of the prevailing security conditions.

In total, 23,055 individual movements were surveyed in December on arrival to South Sudan, a slight increase from 22,330 in November, partly explained by the temporary suspension in operations at Bazi and Okaba FMPs during the first half of November. The main regions of departure were Koboko (35.3%) and Ituri (20.1%) in DRC, while the main reported counties of destination were Morobo (50.6%), Kajo-Keji (14.9%) and Juba (11.9%). Most respondents reported South Sudanese nationality (60.5%), followed by Ugandan (33.1%). Economic reasons (42.5% of respondents), and family-related travel (15.2%) were the main reported reasons for travel, with a further 10.6% travelling to access healthcare in South Sudan. Most movements related to short-term circular flows, with 62.0% of respondents reporting an intended duration of stay in South Sudan of one week or less.
PLANS FOR JANUARY 2020

DTM

- DTM will continue operating 19 EVD-dedicated FMPs. Staff at Lasu and Tokori FMPs, where operations have been suspended for security reasons, will be retained until the end of January 2020, while IOM continues monitoring the situation in the area for possible improvements. Two of the six FMPs operated on the Ugandan side of the border (Busia and Panjala FMPs) were de-prioritized following analysis of the data showing a lack of significant high-risk flows, confirmed by a field assessment, and operations were concluded on 31 December. With the exception of the Nimule / Elegu FMP, where the Ugandan side of the border is better suited for data collection for both operational and access reasons, the remaining FMPs operated in cooperation with DTM Uganda will be moved to the South Sudanese side, in proximity to the existing PoE screening sites.

HEALTH

- Renovation of the new PoEs previously operated by WHO.
- Continue support of four health facilities to prevent, detect and report suspected EVD cases.
- Continue with monitoring and supportive supervision of existing PoEs and ensure functionalities as per the SOP.
- Conduct refresher training for staff in the new PoEs.
- Continue as Co-lead for BH & PoE TWG at national level and provide technical support for partners implementing PoE screening activities.
- Participate at national and state level coordination meetings and forums.
- Strengthen cross boarder collaboration.

SECURITY & ACCESS ISSUES

- Armed fighting was reported in Lasu on 13 December 2019 during the morning hours. The IOM PoE in Lasu was looted and all items at the PoE were taken. During the same attack, the health facility was also looted of all medicines and medical supplies. IOM team in Yei visited the PoE site and the Health facility in Lasu on 19 December 2019.
- IOM activities remain suspended in the three locations of Isebi, Lasu and Tokori due to the security situation.
- Road access to Khorijo and Bori is limited due to poor road conditions as a results of continuous rain. This has interrupted social mobilization activities in the community.
- Communities have reported the limitation in telecommunication coverage as a major challenge to accessing the 6666 hotline while trying to report alerts or seek support from EVD teams whenever there are concerns.

WASH

- Conduct a KAP survey to evaluate the impact of the various community engagement and social mobilization activities, with a particular focus on hygiene promotion as a means for knowledge and behavior change for EVD risk reduction among communities.
- Continue providing IPC/WASH support to the IOM managed PoEs in Yei, Juba, Nimule and Wau as well as the seven IOM supported health facilities.
- Conduct community engagement meetings in Bazi, Okaba, Bori and Berigo.
- Conduct Key Informant and Community Leadership trainings in Bazi, Okaba, Busia, Bori and Berigo.
- Support IPC/WASH training of healthcare workers in IOM supported Health facilities.
- Complete construction of two blocks of two stance bathrooms and repair four blocks of flush toilets at Yei state hospital.
- Complete construction of three stance pit latrines at Nimule ground crossing and at Nimule docking station.
- Complete repair of secondary screening shades at Khor kaya and Berigo.
- Support the structural assessment at Morobo hospital and Rodoba PHCU in Morobo county.
- Continue supporting the overall South Sudan EVD preparedness activities at the high risk states and at the National level.

COORDINATION NOTES

- IOM continues to actively participate in the national level coordination meeting including the Strategic Advisory Group (SAG), Technical Working Groups (TWGs), National Task-force (NTF) and State Task Forces (STFs), IPC/WASH, Border Health and Points of Entry (BH & PoE), Epi & Surveillance, Risk Communications Social Mobilization and Access and Security Technical Working Groups (STWGs). IOM also attends weekly STF meetings as well as the monthly coordination meetings in Morobo and Kajo-Keji counties.
- IOM continues to participate in other weekly state and county coordination meetings with OCHA, partners and other stakeholders.
- IOM conducts regular monitoring and supportive supervision at all the PoE sites.