In Somalia, the situation is deteriorating with famine declared in six regions and threatening to expand throughout the south. Rates of malnutrition and mortality are increasing, and communicable diseases continue to spread.

Analysis of the crisis: Factors and effects

The complete failure of the last two rainy seasons (Oct.-Dec 2010 and Apr.-Jun 2011) have resulted in:

- The worst annual crop production in 17 years
- Reduction of labor demand
- Below-average livestock prices & high mortality
- Adverse effects: Limitations on humanitarian access aggravate the effects
  - Food insecurity & malnutrition
  - Reduced income & household purchasing power
  - Increase of cereal prices
  - Lack of access to health care
  - Large-scale displacement

Funding status: 2011 Horn of Africa Drought

US$2.5 billion is required
US$1.6 billion has been funded (as of 9 Sep 2011)
63% funded