

# Philippines

## Typhoon Haiyan

Humanitarian Situation Report #25 – 12 September 2014



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**5.9 million**

Children affected out of  
14.1 million people affected  
(OCHA, 28 January 2014)

**1.7 million**

Children displaced out of  
4.1 million displaced people  
(OCHA, 28 January 2014)

**\$119 million**

UNICEF Haiyan appeal  
Philippines 2014

### Highlights

- UNICEF and partners continue to provide life-saving and recovery assistance for children affected by Typhoon Haiyan.
- UNICEF and the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) launched an extended unconditional cash transfer (UCT) programme targeting 5,801 households in the most affected municipalities in Eastern Samar. Each household will receive around US\$ 100 per month on top of the regular cash grants provided by the DSWD to poor households.

**Thank you to our donors** UNICEF's humanitarian response and early recovery needs for children affected by Typhoon Haiyan are fully funded to November 2014. US\$11 million in additional funding is required for victims of conflict in Mindanao, including Zamboanga.

### UNICEF and partners response to date



Learning materials and supplies for over 575,000 pre-school and school-aged children (3 to 17 years) have been provided by UNICEF. 213,200 children have access to Temporary Learning Spaces (TLSs) across the Visayas.



83,200 children have been vaccinated against measles and more than 13,000 children under one in the targeted areas have been fully-immunized through the routine vaccination programme. Equipment and training have helped to re-establish the cold chain in 91 affected areas.



40,000 children have accessed psychological support at Child Friendly Spaces (CFSs) and UNICEF continues to work closely with the Government to build services for birth registration and family reunification.



More than 1.25 million people have been provided with safe access to clean water, around 310,000 with access to appropriately designed toilets and more than 504,000 children were provided with school hygiene kits. 44 villages (barangays) have been declared to have zero open defecation (ZOD), changing behaviors with the construction and use of household latrines.

# Typhoon Haiyan

## Situation overview & humanitarian needs

According to OCHA, 14.1 million people have been affected by Typhoon Haiyan. 4.1 million people, including 1.7 million children, were displaced. The devastation occurred in some of the Philippines' poorest regions and communities where prior to the Typhoon more than 40% of children lived in poverty.

On 15 July, category 3 Typhoon Rammason (Glenda) made landfall in the Philippines. Typhoon Haiyan affected areas were not heavily affected. UNICEF and partners continue to work with the National Government and Local Governments and communities to improve disaster risk

Estimated Affected Population: Based on OCHA figures reported on 13 Jan. 2013			
	Total	Female	Male
Total Affected Population	14,100,000	7,191,000	6,909,000
Children Affected (Under 18)	5,922,000	3,020,220	2,901,780
Children Under Five Affected	1,903,500	970,785	932,715
Children under 1 year of age affected	380,700	194,157	186,543
Pregnant and lactating women	916,500		
Total Displaced Population	4,100,000	2,091,000	2,009,000
Children Displaced (Under 18)	1,722,000	878,220	843,780

reduction (DRR).

## Humanitarian leadership and coordination

In July, the Government transitioned from humanitarian cluster structure to the recovery and rehabilitation phase through the Government's new cluster framework. This reflected the Government's assessment that humanitarian demands have largely been responded to and the work remaining requires a longer term approach. The work of formerly UNICEF-led clusters (Education, Nutrition and WASH) falls within the Government's Social Services Cluster led by the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD). UNICEF and other UN agencies are now working directly with relevant government departments in place of humanitarian clusters. The parameters of UNICEF's Strategic Response Plan remain aligned with government plans to restore the economic and social conditions of affected areas to their pre-typhoon levels (as a minimum) and to a higher level of disaster resilience. The Office of the Presidential Assistant for Rehabilitation and Recovery (OPARR) has started monitoring development activities in Region VIII. UNICEF continues its support for sector coordination providing technical assistance to the Government as required at national and sub-national levels.

## Humanitarian strategy

UNICEF has established a main office in Tacloban with a smaller office in Roxas. These field offices provide technical programme support, coordination and information management capacity at decentralized levels across UNICEF's core programme areas. UNICEF is targeting 40 Local Government Units (LGU) with a population of 1.34 million, of which 558,000 are children. UNICEF prioritised these municipalities through analysis of those most severely affected. UNICEF is expanding its support to LGUs to include direct cash transfers of around \$160,000 to each of the 40 LGUs. UNICEF has worked closely with the LGUs to plan and budget the use of these funds which represent an important capacity building and local ownership component in the recovery effort.

## UNICEF actions to date

### Education

UNICEF and partners continue to promote childrens 'back to learning' in schools and day care centres by working to improve the facilities available and communicating the benefits and importance of education. UNICEF and its partners directly reached over 129,000 children with education promotion activities and over 28,000 community members have been mobilized to support children returning to school and orientated on disaster risk reduction (DRR). Radio spots and programming in local languages allowed UNICEF and partners to reach a wider audience and back to learning activities posted on Facebook and Twitter pages reached an online audience of 281,047 people.

Since Haiyan, 575,074 pre-school and school-aged children (3 to 17 years) have benefited from the distribution of learning materials and supplies to schools. Teachers have received 7,894 teachers' kits and over 24,227 chairs and tables, 165,850 learning materials, 1,225 bookcases with library sets, and 1,602 black boards distributed to schools in Regions VI and VIII. 213,200 children can access education at the 2,132 Temporary Learning Spaces (TLSs) that have been supported by UNICEF. Over 1,443 makeshift solutions and repairs for classrooms are already completed, certification pending. 2,633 education personnel have been trained on education in emergencies (EiE) and DRR.

### Health

UNICEF and partners continue working together to restore primary health care services across affected areas with a focus on vaccination, mother and newborn care, and adolescent health. 13,888 children aged less than one year in the targeted areas have been fully-immunized through the routine vaccination programmes and the vaccination cold chain has been re-established in 91 affected LGUs. UNICEF is providing vaccines, resilient cold chain equipment (cold rooms, refrigerators, generators, cold boxes, vaccine carriers and fridge thermometers), vaccine management training, monitoring and supervision, and information, education and communication (IEC) materials. The UNICEF health team and local partners have been busy supporting the upcoming National Mass Immunization campaign against measles, rubella, and polio in September targeting 13 million children.

Interagency emergency health kits (IEHK) for up to 600,000 people have been provided, including supplies specific to mothers and newborns. This is supported by capacity building on essential health care for birthing mothers and their babies. 120 health personnel have been trained as trainers and 76 as service providers. UNICEF is also partnering with government agencies and other NGOs to address health concerns for adolescents with a focus on sexual and reproductive health.

### Nutrition

79,283 caregivers of children aged 0-23 months have been given appropriate infant and young child feeding (IYCF) counselling. 2,600 health and nutrition service providers have been trained to provide IYCF counselling. 468,910 children aged 6 to 59 months have been screened for malnutrition and 948 children with severe acute malnutrition (SAM) have been admitted to therapeutic care, of which 411 have been discharged recovered. 6,030 pregnant women received a total of 180 tablets of iron and folic acid supplementation, administered once a day.

July was 'Nutrition Month'. UNICEF distributed 50,000 information, education and communication (IEC) materials including breastfeeding advocacy tarps and banners, IYCF counselling cards, flipcharts, training manuals and monitoring guidelines.

### Child Protection

40,060 children have accessed psychosocial support at 153 Child Friendly Spaces (CFSs) provided by UNICEF. 8,779 caregivers have also accessed psychosocial support activities. Community use of CFSs appears strong with monitoring of CFSs in 10 districts in Eastern Samar finding that around 80% of children were registered at a CFS. National guidelines on the implementation of CFSs, which are supported by UNICEF, have now been released by the Government. 1,166 day care workers, municipal social workers, police and other community members have received

training session on proper management of CFSs, gender based violence, anti-trafficking, anti-child labour and other child protection issues.

UNICEF is working with the Government, communities and partners to strengthen child protection systems to identify unaccompanied and separated children and assist vulnerable children. UNICEF has funded positions for 10 social workers and 20 social work assistants in targeted Yolanda affected municipalities. Working through local NGO IDEALS, UNICEF has committed to replace 100,000 birth certificates using mobile outreach services to reach poor women and children from most affected Yolanda areas.

## **WASH**

1,257,414 people affected by Typhoon Haiyan have safe access to clean water thanks to water kits, water treatment products, bladders and home storage containers provided by UNICEF as well as rehabilitated water schemes. UNICEF has supported 310,017 people to gain access to sustainable sanitation including through the provision of toilet slabs and portable toilets. Support to around 600 schools is ongoing to rehabilitate WASH infrastructure. In addition 504,209 children have been provided with school hygiene kits since the beginning of the emergency.

As part of early recovery, UNICEF is working with the Government and other partners implementing the Philippines Approach to Total Sanitation (PhATS). 41 villages (barangays) have been declared to have 'zero open defecation' (ZOD). These communities have successfully changed their practices to using toilets and appropriately managing solid waste preventing the contamination of household water supplies which can spread disease.

## **Unconditional cash transfer**

10,000 households have received the sixth unconditional cash transfers of US\$ 100 per month. The additional 5,801 households received their second of six cash transfers. These grants covers families' most basic needs in the most affected areas and those generally underserved by the humanitarian response. Reflecting the very low incomes of these households around 50% is typically spent on food, improving the nutrition of children. Other major uses of the funds are for shelter, healthcare, education. Additionally, households are able to invest in small scale livelihood opportunities, sustainably improving household incomes and conditions for children.

Building on the success of these programmes, a further extension targeting 10,000 households for 6 months in Leyte is expected to commence in the coming months. This will be a conditional cash transfer plus technical support with the objective of building livelihoods. These programmes are conducted in close cooperation with the DSWD.

## **Disaster risk reduction**

Disaster risk reduction (DRR) is an integral component of UNICEF's early recovery interventions. UNICEF is working with the Government's Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Offices (DRRMOs) across the affected area to build their capacity on risk-informed programming and child-centred disaster risk reduction. Of the 157 government staff who completed GIS training, 137 went on to participate in the on-the-job Geographic Information System (GIS) training, while 61 government staff from Region VI completed the training of trainers on child-centred DRR. On 11-12 August, 74 youth leaders participated in a workshop on strengthening youth participation in DRR management. This was co-organized with the National Youth Commission in celebration of the International Youth Day.

## HUMANITARIAN PERFORMANCE MONITORING – Typhoon Haiyan Response

	Cluster target	Cluster result	UNICEF target	UNICEF result
<b>Education</b>				
Children 3-17 years provided with learning materials and supplies	550,000	608,274	500,000	575,074
Children accessing temporary learning spaces	500,000	467,500	300,000	213,200
Temporary learning spaces established	5,000	4,675	3,000	2,132
Education service providers trained on at least one emergency-related topic	10,000	4,023	10,000	2,633
<b>Health</b>				
Children 6-59 months vaccinated for measles			1,100,000	83,239
Children under 1 year receive routine Expanded Programme on Immunization (priority areas)			29,000	13,888
Local Government Units with restored/improved cold chain			179	91
<b>Nutrition</b>				
Caregivers of children under 2 years with access to infant and young child feeding counselling	167,401*	81,646	168,300*	79,283
Pregnant women provided with iron tablets	30,000	6,030**	30,000	6,030**
<b>Child Protection</b>				
Children with safe access to child friendly spaces and psycho-social support activities	115,500	72,243	75,000	40,060
Caregivers accessing psycho-social support	45,000	- 8,779	45,000	8,779
<b>WASH</b>				
People with access to safe water	1,500,000	1,755,579	1,250,000	1,257,414***
People with access to appropriate toilets	650,000	349,976	600,000	310,017
Children provided with school hygiene kits	500,000	504,209	500,000	504,209
<b>Cash Transfers</b>				
Cash transfers to households			94,806****	71,602

**Note:** Cluster targets are based on the December 2013 Strategic Response Plan but may be periodically revised as needs change. Results are based on UNICEF partner reporting and/or estimated based on supplies provided and international standards.

\* Cluster target revised down from 250,000 and UNICEF target revised down from 210,000 following review of the Strategic Response Plan and SMART survey results indicating a reduction in the rate of Global Acute Malnutrition Rate from 7% to 4%.

\*\* Distribution is ongoing, delays in data collection reflect the need to strengthen partner reporting systems.

\*\*\* Previously reported 1,351,016 due to double counting. Correct figure for July was 1,245,940.

\*\*\*\* Between January and August 2014, 10,000 families received \$600 in 6 x \$100 payments. An extension for 5,801 families is ongoing, second payment of \$100 already delivered. An estimated 79,000 people have benefited from cash transfers since January.

### Supply and Logistics

UNICEF has provided emergency relief supplies valued at around \$55 million to respond to the combined needs for Typhoon Haiyan, the Bohol earthquake, and the Mindanao and Zamboanga conflicts. Recently, US\$ 1.3 million of cold chain equipment has been supplied to support the mass immunisation campaign in September. Additionally, UNICEF is supporting procurement services for the Department of Health focused on vaccines. As local supply catches up to demand, more than one third of supplies are directly procured within the Philippines, with the remainder sourced globally, from UNICEF's Supply Division in Copenhagen and regional supply hubs in China and Indonesia.

## Humanitarian needs in the Philippines

### Mindanao conflict

UNICEF continues to work to assist children, who are the innocent victims of violence and instability caused by recurrent conflict in Mindanao. In 2014, there have been 10 reported incidents of attacks on schools, affecting over 3,500 school children, and three additional reported incidents of classes suspended due to fighting. As the chair of the Country Task Force for Monitoring and Reporting (CTFMR) of Grave Child Rights Violations (GCRV), UNICEF ensures monitoring and follow-up to these incidents, enabling children to return to school. The Autonomous Region of Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) also has the highest level of stunting, caused by chronic malnutrition, and the lowest indicators for WASH in the Philippines.

13,011 students have benefitted from learning kits and supplies distributed to schools affected by conflict and weather damage. Assistance for minor repairs reached 25 schools and day care centres. Training on EiE and DRR increased the capacity of 309 teachers and day care workers. UNICEF has provided sensitization on hygienic practices to 21,461 people, assisted 751 families to construct latrines and provided 616 families with improved water facilities. 8,016 children under 5 years and 4,082 pregnant and lactating women have been screened for malnutrition. 119 children suffering SAM are receiving treatment and 2,896 mothers and caregivers have been counselled on infant and young child feeding practices. 592 government health workers have been trained on Community-based Management of Acute Malnutrition.

**UNICEF  
Mindanao  
Appeal**

**\$7.7 million**

**29% funded**

### Zamboanga conflict

On 9 September 2013, heavy fighting in the southern Zamboanga peninsula killed at least 140 people and caused the displacement of over 63,000 people. 10,000 homes were completely destroyed, four schools with 9,269 students were displaced while at least 25 schools were used as evacuation centres. Two schools in Zamboanga City continue to serve as evacuation centres. UNICEF has provided materials for safe water collection, treatment and storage for 25,995 people and latrines for 14,500 people. 1,800 children have been provided with access to psycho-social support at 12 CFSs. 24,904 children 3 to 17 years of age have been provided with learning materials and supplies. 20 TLSs have been set up for the conduct of psychosocial support and emergency education services provided for at least 10,000 school children. 549 children suffering SAM have been admitted to therapeutic feeding programmes. 60,280 children have received Vitamin A supplementation and 62,223 have been dewormed. 343 pregnant and lactating women have been provided with iron and folic acid supplementation.

**UNICEF  
Zamboanga  
Appeal**

**\$5.7 million**

**50% funded**

### Bohol earthquake

On 15 October 2013, an earthquake measuring 7.2 on the Richter scale hit Bohol killing 223 people and displacing 350,000. All evacuation centres have now been closed and families are housed in 885 transition shelters. UNICEF is working with the Government and partners to implement the revised Bohol Earthquake Action Plan (BEAP) to provide WASH, education and nutrition responses. Together with implementing partners, UNICEF's WASH response has restored water supply for 124,829 people and 55,743 have access to latrines. 48,670 school children have received hygiene kits. 5,106 children in day care centres and 37,243 school children have received learning materials and school supplies. An estimated 4,408 children have access to TLSs. 3,793 children have accessed psychological support in eight CFSs. Local child protection systems were strengthened in 13 communities with 95 training sessions conducted on child rights and referral mechanisms. Out of the 24,322 children under 5 years screened, 170 children with SAM and 967 children with MAM have been identified and received treatment. Around 12,724 pregnant and lactating women were provided with counselling and support on optimal infant and young child feeding practices. 24,149 children received Vitamin A while 1,869 pregnant women received Iron-folate supplements.

**UNICEF Bohol  
Appeal**

**\$6 million**

**33% funded**

(this appeal is closed  
and no further funds  
are sought)

## Funding

Thanks to the generosity of donors, UNICEF's response to the humanitarian and early recovery needs for children affected by Typhoon Haiyan is now fully funded in line with the Philippines Typhoon Haiyan Strategic Response Plan November 2014. A total of \$156 million has been received for the UNICEF Haiyan response, exceeding our appeal of \$119 million (out of the total inter-agency appeal for US\$791 million) for the Typhoon Haiyan/Yolanda response. Around \$125 million is planned for implementation by the end of 2014 with the remaining \$31 million to be spent in 2015.

\$8.4 million in additional funding is still required for the UNICEF responses to conflict in Mindanao, including the Zamboanga response. No further funding is being sought for the response in Bohol.

Fund Requirements by Sector	Mindanao Conflict	Zamboanga Conflict	Bohol Earthquake	Typhoon Haiyan	Total
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	4,423,740	3,000,000	7,800,000	45,000,000	60,223,740
Child Protection	925,263	700,000	500,000	15,000,000	17,125,263
Nutrition	1,159,932	500,000	2,000,000	10,000,000	13,659,932
Health	110,000			19,000,569	19,110,569
Education	1,130,490	1,500,000	1,879,822	30,000,000	34,510,312
<b>Total Funding Required</b>	<b>\$7,749,425</b>	<b>\$5,700,000</b>	<b>\$12,179,822</b>	<b>\$119,000,569</b>	<b>\$144,629,816</b>
<b>Funds Received for 2013-2014</b>	<b>\$2,241,000</b>	<b>\$2,847,007</b>	<b>\$4,054,304</b>	<b>\$124,946,959</b>	<b>\$134,089,270</b>
<b>% Funded</b>	<b>29%</b>	<b>50%</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>105%</b>	<b>93%</b>

Notes: For Haiyan, we have received a total of \$156 million. \$125 million is planned for 2013-14 implementation while the balance of \$31m has been re-phased for 2015.

**UNICEF Philippines Humanitarian Action for Children Appeal:** <http://www.unicef.org/appeals/philippines.html>

**UNICEF Philippines CO:** <http://www.unicef.ph/>

**UNICEF Philippines Facebook:** <https://www.facebook.com/unicefphilippines>

**Reporting period for the July Situation Report: 30 July – 29 August 2014**

**Next Situation Report: 15 October 2014**

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