

2019 HUMANITARIAN NEEDS OVERVIEW

The humanitarian crisis in Yemen remains the worst in the world. Nearly four years of conflict and severe economic decline are driving the country to the brink of famine and exacerbating needs in all sectors. An estimated 80 per cent of the population - 24 million people - require some form of humanitarian or protection assistance, including 14.4 million who are in acute need. Severity of needs is deepening, with the number of people in acute need a staggering 27 per cent higher than last year. Two-thirds of all districts in the country are already pre-famine, and one-third face a convergence of multiple acute vulnerabilities. The escalation of the conflict since March 2015 has dramatically aggravated the protection crisis in which millions face risks to their safety and basic rights.



OCHA/Giles Clarke

ESTIMATED POPULATION



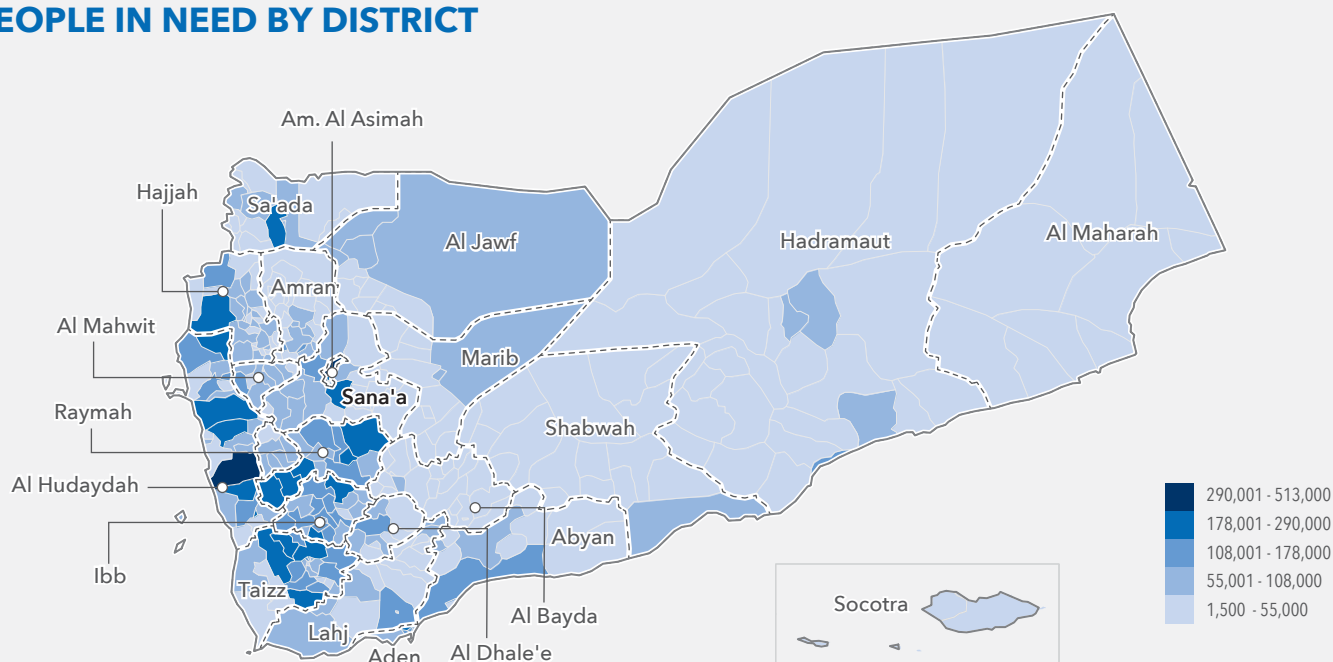
TOTAL PEOPLE IN NEED



TOTAL PEOPLE IN ACUTE NEED



PEOPLE IN NEED BY DISTRICT



DRIVERS OF THE CRISIS

Disruption to economic activities

\$49.9Bn Cumulative losses (equivalent to over 50% of GDP) during 2015 - 2018

40% Inflation in 2018 (highest since beginning of the crisis)

81% Share of the population below the poverty line

Extreme exchange rate fluctuation

65% Losses in Yemeni Rial value against US dollar compared with late 2017

60% Increase in minimum food basket cost in 2018

Average food prices **150% higher** than before the crisis

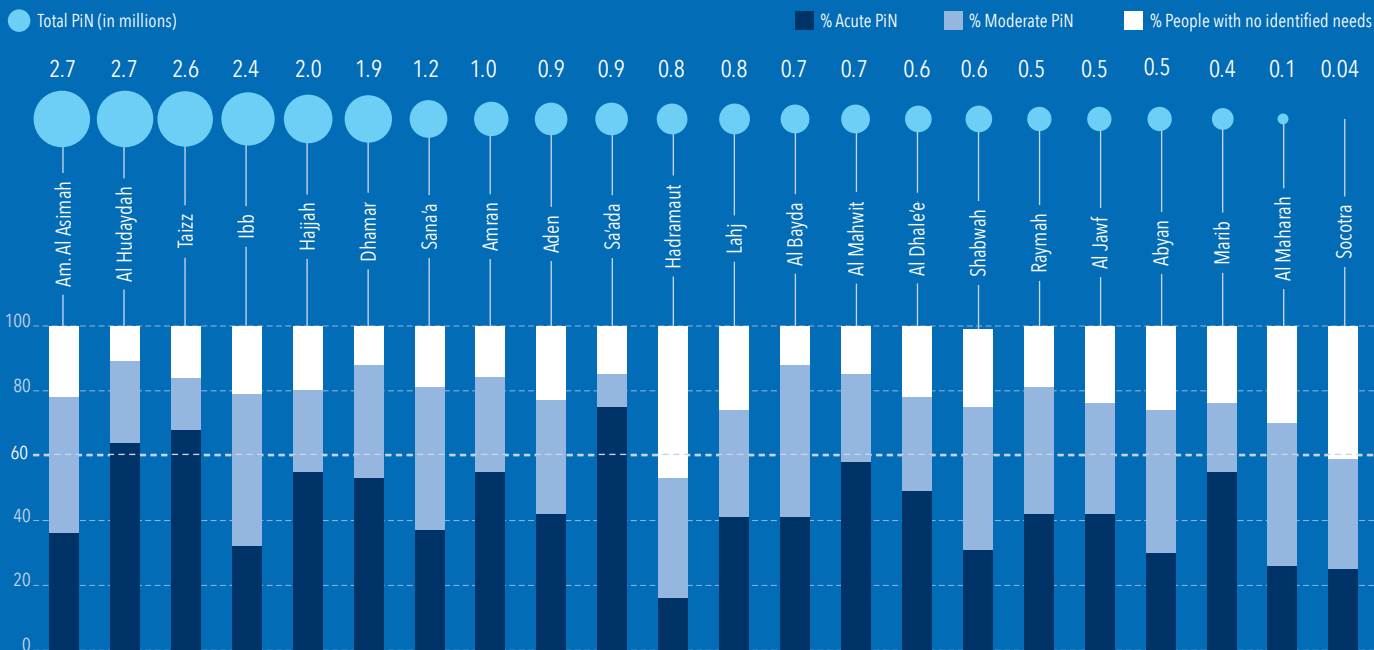
Import restrictions

Monthly volumes of food imports are currently

20%

lower than pre-blockade period (Nov 2016 - October 2017)

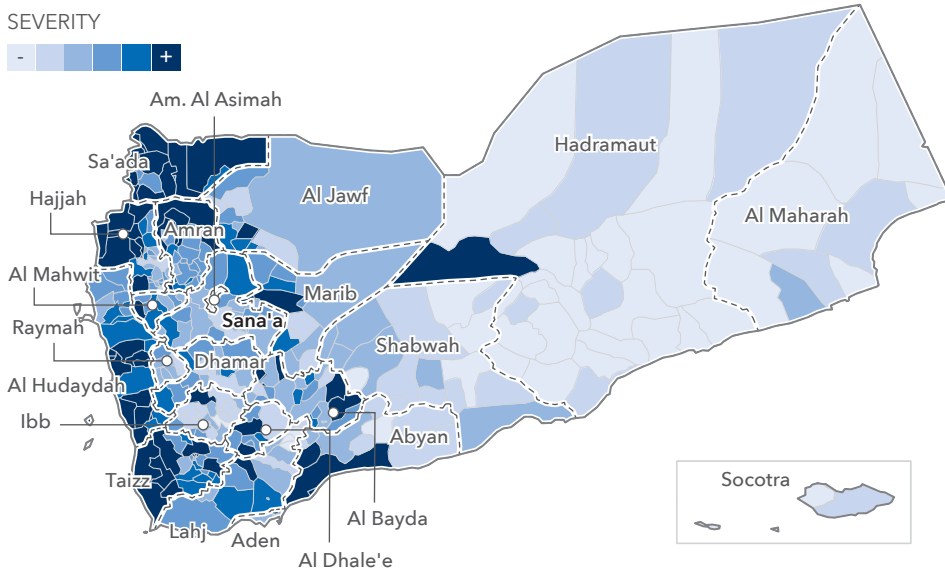
% PEOPLE IN NEED (PIN), ACUTE AND MODERATE NEED BY GOVERNORATE



SEVERITY OF NEEDS

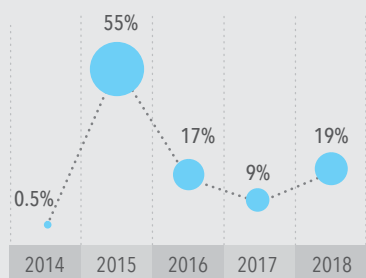
The most severe needs across multiple sectors are concentrated in areas of ongoing conflict or areas with large numbers of IDPs and returnees. Many of these areas were contending with chronic and existing vulnerabilities in terms of food security, nutrition, water and healthcare before the current crisis. Nearly four years of conflict have exacerbated these challenges, pushing millions more into humanitarian need.

2019 Severity of needs by district



IDPS/RETURNEES/HOST COMMUNITY

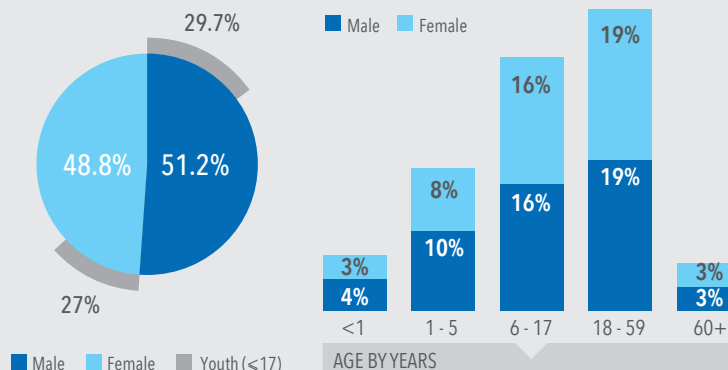
% of IDPs by year of displacement



*The increase from 2million last year is due to new displacement in 2018 (685,000) and verification exercise of existing caseload

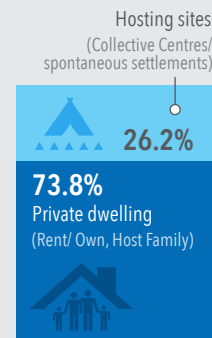
Source: Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) area assessment 2018

IDPs by Sex and Age



Source: Multi-Cluster Location Assessment (MCLA) 2018

% of IDPs by housing type



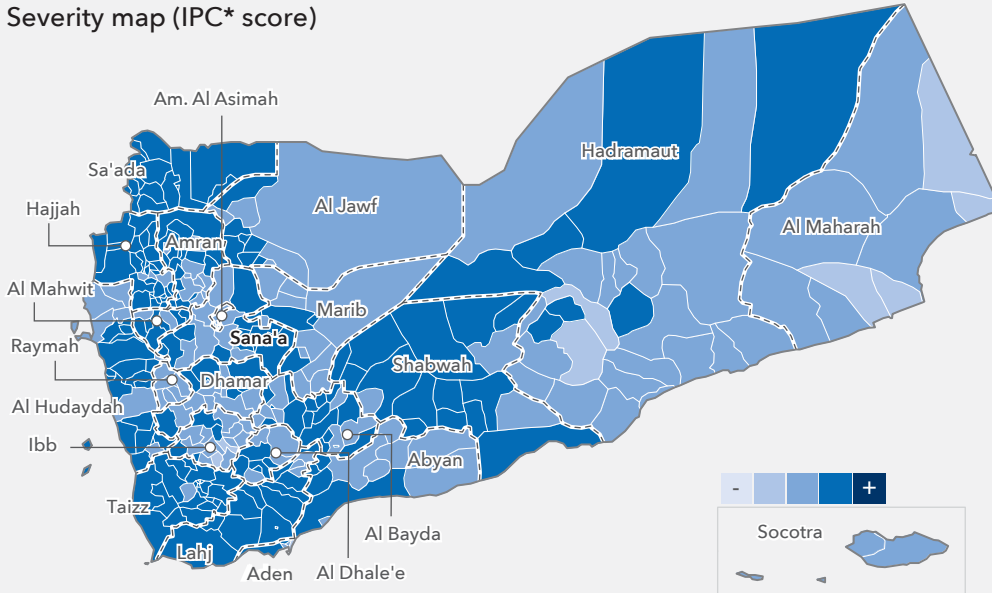
Source: Multi-Cluster Location Assessment (MCLA) 2018



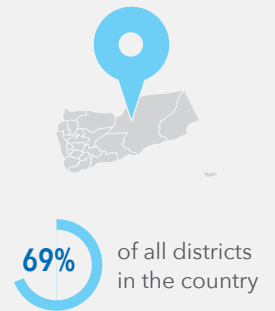
FAMINE PREVENTION

The risk of famine in Yemen is intensifying and requires an integrated analysis and response. Based on analysis of food security, nutrition, WASH and health conditions, partners estimate that 230 districts (69 per cent of all districts in the country) are currently at heightened risk of sliding into famine. An estimated 18.7 million people live in these districts, including 7.4 million who need life-saving food and livelihoods assistance, 8.3 million people in acute of WASH support and nearly 8.9 million who are in acute need of healthcare. In addition, 3 million people need nutrition assistance, including 2 million acutely malnourished children under age 5.

Severity map (IPC* score)



230 districts at heightened risk of famine



*Integrated Food Security Phase Classification
Source: Fodd Security Cluster

CHOLERA



1,359,504

Suspected cases
Including 311,288 since 1 Jan 2018



2,760

Associated deaths
Including 401 since 1 Jan 2018



0.21%

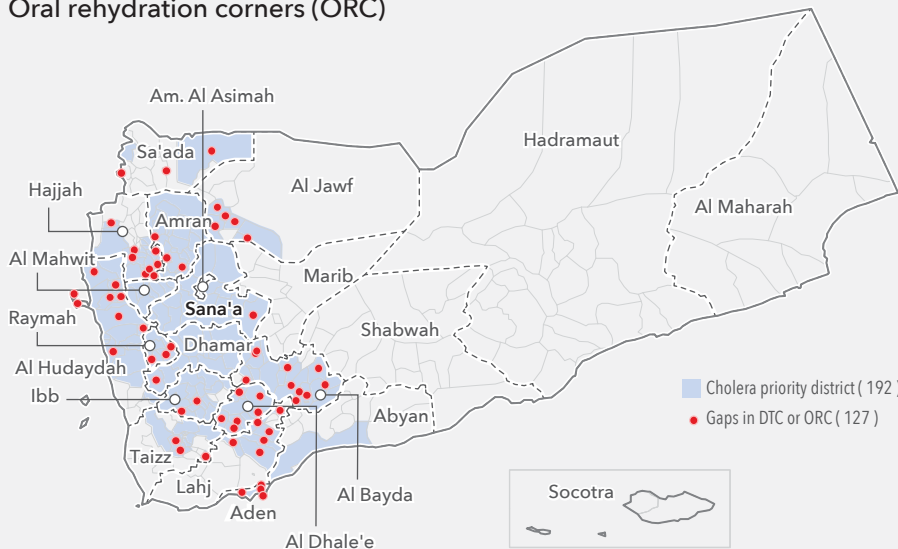
Case fatality rate
0.13% since 1 Jan 2018



92%

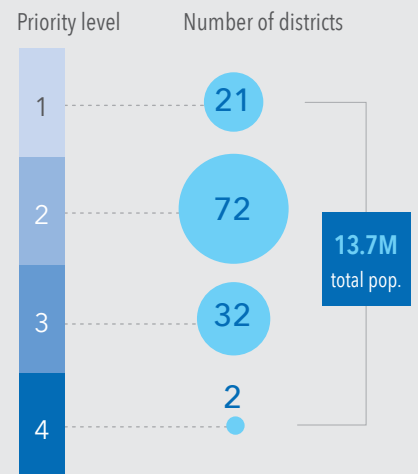
Districts affected
306 / 333 districts in 21/22 governorates

Cholera priority districts with gaps in Diarrhoea Treatment Centres (DTC)/ Oral rehydration corners (ORC)



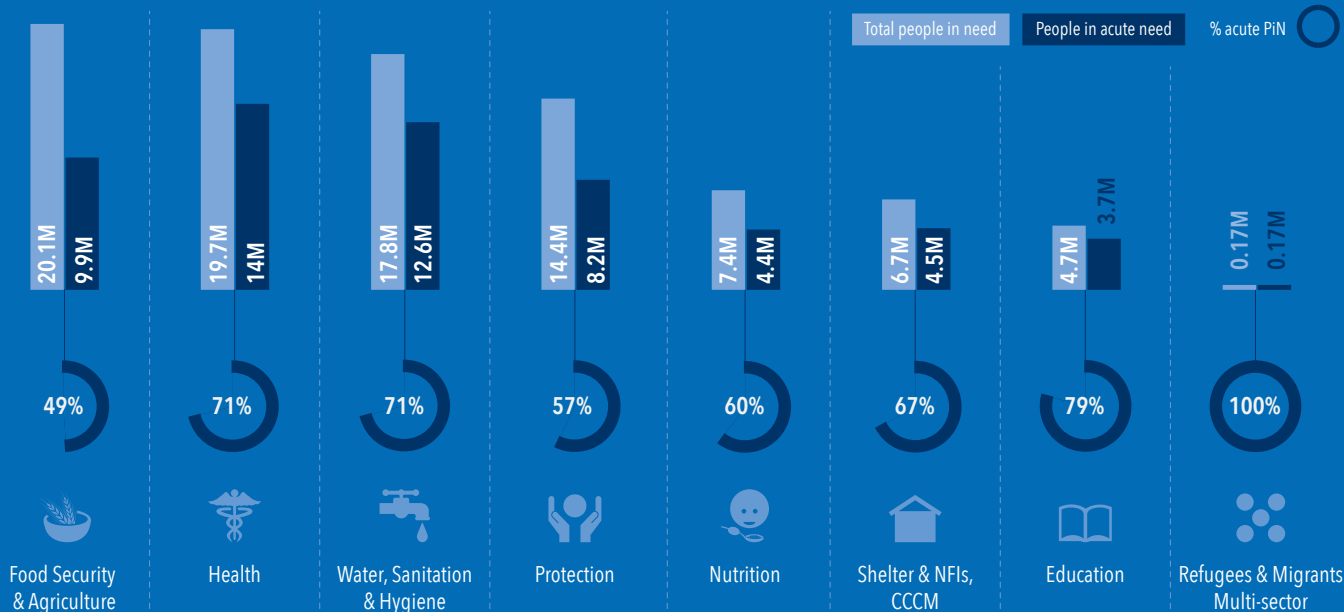
Source: WHO, December 2018

Priority of cholera districts in acute need



Source: WHO, 25 November 2018

NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN NEED BY SECTOR



NEEDS OVERVIEW BY SECTOR

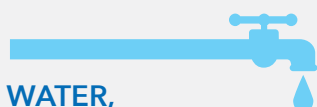


FOOD SECURITY & AGRICULTURE

20M Yemenis are food insecure

9.6M are one step away from famine (IPC Phase 4 emergency)

238,000 individuals are facing catastrophic levels of hunger (IPC Phase 5 catastrophe)



WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE

167 districts are in acute need of sanitation support

in 197 districts, **over 55%** of the population has no access to an improved water source



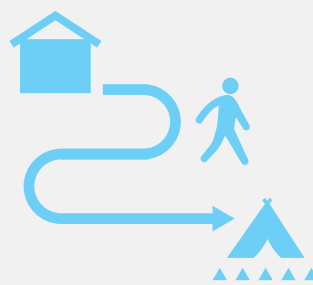
HEALTH

49% of health facilities are not functioning or only partially functioning

NUTRITION

7.4M people require services to treat or prevent malnutrition, including **4.4M** who are in acute need.

3.2M people who require treatment for acute malnutrition: **2M** children under 5 and **1.14M** pregnant and lactating women (PLW).



SHELTER & NFI/CCCM

Rising needs as the number of IDPs increased by **65%** to **3.3M** people in 2018.

The most vulnerable people are roughly **300,000** IDPs living in **1,228** IDP hosting sites across the country.

77% of hosting sites have no site management structure; **83%** do not have access to health services; **39%** report water access problems; and **43%** have no access to toilets.



PROTECTION

More than **17,700** civilian casualties have been injured or killed since September 2015

51% increase in verified cases of killing and maiming of children in 2018



EDUCATION

2M children out of school.

An estimated **2000** schools are damaged or occupied by IDPs or armed groups