The Strategic Partnership Cooperation Framework (SPCF) 2017-2021 is the fourth strategic medium-term cooperation framework for Eritrea. It outlines the collective vision and shared response of United Nations agencies in Eritrea to the National Indicative Development Plan (NIDP) 2014-2018 and responds directly to the goals of the National Charter of the People’s Front for Democracy and Justice (PFDJ) to advance Eritrea’s sustainable development agenda and to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Below are the requirements and funding of the SPCF 2017 - 2021, as of 31 December 2019.

**Estimated indicative resources required & funded (million US$)**

**Pillar 1**
Basic social services
- Required: 55.5
- Funded: 31.0
- Unmet: 24.5

**Pillar 2**
Environmental sustainability, resilience & DRM
- Required: 88.9
- Funded: 55.5
- Unmet: 33.4

**Pillar 3**
Public sector capacity development
- Required: 23.3
- Funded: 15.7
- Unmet: 7.6

**Pillar 4**
Inclusive growth, food security & sust. livelihoods.
- Required: 120.6
- Funded: 90.9
- Unmet: 29.7

**Pillar 5**
Capacity Development
- Required: 23.3
- Funded: 15.5
- Unmet: 7.8

**Pillar 6**
Food Security & Livelihoods
- Required: 27.5
- Funded: 27.5

**Pillar 7**
Gender & Youth Empowerment
- Required: 50.4
- Funded: 5.0

**Pillar 8**
Social Protection
- Required: 7.7
- Funded: 3.6

**Outcomes**

1. Health and Nutrition: By 2021, children under five, youth, women and other vulnerable groups including refugees, have improved access to and utilization of quality, integrated health and nutrition services for the achievement of universal health coverage (UHC) to safeguard healthy lives and promote well-being for all.

2. Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH): By 2021, all people, including refugees, benefit from available and sustainable water, sanitation and hygiene services.

3. Basic Education: By 2021, children in vulnerable communities, including refugees, have increased access to inclusive, equitable and quality early learning and basic education.

4. Environment, Resilience and DRM: By 2021, environmental and natural resources management is gender responsive and sustainable, negating the impacts of ecosystem degradation, climate change, and strengthening community resilience to disaster.

5. Capacity Development: By 2021, the population, including vulnerable groups, benefits from evidence-based planning and policy; accountable public institutions and systems that ensure human rights and equitable public service delivery.

6. Food Security and Livelihoods: By 2021, smallholder households have improved access to, and utilization of quality food and enhanced livelihood opportunities.

7. Gender and Youth Empowerment: By 2021, women, men, children and youth, including vulnerable groups and refugees, have improved gender equitable opportunities to participate in economic, political, cultural and social development.

8. Social Protection: By 2021, vulnerable children, adolescents, young people with special needs, including refugees, are better protected and have the capacity to participate fully in economic, social and political development.